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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2009

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2008

Commission File No. 0-20570

IAC/INTERACTIVE CORP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

59-2712887
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

555 West 18th Street, New York, New York
(Address of Registrant's principal executive
offices)

10011
(Zip Code)

(212) 314-7300
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Name of exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, par value \$0.001	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Nasdaq Select Global Market)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of January 30, 2009, the following shares of the Registrant's Common Stock were outstanding:

Common Stock	128,147,467
Class B Common Stock	12,799,999
Total	<u>140,947,466</u>

The aggregate market value of the voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant as of June 30, 2008 was \$3,601,156,029. For the purpose of the foregoing calculation only, all directors and executive officers of the Registrant are assumed to be affiliates of the Registrant.

Documents Incorporated By Reference:

Portions of the Registrant's proxy statement for its 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference into Part III herein.

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PART I

Item 1. Business

OVERVIEW

Who We Are

IAC operates leading and diversified internet businesses in the United States and various jurisdictions abroad... our mission is to harness the power of interactivity to make daily life easier and more productive for people all over the world. The results of operations of IAC's various businesses are reported within the following segments: Media & Advertising, Match, ServiceMagic and Emerging Businesses.

For information regarding the results of operations of our reporting segments, as well as their respective contributions to IAC's consolidated results of operations, see "Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" beginning on page 24 and "Item 8—Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" beginning on page 50.

Unless otherwise indicated, all references to "IAC," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us" in this report are to IAC/InterActiveCorp.

History

Since its inception, IAC has transformed itself from a hybrid media/electronic retailing company into an interactive commerce company. IAC was incorporated in July 1986 in Delaware under the name Silver King Broadcasting Company, Inc., as a subsidiary of Home Shopping Network, Inc. On December 28, 1992, Home Shopping Network distributed the capital stock of Silver King to its stockholders. In December 1996, the Company completed mergers with Savoy Pictures Entertainment, Inc. and Home Shopping Network, with Savoy and Home Shopping Network becoming subsidiaries of Silver King. In connection with these mergers, the Company changed its name to HSN, Inc.

The Company acquired a controlling interest in Ticketmaster Group, Inc. in 1997 and the remaining interest in 1998. In 1998, upon the purchase of USA Networks and Studios USA from Universal Studios, Inc., the Company was renamed USA Networks, Inc. From 1999 through 2001, the Company acquired Hotel Reservations Network (later renamed Hotels.com), Match.com and other smaller e-commerce companies. In 2001, the Company sold USA Broadcasting to Univision Communications, Inc.

In February 2002, the Company acquired a controlling stake in Expedia.com. In May 2002, after contributing its entertainment assets to Vivendi Universal Entertainment LLLP, or VUE, a joint venture then controlled by Vivendi, the Company changed its name to USA Interactive. In September 2002, the Company acquired Interval International. In 2003, the Company acquired the minority interests in its former public subsidiaries, Expedia.com, Hotels.com and Ticketmaster, and acquired a number of other companies, including Entertainment Publications, Inc. ("EPI"), LendingTree and Hotwire. The Company changed its name to InterActiveCorp in June 2003 and to IAC/InterActiveCorp in July 2004.

On August 9, 2005, IAC completed the separation of its travel and travel-related businesses and investments into an independent public company. In this report, we refer to this transaction as the "Expedia spin-off" and to the company that holds the travel and travel-related businesses formerly held by IAC as "Expedia". Immediately prior to the Expedia spin-off, IAC effected a one-for-two reverse stock split. IAC also completed the following transactions in 2005: the acquisition of IAC Search & Media (formerly known as Ask Jeeves, Inc.), the results of operations of which are now reported within our Media & Advertising segment (July 2005), a transaction with NBC Universal in which IAC sold its common and preferred interests in VUE (June 2005) and the acquisition of Cornerstone Brands, Inc. ("Cornerstone Brands") (April 2005).

In November 2006, IAC sold PRC, LLC, its Teleservices subsidiary. In June 2007, the Company sold its German TV and internet retailer, HSE Germany. In June 2008, the Company sold EPI and on

August 20, 2008, IAC completed its previously announced plan to separate into five publicly traded companies:

- IAC, which includes:
 - the businesses comprising its Media & Advertising segment;
 - the Match and ServiceMagic segments;
 - the businesses comprising its Emerging Businesses segment, including Shoebuy and ReserveAmerica, which were previously included in the former Retailing and Ticketmaster segments, respectively;
 - and certain investments in unconsolidated affiliates.
- HSN, Inc. ("HSNi"), which then included HSN TV, *HSN.com* and the Cornerstone Brands portfolio of catalogs, websites and retail locations;
- Interval Leisure Group, Inc. ("ILG"), which then included the businesses that comprised the former Interval segment;
- Ticketmaster, which then included Ticketmaster's primary domestic and international operations, as well as certain investments in unconsolidated affiliates; and
- Tree.com, Inc. ("Tree.com"), which then included the businesses that comprised the former Lending and Real Estate segments.

We refer to this transaction as the "Spin-Off". Immediately following the Spin-Off, IAC effected a one-for-two reverse stock split.

For additional information concerning certain of these transactions, see "Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Item 8—Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data—Note 16".

EQUITY OWNERSHIP AND VOTING CONTROL

As of January 30, 2009, Liberty Media Corporation, through its subsidiaries, owned approximately 19.7% of IAC's outstanding common stock and 100% of IAC's outstanding Class B common stock. Assuming conversion of all of the outstanding shares of Class B common stock to common stock, as of January 30, 2009, Liberty would have owned approximately 27.0% of IAC's outstanding common stock.

Subject to the terms of an amended and restated stockholders agreement, dated as of August 9, 2005, between Liberty and Mr. Diller, Mr. Diller has an irrevocable proxy to vote shares of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock held by Liberty. Accordingly, Mr. Diller is effectively able to control the outcome of all matters submitted to a vote or for the consent of IAC's stockholders (other than with respect to the election by the holders of IAC common stock of 25% of the members of IAC's Board of Directors and matters as to which Delaware law requires a separate class vote). In addition, pursuant to an amended and restated governance agreement, dated as of August 9, 2005, among IAC, Liberty and Mr. Diller, each of Mr. Diller and Liberty generally has the right to consent to limited matters in the event that IAC's ratio of total debt to EBITDA (as defined in the amended and restated governance agreement) equals or exceeds four to one over a continuous 12-month period.

As of January 30, 2009, Mr. Diller (through his own holdings and holdings of Liberty over which Mr. Diller has voting control pursuant to the amended and restated stockholders agreement) controlled approximately 64.8% of the outstanding total voting power of IAC. As of January 30, 2009, there were 128,147,467 shares of IAC common stock and 12,799,999 shares of IAC Class B common stock outstanding. Total voting power is based on one vote for each share of IAC common stock and ten votes for each share of Class B common stock.

DESCRIPTION OF IAC BUSINESSES

Media & Advertising

Our Media & Advertising segment consists primarily of our search business, which includes *Ask.com* and other destination search websites through which we provide search and related advertising services, and toolbars and applications through which we promote and distribute these services, Citysearch, a leading online local city guide, and Evite, an online social planning website.

Search Business

Overview. Search services generally involve the generation and display of a set of hyperlinks to websites, together with a brief summary of information regarding these websites, deemed relevant to search queries entered by users. We provide search services to users who visit our *Ask.com* and other destination search websites and portals directly, through toolbars that we distribute to users directly, through toolbars and search boxes that we distribute to users through third parties and through the syndication of our search results. Substantially all of the revenue of our search business and Media & Advertising are derived from the display of paid listings and other advertising in connection with the provision of search services.

Display of Paid Listings and Other Advertising. In addition to algorithmic search results, paid listings are also generally displayed in response to search queries. Paid listings are advertisements displayed on search results pages in response to search queries that contain advertiser-selected keywords. A paid listing is a short textual unit containing a link to the website of an advertiser that purchased the relevant keyword(s). The advertiser generally pays a fixed fee every time a user clicks on the paid listing.

A substantial majority of the paid listings we display are supplied to us by Google pursuant to a paid listing supply agreement with Google that expires on December 31, 2012. Pursuant to this agreement, we transmit search queries to Google, which in turn transmits a set of relevant and responsive paid listings back to us for display in search results. This ad-serving process occurs independently of, but concurrently with, the generation of algorithmic search results for the same search queries. Google paid listings are displayed separately from our algorithmic search results and are identified as "sponsored" listings on search results pages. To a lesser extent, we also syndicate Google paid listings through third parties with whom we enter into syndication agreements. See "Item 1A—Risk Factors—We depend upon arrangements with Google and any adverse changes in this relationship could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations."

We also sell paid listings directly to advertisers through Ask Sponsored Listings (ASL). Paid listings purchased through ASL are displayed on the approximately 100 online properties and services affiliated with ASL's distribution network, including IAC properties. Lastly, we also sell display advertising on our portals and other IAC properties through IAC Advertising Solutions.

Toolbars and Applications. Through Mindspark Interactive Network, Inc., we develop, market and distribute a variety of downloadable toolbars and applications through which users can access our search services, as well as creatively and visually express themselves and interact online, which we generally refer to as our *FunWebProducts* toolbars. Our toolbars, which we offer free of charge, generally consist of a search box that we power (in whole or in part), plus a suite of additional features. The search box enables users to run search queries directly from their web browser and through the suite of features, users can personalize their online activities and otherwise make them more expressive and fun. These features include, among other applications: *Smiley Central*, through which users can add emoticons to e-mails and instant messages, *Webfetti*, through which users can personalize their pages on various social networking websites and *Zwinky*, through which users can create avatars to express their persona on the web and design and update profile pages to share with friends. *Zwinky* also provides users with access to *Zwinktopia*, a virtual world where avatars created by users can interact through chat and other features, as well as purchase virtual items with virtual currency online.

Portals. We also operate the following portals, through which we provide search and additional services: *www.MyWay.com*, which is free from banner, pop-up and rich-media ads and through which we provide e-mail services, *www.Excite.com*, a content-rich portal that aggregates news, sports, weather and entertainment content and *www.iWon.com*, which offers an extensive variety of casual games and sweepstakes.

Revenues. Substantially all of the revenues of our search business and the Media & Advertising segment are derived from advertising, with the substantial majority of these revenues attributable to our paid listing supply agreement with Google. When a user submits a search query through our search services and clicks on a Google paid listing displayed in response to the query, Google bills the advertiser that purchased the paid listing directly and makes a related revenue share payment to us, which we either retain in its entirety or share with third parties. In some cases, Google does not charge advertisers unless our user, after clicking on the ad, also takes certain actions on the advertiser's website. To a lesser extent, we also generate revenues from the sale of paid listings directly to advertisers on a cost-per-click basis through ASL, as well as from the sale of display advertising on a fixed fee per impression basis through IAC Advertising Solutions.

Competition. We compete with a wide variety of parties in connection with our efforts to attract search engine users, distribute downloadable toolbars and applications, attract third parties to distribute our toolbars and search boxes and attract advertisers, including: Google, Yahoo!, MSN and other destination search websites and search-centric portals (some of which provide a broad range of content and services and/or link to various desktop applications), third party toolbar, convenience search and applications providers, other search technology and convenience service providers, social networks, online advertising networks and traditional media companies.

Moreover, some of our current and potential competitors have longer operating histories, greater brand recognition, larger customer bases, and/or significantly greater financial, technical, and marketing resources than we do. As a result, they have the ability to devote comparatively greater resources to the development and promotion of their products and services, which could result in greater market acceptance of their products and services relative to those offered by us.

We believe that our ability to compete successfully in the search business will depend primarily upon the following factors:

- the relevance and authority of our search results and other content; and
- the functionality of our various websites and the quality of related content and features, as well as the attractiveness of our services generally to consumers relative to those of our competitors.

In the case of relevance and authority of our search results, our current strategy is to deliver more relevant search results than our competitors to users within certain niche communities or with passionate interests in select vertical search categories through the customized tailoring of our search results. In the case of the functionality of our various websites and the quality of related content and features, we seek to differentiate ourselves from other search service providers through the following features:

- *Smart Answers*—for certain queries, such as for well-known persons, places or things, in addition to the display of algorithmic search results and paid listings, related substantive information is displayed at the top of the search results page;
- *Dedicated Search Channels*—in addition to traditional, general internet searches, users may conduct searches on separate channels dedicated to news, images, videos, maps, entertainment and other categories of activities and interests;
- *Related and Suggested Search*—users entering search queries are simultaneously presented with a list of suggested search queries and related search topics; and
- *Ask Eraser*—users who enter search queries on our *Ask.com* destination search websites may elect to activate this feature, which deletes from our servers search queries and related "cookie" and other information used to track internet activity.

Citysearch

Overview. Citysearch is a leading online local city guide that provides consumer users with local content on merchants and other arts and entertainment categories for cities in the U.S., including original and/or locally-produced information about a given city's arts and entertainment events, bars and restaurants, recreational and community activities and other businesses (such as shopping and professional services).

Merchants that advertise through Citysearch establish a profile page which contains customized content regarding their businesses, coupled with ratings and reviews posted by Citysearch users, Citysearch-generated editorial content and related features, such as links to maps and directions. We provide users with access to our online directory of profile pages and related merchant, user and editorial-content and features free of charge. To access this information online, users must first go to *Citysearch.com* directly and select a city and/or neighborhood, after which they can search for merchant information through keyword and category-specific queries or otherwise browse our website. This information may also be accessed online by way of clicking on links or ads appearing on search engine results pages or third party websites. After accessing a listing online, users can post a review and rating of the related business, as well as forward the information to a mobile device.

Merchant Advertising. We provide primarily local advertising services through several online advertising models. We sell the substantial majority of our advertising through our Pay-For-Performance model, pursuant to which merchants pay a fixed fee each time their Citysearch profile page is (and in some cases, links to additional merchant information displayed on this page are) viewed, related content appearing on third party websites is viewed or a user calls a metered number to reach their businesses. In addition to displaying Pay-For-Performance advertising on *Citysearch.com*, we have entered into distribution agreements with third parties to display our Pay-For-Performance advertising on a network of third party websites and to display advertising sold directly to advertisers by third parties on our website.

Marketing. We market our services to users primarily through search engines. We market our products and services to local merchants and other advertisers primarily through in-house and outside local sales forces in major metropolitan areas within the United States, as well as through our online self-enrollment model.

Revenues. Revenues are generated primarily through the sale of advertising, predominantly local, Pay-For-Performance advertising, directly to merchants. When Pay-for-Performance advertising is displayed on a third party website pursuant to a distribution agreement, we share the related revenues with the third party website. Revenues are also generated through (i) the sale by us of local merchant and national display advertising on a per impression and fixed fee basis and (ii) our display of advertising sold by third parties directly to advertisers, in connection with which we receive a revenue share.

Competition. The markets for local content, local services and local advertising are highly competitive and diverse. While we primarily compete with online and offline local and national directories, we currently face increasing competition from traditional media companies that are increasingly transitioning their local and national content online. We also compete with online and offline providers of local content, search engines and other site aggregation companies, as well as telecommunications and cable companies, internet service providers and niche competitors that focus on a specific category or geography and compete with specific content offerings that we provide.

Match

Overview

Through the brands and businesses within our Match segment, we are a leading provider of subscription-based online personals services in the United States and various jurisdictions abroad. We provide these services through leading websites that we own and operate in forty countries, fifteen languages and six continents, as well as through a network of affiliated websites in various jurisdictions in Europe, Asia, the United States and Latin America and our recently launched mobile application in the United States. As of December 31, 2008, we collectively provided online personals services to over 1.3 million subscribers. In February 2009, Match.com and Meetic, a leading European online dating company based in France, entered into an agreement for Meetic to acquire the European operations of *Match.com* in exchange for a 27% interest in Meetic and a €5 million note.

Products and Services

We primarily provide services through branded websites that we own and operate, including *Match.com*, *Chemistry.com*, *uDate.com*, *NetClub.com* and related brands. These websites, all of which provide single adults with a private and convenient environment for meeting other singles, generally provide online personal services to registered members and subscribers. Registered members (or those who establish a username and password) may post a profile on these websites, as well as use any related searching and matching tools free of charge. Subscribers (or those who establish a username and password and pay a subscription fee) may, in addition to these services, initiate, review or respond to e-mails from other subscribers.

Our subscription programs start with a single-month term, with discounts for longer term subscriptions, and primarily renew automatically unless terminated by subscribers. Subscribers in the United States may also access our services via mobile phone through our *matchMobile* application for an additional fee.

Marketing

We market our products and services through a wide variety of traditional offline and online marketing. Our online marketing activities consist primarily of the purchase of banner and other display advertising, targeted e-mail campaigns and, to a lesser extent, search engine marketing. Our offline marketing activities consist of a wide variety of traditional marketing and business development activities, including television, print, radio and outdoor advertising and related public relations efforts.

In addition, in an effort to further increase and diversify our subscriber base generally and target discrete segments of the single population in a cost-efficient manner, we enter into strategic alliances with third parties, the most significant of which is with MSN. Pursuant to these arrangements, we generally agree to use our proprietary *Match.com* technology platform to power, and third parties agree to advertise and promote, online personals services through third party and co-branded websites. Third parties earn a commission on each paid subscription sold into our *Match.com* service through their websites (in other words, when visitors from the third party web site subscribe to a *Match.com* website).

Some strategic alliances are exclusive and some, but not all, contain renewal provisions. We also utilize a network of online affiliates that refer subscribers to us for a fixed fee.

Revenues

Our revenues are derived from subscription fees for our online personals services and related products and online advertising.

Competition

The personals business is very competitive and highly fragmented in the United States and abroad and barriers to entry are minimal. We compete primarily with numerous online and offline broad-based personals, dating and matchmaking services (both free and paid), some of which operate nationwide and some of which operate locally, the personals sections of newspapers and magazines, other conventional media companies that provide personals services and traditional offline venues where singles meet. We also compete with numerous online and offline personals, dating and matchmaking services that cater to specific demographic groups, as well as internet portals, social networking websites and specialty-focused media companies that provide services online and offline in the various markets in which we provide services.

We believe that our ability to compete successfully will depend primarily upon the following factors:

- the size and diversity of our registered member and subscriber bases relative to those of our competitors;
- the functionality of our websites and the attractiveness of their features and our services generally to consumers relative to those of our competitors;
- how quickly we can enhance our existing technology and services and/or develop new features, products and services in response to:
 - new, emerging and rapidly changing technologies;
 - the introduction of product and service offerings by our competitors;
 - evolving industry standards; and
 - changes in consumer requirements and trends in the single community relative to our competitors; and
- our ability to engage in cost-effective marketing efforts, including by way of maintaining relationships with third parties with which we have entered into strategic alliances and other arrangements, and the recognition and strength of our various brands relative to those of our competitors.

ServiceMagic

Overview

ServiceMagic is a leading online marketplace that connects consumers, by way of various patented and patent-pending proprietary technologies, with home service professionals that are pre-screened and generally customer-rated. When consumers submit a home service request through the ServiceMagic marketplace, ServiceMagic generally matches them with up to four members from its network of home service professionals, which as of December 31, 2008, consisted of more than 56,000 home service professionals providing services in more than 500 categories, ranging from simple home repairs to complete home building and home remodeling projects.

Services

Through our *Market Match* service, we generally match consumers with up to four home service professionals from our network based upon service requests that specify the type of home services desired and the consumer's zip code. Home service professionals can elect to be matched directly with consumers through our patent-pending *Exact Match* service, pursuant to which we optimize the placement of our home service professional profiles in a wide range of marketing vehicles, including the results of local and other search engines and online and offline directories. Our *Exact Match* service provides a way for home service professionals to get broad exposure for their businesses without having to pay significant up-front fees, build and maintain their own destination websites or develop online marketing expertise. Consumers can also be matched to a home service professional by way of *1800Contractor.com*, an online directory of our network of home service professionals that we own and operate. Consumers that click on results from a search on this site are ultimately matched to a home service professional by way of our *Exact Match* service or, if a match cannot be made through this service, by way of our *Market Match* service.

In all cases, if a match is made through our services, consumers are under no obligation to work with the home service professional referred by ServiceMagic. In addition, if we are unable to match a consumer with a home service professional from our network, we may provide the consumer with contact information concerning home service professionals outside of our network.

In addition to our matching services, consumers may also access our online library of home services-related resources, which includes articles about home improvement, repair and maintenance and tools to assist consumers with the research, planning and management of their home services projects, and general advice for working with home service professionals.

Marketing

We market our services to consumers primarily through search engine marketing, as well as through affiliate agreements with third parties. Pursuant to these agreements, third parties agree to advertise and promote our services on their websites and we agree to pay them a fixed fee when visitors from their websites click through to our website (on a cost-per-click basis) or submit a valid service request through our website (on a cost-per-acquisition basis). We also market our services to consumers through the purchase of paid listings displayed in yellow page directories, portals and contextual home improvement related sites and, to a lesser extent, through traditional offline advertising and, in certain markets, a branded print directory of home service professionals. We market our services to home service professionals through our sales force, which obtains information concerning home service professionals through a variety of sources. We also promote online enrollment in our network through search engine marketing and affiliate relationships.

Revenues

Our revenues are generated from fees paid by members of our network of home service professionals for consumer leads (net of amounts paid to affiliates, where applicable), regardless of whether the home service professional that received the lead ultimately provides the requested service, as well as from one-time fees charged upon enrollment and activation of new home service professionals in our network, and, to a lesser extent, from online advertising. Lead fees vary based upon the home service requested, with fees for leads generated through our *Exact Match* service being greater than those for leads generated through our *Market Match* service.

Competition

We currently compete with other home service-related lead generation services, as well as with internet directories and local advertising, including radio, direct marketing campaigns, yellow pages,

newspapers and other offline directories. We also compete with local and national retailers of home improvement products that offer or promote installation services. We believe that our ability to compete successfully will depend primarily upon the following factors:

- the size, diversity and stability of our network of home service professionals and the quality of services provided by these professionals;
- our continued ability to deliver consumer leads that convert into revenues for our network of home service professionals in a cost-effective manner; and
- the functionality of our websites and the attractiveness of their features and our services generally to consumers and home service professionals, as well as our ability to introduce new products and services that resonate with consumers and home service professionals.

Emerging Businesses

Our Emerging Businesses segment currently consists primarily of Shoebuy and Pronto, as well as Gifts.com, Connected Ventures, InstantAction.com, VeryShortList.com, RushmoreDrive.com, Life123.com and The Daily Beast, among other early stage businesses that provide online content and/or services. Shoebuy, a leading internet retailer of footwear and related apparel and accessories, generally acts as an agent in connection with the purchase of merchandise through its various websites, passing purchases made by customers through its various websites on to the relevant vendors for fulfillment and shipping. Pronto owns and operates Pronto.com, a leading comparison search engine, through which consumers can search and compare prices for a wide range of merchandise offered by online retailers. In many instances, Pronto.com has entered into agreements with these merchants to prominently display their products in response to consumer searches. In exchange, these merchants agree to pay a fee when Pronto.com users click through to merchant websites.

Employees

As of December 31, 2008, IAC and its subsidiaries employed approximately 3,200 employees, most of which were full-time employees. IAC believes that it generally has good employee relationships, including relationships with employees represented by unions or other similar organizations.

Additional Information

Company Website and Public Filings. The Company maintains a website at www.iac.com. Neither the information on the Company's website, nor the information on the website of any IAC business, is incorporated by reference in this report, or in any other filings with, or in any information furnished or submitted to, the SEC.

The Company makes available, free of charge through its website, its Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K (including related amendments) as soon as reasonably practicable after they have been electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC.

Code of Ethics. The Company's code of ethics, which applies to all employees, including all executive officers and senior financial officers (including IAC's CFO and Controller), and directors, is posted on the Company's website at www.iac.com/newiaccodofethics.pdf. The code of ethics complies with Item 406 of SEC Regulation S-K and the rules of The Nasdaq Stock Market. Any changes to the code of ethics that affect the provisions required by Item 406 of Regulation S-K, and any waivers of the code of ethics for IAC's executive officers, directors or senior financial officers, will also be disclosed on IAC's website.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The use of words such as "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "projects," "intends," "plans" and "believes," among others, generally identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, among others, statements relating to: IAC's anticipated financial performance, IAC's business prospects and strategy, anticipated trends and prospects in the various industries in which IAC businesses operate, new products, services and related strategies and other similar matters. These forward looking statements are based on management's current expectations and assumptions about future events, which are inherently subject to uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict.

Actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward looking statements included in this report for a variety of reasons, including, among others, the risk factors set forth below. Other unknown or unpredictable factors that could also adversely affect IAC's business, financial condition and results of operations may arise from time to time. In light of these risks and uncertainties, the forward looking statements discussed in this report may not prove to be accurate. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which only reflect the views of IAC management as of the date of this report. IAC does not undertake to update these forward-looking statements.

Risk Factors

Mr. Diller currently controls IAC. If Mr. Diller ceases to control IAC, Liberty Media Corporation may effectively control IAC.

Subject to the terms of an amended and restated stockholders agreement between Mr. Diller and Liberty, Mr. Diller has an irrevocable proxy to vote shares of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock held by Liberty. Accordingly, Mr. Diller effectively controls the outcome of all matters submitted to a vote or for the consent of IAC stockholders (other than with respect to the election by the holders of IAC common stock of 25% of the members of IAC's Board of Directors and matters as to which Delaware law requires a separate class vote). Upon Mr. Diller's permanent departure from IAC, the irrevocable proxy terminates and, depending upon the capitalization of IAC at such time, Liberty may effectively control the voting power of the capital stock of IAC through its ownership of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock.

In addition, under an amended and restated governance agreement among IAC, Liberty and Mr. Diller, each of Mr. Diller and Liberty generally has the right to consent to limited matters in the event that IAC's ratio of total debt to EBITDA (as defined in the governance agreement) equals or exceeds 4:1 over a continuous 12-month period. While neither of Mr. Diller nor Liberty may currently exercise this right, no assurances can be given that this right will not be triggered in the future, and if so, that Mr. Diller and Liberty will consent to any of the limited matters at such time, in which case IAC would not be able to engage in transactions or take actions covered by this consent right.

As a result of Mr. Diller's ownership interests and voting power, and Liberty's ownership interests and voting power upon Mr. Diller's permanent departure from IAC, Mr. Diller is currently, and in the future Liberty may be, in a position to control or influence significant corporate actions, including without limitation, corporate transactions such as mergers, business combinations or dispositions of assets and determinations with respect to IAC's significant business direction and policies. This concentrated control could discourage others from initiating any potential merger, takeover or other change of control transaction that may otherwise be beneficial to IAC, which could adversely affect the market price of IAC securities.

We depend on our key personnel.

Our future success will depend upon the continued ability to identify, hire, develop, motivate and retain highly skilled individuals, with the continued contributions of senior management, particularly Barry Diller, the Chairman and CEO of IAC, being especially critical to our success. If Mr. Diller no longer serves in, or serves in some lesser capacity than, his current role, our business, financial condition and results of operations, as well as the market price of IAC securities, could be adversely affected. Competition for well qualified employees across IAC and its various businesses is intense, and our continued ability to compete effectively depends, in part, upon our ability to attract new employees. While we have established programs to attract new employees and provide incentives for and retain existing employees, particularly senior management, we cannot assure you that we will be able to attract new employees or retain the services of Mr. Diller, other members of senior management or any other key employees in the future. Mr. Diller does not have an employment agreement with IAC, though he owns approximately 4.3 million shares of IAC common stock, and holds unvested options to purchase approximately 1.8 million shares of IAC common stock, all of which vest in June 2010 and expire in June 2015.

We depend upon arrangements with Google and any adverse changes in this relationship could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

A substantial portion of our consolidated revenue is attributable to a paid listing supply agreement with Google that expires on December 31, 2012. Pursuant to this agreement, Google sells paid listings directly to advertisers, which we in turn display and syndicate in response to user search queries that contain keywords selected and purchased by advertisers through Google. In exchange for making our search traffic available to Google, we receive a share of the revenue generated by the paid listings supplied to us. The amount of revenue we receive from Google depends upon a number of factors outside of our control including the amount Google charges for advertisements and the efficiency of Google's system in attracting advertisers and serving up relevant ads in response to queries. In addition, our revenue will be impacted by the effectiveness (in terms of ultimately generating revenue for Google's advertisers) of clicks from users of our search services. If Google's performance were to deteriorate for any reason or if our traffic fails to generate revenue for Google's advertisers, revenues we receive from Google pursuant to the paid listing supply agreement would decrease, which would have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our paid listing supply agreement requires that we establish guidelines to govern certain activities of certain third parties to whom we syndicate paid listings, specifically, the manner in which these parties drive search traffic to their websites and display Google paid listings within search results. Noncompliance with these requirements could, if not cured, result in the imposition of additional restrictions on our ability to syndicate paid listings and would give Google the right to terminate the paid listing supply agreement. The termination of the paid listing supply agreement by Google or the failure of Google to perform its obligations under the agreement would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. If this were to occur, we may not be able to find another suitable alternate paid listings provider (or if so, the terms of the agreements and the quality of paid listings may be inferior relative to our arrangements with, and the paid listings supplied by, Google) or otherwise replace the lost revenues.

General economic events or trends that reduce advertising spending could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

A substantial portion of our consolidated revenue is attributable to advertising. Accordingly, we are particularly sensitive to events and trends that result in decreased advertising expenditures. Advertising expenditures have historically been cyclical in nature, reflecting overall economic conditions and budgeting and buying patterns, as well as levels of consumer confidence and discretionary spending.

Small and local businesses with which we do business are particularly sensitive to these events and trends, given that they are not as well situated to weather the current economic environment as their larger competitors, which are generally better capitalized and have greater access to credit. The continuing deterioration in economic conditions generally has caused, and we expect that it may continue to cause, decreases and/or delays in advertising expenditures and decreases in queries likely to generate revenue, one or both of which would reduce our revenues and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our success depends upon the continued growth and acceptance of online advertising, particularly paid listings, as an effective alternative to traditional, offline advertising and the continued commercial use of the internet.

Many advertisers still have limited experience with online advertising and may continue to devote significant portions of their advertising budgets to traditional offline advertising media. Accordingly, we continue to compete with traditional media, including television, radio and print, in addition to a multitude of websites with high levels of traffic, for a share of available advertising expenditures. We believe that the continued growth and acceptance of online advertising generally will depend, to a large extent, on its perceived effectiveness and the acceptance of related advertising models, the continued growth in commercial use of the internet (particularly abroad), the extent to which software programs that limit or prevent advertising from being displayed become commonplace and the extent to which the industry is able to effectively manage click fraud. Any lack of growth in the market for online advertising, particularly for paid listings, would have an adverse effect on our business, financial conditions and results of operations.

The failure to continue to drive and increase visitors to our various websites and convert these visitors into users and customers could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We engage in a variety of activities designed to attract traffic to our various websites and convert these visitors into repeat users and customers. How successful we are in these efforts depends, in part, upon our continued ability to enter into agreements with third parties to drive traffic to our various websites, as well as to develop and introduce new services and products that resonate with users and customers generally. We may not be able to adapt quickly and/or cost effectively to frequent changes in user and customer requirements, which can be difficult to predict. Any such failure to do so could adversely affect user and customer experiences and reduce traffic driven to our various websites, which would adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In the case of our search business, in an effort to increase traffic we have entered into, and expect to continue to enter into, agreements to distribute our toolbars and search boxes through third parties. These agreements are generally not exclusive, are for a short term, are terminable by either party given notice and may not be renewed upon expiration. Moreover, in the case of toolbars generally, even with third party agreements in place, we may not be able to maintain and continue to grow our active toolbar installed base. To do so we must continue to update existing and create new toolbars that resonate with users and we must effectively market and promote these toolbars.

Our inability to enter into new (or renew existing) agreements to distribute our toolbars and search boxes through third parties, maintain and grow our active toolbar base or otherwise develop new products and services in response to changing user and customer preferences would result in a decrease in traffic to our search websites, and in turn related decreases in queries and related advertising revenue, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Even if we succeed in driving traffic to our search websites, we may not be able to convert this traffic or otherwise retain users, which requires us to continue to improve the search experience for users through the improvement of search relevance and speed and the development of services

responsive to user needs and preferences. Our failure to do so could result in decreases in our user base and related queries and advertising revenue, which would have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In the case of our online personals business, we are currently a party to a number of strategic alliances with third parties, the most significant of which is with MSN. If these arrangements are not renewed upon their expiration and we fail to replace this traffic in a cost-effective manner or otherwise replace related revenue, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely effected. In addition, users of online personal services are fragmenting across the internet to websites that provide free online personal services, as well as social networking websites. If this fragmentation continues and increases, we may need to develop products and technologies with features that compliment or otherwise work with those offered through these websites, which could be costly, as well as enter into related strategic alliances in an effort to continue to drive and convert traffic to our websites.

In the case of our online home services businesses, our ability to drive traffic to our websites also depends, in part, on the nature and number of the home services professionals in our service provider network. While home service professionals are required to agree that they will operate in accordance with our terms and conditions, we do not enter into long term contracts with home service professionals. In addition, a significant number of our home service professionals are sole proprietorships and small businesses, which are particularly sensitive to economic downturns, constrained liquidity and decreases in consumer spending. As a result, our network of home service professionals may experience turnover from time to time, which if significant or recurring over a prolonged basis, could result in lower conversion rates, increased costs and an adverse impact on the quality of services ultimately provided generally, all of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

As discussed below, these traffic building and conversion initiatives also involve the expenditure of considerable sums for marketing, as well as for the development and introduction of new services, products and enhancements, infrastructure and other related efforts.

The failure to drive and increase visitors to our various websites in a cost-effective manner could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Traffic building and conversion initiatives involve considerable expenditures for online and offline advertising and marketing. We have made, and expect to continue to make, significant expenditures for search engine marketing (primarily in the form of the purchase of keywords) and traditional offline advertising in connection with these initiatives, which may not be successful or cost-effective. We generally also enter, and expect to continue to enter, into affiliate agreements with third parties in an effort to increase traffic and conversion. Affiliates generally promote our services on their websites and we pay a fixed fee when visitors to these websites click through to our websites. Affiliate agreements are generally not exclusive, are for a short term, are terminable by either party given notice and may not be renewed upon expiration. If the amount of traffic being driven to our websites through our affiliate arrangements, which are generally more cost effective than traditional marketing efforts, were to decrease significantly, sales and marketing costs as a percentage of revenue would increase over the long-term.

One of the most cost-effective efforts we employ to attract and acquire new, and retain existing, members and customers is commonly referred to as search engine optimization, or SEO. SEO involves developing websites to rank well in search engine results. Search engines frequently update and change the logic that determines the placement and display of results of user searches. The failure to successfully manage SEO efforts across our businesses, including the timely modification of SEO efforts from time to time in response to periodic changes in search engine algorithms, search query trends and related efforts by providers of search services designed to ensure the display of unique offerings in

search results, could result in a substantial decrease in traffic to our various websites, which would result in substantial decreases in conversion rates and repeat business, as well as increased costs if we were to replace free traffic with paid traffic, any or all of which would adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Our failure to respond successfully to the changes effected by providers of search services described above could also negatively affect the placement of paid listings that appear in response to keywords that we purchase, which would adversely affect our paid search engine marketing efforts and our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The failure to attract and acquire new, and retain existing, traffic, users and customers in a cost-effective manner could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may experience operational and financial risks in connection with acquisitions. In addition, some of the businesses we acquire may incur significant losses from operations or experience impairment of carrying value.

We have made numerous acquisitions in the past and our future growth may depend, in part, on acquisitions. We may experience operational and financial risks in connection with acquisitions. To the extent that we continue to grow through acquisitions, we will need to:

- successfully integrate the operations, as well as the accounting, financial controls, management information, technology, human resources and other administrative systems, of acquired businesses with our existing operations and systems;
- retain or hire senior management and other key personnel at acquired businesses; and
- successfully manage acquisition-related strain on the management, operations and financial resources of IAC and/or acquired businesses.

We may not be successful in addressing these challenges or any other problems encountered in connection with historical and future acquisitions. In addition, the anticipated benefits of one or more acquisitions may not be realized and future acquisitions could result in potentially dilutive issuances of equity securities and the assumption of contingent liabilities. Also, the value of goodwill and other intangible assets acquired could be impacted by one or more continuing unfavorable events and/or trends, which could result in significant impairment charges. The occurrence of any these events could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may not be able to adapt quickly enough to changing industry standards.

The e-commerce industry is characterized by evolving industry standards, coupled with frequent and related new service and product introductions and enhancements. The development of new service and product introductions and enhancements in response to evolving industry standards requires significant time and resources and we may not be able to adapt quickly enough and/or in a cost-effective manner to these changes and our failure to do so could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The continued widespread adoption of new internet or telecommunications technologies and devices or other technological changes could require us to modify or adapt our services or infrastructures and our failure to do so could render our existing websites, services and proprietary technologies obsolete, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. For example, the number of individuals who access the internet through devices other than a personal computer has increased dramatically. The lower resolution, functionality and memory associated with these devices could make the use of services we provide through these devices difficult and we have limited experience in operating alternative services for these devices, which may not be compelling to users. Furthermore, existing agreements across our business may need to be amended to cover the provision of our services through these technologies and devices, which the counterparties may be unwilling to do.

In addition, our failure to successfully modify our toolbars in a cost-effective manner in response to the introduction and adoption of new technologies and applications that adversely impact our ability to generate "search assistant" revenues could adversely effect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Once installed, our toolbars typically generate revenues by, among other things, acting as "search assistants" for users that receive "DNS," "404" and other errors in response to search queries, as well as users who conduct searches through the address bar of their web browsers. In the case of these search queries, our toolbars direct users to the desired website or offer a set of suggestions intended to satisfy the deemed intent of the original search queries. Recently, other providers of search services and third parties that drive traffic to their websites have introduced new technologies and applications that are either not compatible with (or otherwise interfere with) the search assistant function embedded within our toolbars.

We operate in certain international markets in which we have limited experience, and as a result, face additional risks. We may not be able to successfully expand into new, or further into existing, international markets.

We currently operate in a limited number of jurisdictions abroad and may continue to expand our international presence. In order for our products and services in these jurisdictions to achieve widespread acceptance, commercial use and acceptance of the internet must continue to grow, which growth may occur at slower rates than those experienced in the U.S. Moreover, we must continue to successfully tailor our services to the unique customs and cultures of these jurisdictions, which can be difficult and costly and the failure to do so could slow our international growth.

Operating abroad, where we have limited experience, exposes us to additional risks, including difficulties in managing operations due to distance, language and cultural differences, including issues associated with establishing management systems and infrastructures, staffing foreign operations and exchange rate fluctuations. Our success in international markets will also depend, in part, on our ability to identify potential acquisition candidates, joint venture or other partners, and to enter into arrangements with these parties on favorable terms, given that we could encounter significant barriers to entry in connection with expansion efforts outside of these arrangements.

A variety of new and existing U.S. and foreign laws could subject us to claims or otherwise harm our business.

We are subject to a variety of laws in the U.S. and abroad that are costly to comply with, can result in negative publicity and diversion of management time and effort, and can subject us to claims or other remedies. Many of these laws were adopted prior to the advent of the internet and related technologies and, as a result, do not contemplate or address the unique issues of the internet and related technologies. The laws that do reference the internet are being interpreted by the courts, but their applicability and scope remain uncertain. For example, the laws relating to the liability of providers of online services are currently unsettled both within the U.S. and abroad. Claims have been threatened and filed under both U.S. and foreign law for defamation, libel, slander, invasion of privacy

and other tort claims, unlawful activity, copyright and trademark infringement, or other theories based on the nature and content of the materials searched and the ads posted by our users, our products and services, or content generated by our users.

In addition, the Digital Millennium Copyright Act has provisions that limit, but do not necessarily eliminate, our liability for listing or linking to third-party web sites that include materials that infringe copyrights or other rights, so long as we comply with the statutory requirements of this act. The Child Online Protection Act and the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act restrict the distribution of materials considered harmful to children and impose additional restrictions on the ability of online services to collect information from minors. In the area of data protection, many states have passed laws requiring notification to users when there is a security breach for personal data, such as California's Information Practices Act. We face similar risks and costs as our products and services are offered in international markets and may be subject to additional regulations.

Any failure on our part to comply with applicable laws may subject us to additional liabilities, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The processing, storage, use and disclosure of personal data could give rise to liabilities as a result of governmental regulation, conflicting legal requirements or differing views of personal privacy rights.

In the processing of search queries and consumer transactions, we receive, transmit and store a large volume of personally identifiable information and other user data. The sharing, use, disclosure and protection of this information are governed by the respective privacy and data security policies maintained by our various businesses. Moreover, there are federal, state and international laws regarding privacy and the storing, sharing, use, disclosure and protection of personally identifiable information and user data. Specifically, personally identifiable information is increasingly subject to legislation and regulations in numerous jurisdictions around the world, the intent of which is to protect the privacy of personal information that is collected, processed and transmitted in or from the governing jurisdiction.

There are currently pending several bills in the U.S. Congress, which if passed could result in more onerous requirements regarding the manner in which certain personally identifiable information and other user data will need to be stored and managed. We could be adversely affected if legislation or regulations are expanded to require changes in our practices or privacy policies of our various businesses or if governing jurisdictions interpret or implement their legislation or regulations in ways that negatively affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

As privacy and data protection have become more sensitive issues, we may also become exposed to potential liabilities as a result of differing views on the privacy of consumer and other user data collected by these businesses. The failure of any of our businesses, or their various third party vendors and service providers, to comply with applicable privacy policies or federal, state or similar international laws and regulations or any compromise of security that results in the unauthorized release of personally identifiable information or other user data could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may fail to adequately protect our intellectual property rights or may be accused of infringing intellectual property rights of third parties.

We regard our intellectual property rights, including patents, service marks, trademarks and domain names, copyrights, trade secrets and similar intellectual property, as critical to our success. We also rely heavily upon software codes, informational databases and other components that make up our various products and services.

We rely on a combination of laws and contractual restrictions with employees, customers, suppliers, affiliates and others to establish and protect these proprietary rights. Despite these precautions, it may be possible for a third party to copy or otherwise obtain and use our trade secrets or copyrighted

intellectual property without authorization which, if discovered, might require legal action to correct. In addition, no assurances can be given that third parties will not independently and lawfully develop substantially similar intellectual properties.

We have generally registered and continue to apply to register, or secure by contract when appropriate, trademarks and service marks as they are developed and used, and reserve and register domain names as we deem appropriate. While we vigorously protect our trademarks, service marks and domain names, effective trademark protection may not be available or may not be sought in every country in which products and services are made available, and contractual disputes may affect the use of marks governed by private contract. Similarly, not every variation of a domain name may be available or be registered, even if available. Our failure to protect our intellectual property rights in a meaningful manner or challenges to related contractual rights could result in erosion of our brand names and limit our ability to control marketing on or through the internet using our various domain names, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Some of our businesses have been granted patents and/or have patent applications pending with the United States Patent and Trademark Office and/or various foreign patent authorities for various proprietary technologies and other inventions. We generally seek to apply for patents or for other appropriate statutory protection when we develop valuable new or improved proprietary technologies or inventions are identified, and will continue to consider the appropriateness of filing for patents to protect future proprietary technologies and inventions as circumstances may warrant. The status of any patent involves complex legal and factual questions, and the breadth of claims allowed is uncertain. Accordingly, no assurances can be given that any patent application we have filed will result in a patent being issued, or that any existing or future patents will afford adequate protection against competitors with similar technology. In addition, no assurances can be given that third parties will not create new products or methods that achieve similar result without infringing upon patents owned by us.

From time to time, we have been subject to legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business, including claims of alleged infringement of the trademarks, copyrights, patents and other intellectual property rights of third parties. In addition, litigation may be necessary in the future to enforce our intellectual property rights, protect our trade secrets or to determine the validity and scope of proprietary rights claimed by others. Any litigation of this nature, regardless of outcome or merit, could result in substantial costs and diversion of management and technical resources, any of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Patent litigation tends to be particularly protracted and expensive.

Our success depends, in part, on the integrity of our systems and infrastructure. System interruption and the lack of integration and redundancy in our information systems may affect our businesses.

To succeed, our systems and infrastructure must perform well on a consistent basis. From time to time, we may experience occasional system interruptions that make some or all of our systems or data unavailable or prevent us from providing services, which could adversely affect our business. Moreover, as traffic to our various websites and the related number of users and customers increase and the number of new (and presumably more complex) products and services that we introduce continues to grow, we will need to upgrade our systems, infrastructure and technologies generally to facilitate this growth. If we do not do so or if we experience inefficiencies and/or operational failures in connection with current or future upgrades, third parties with which we do business may not be able to access our services on an intermittent or prolonged basis and the quality of experience that users and customers encounter with our products and services generally could diminish. Moreover, even if we do not encounter any inefficiencies or operational failures in connection with upgrades, third parties with which we do business may not make the related changes to their systems, infrastructure and technology needed in order to access our services on a timely basis, if at all. The occurrence of any of these events could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We also rely on third party computer systems, data centers, broadband and other communications systems and service providers in connection with the provision of services generally, as well as to facilitate and process certain transactions with customers. Any interruptions, outages or delays in our systems or those of our third party providers, or deterioration in the performance of these systems, could impair our ability to provide services and/or process transactions. Fire, flood, power loss, telecommunications failure, hurricanes, tornadoes, earthquakes, acts of war or terrorism, acts of God and similar events or disruptions may damage or interrupt computer, broadband or other communications systems at any time. Any of these events could cause system interruption, delays and loss of critical data, and could prevent us from providing services to users and customers. While we have backup systems for certain aspects of our operations, our systems are not fully redundant and disaster recovery planning is not sufficient for all eventualities. In addition, we may not have adequate insurance coverage to compensate for losses from a major interruption.

In particular, our destination search websites may be adversely affected by fraudulent, surreptitious or other unwanted computer programs and applications that make changes to users' computers and interfere with overall experience of our services, such as by hijacking queries to the these websites or altering or replacing search results generated. This type of interference often occurs without disclosure to or consent from users, resulting in a negative experience that users may associate with us. These disruptive programs and applications may be difficult or impossible to uninstall or disable, may reinstall themselves and may circumvent efforts to block or remove them. In addition, downloadable toolbars through which we provide search services are also subject to attack by viruses, worms and other malicious software programs, which could jeopardize the security of information stored in users' computer or in our systems and networks. No assurances can be given that our efforts to combat these malicious applications will be successful and/or that our products and services will not have (or will not be perceived to have) vulnerabilities in this regard.

If any of these adverse events were to occur, it could damage our reputation and result in the loss of current and potential users and customers, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and otherwise be costly to remedy.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

Not applicable.

Item 2. Properties

IAC believes that the facilities for its management and operations are generally adequate for its current and near-term future needs. IAC's facilities, most of which are leased by IAC's businesses in various cities and locations in the United States and jurisdictions abroad, generally consist of executive and administrative offices, operations centers, data centers and sales offices.

All of IAC's leases are at prevailing market, or "most favorable," rates. IAC believes that the duration of each lease is adequate. IAC believes that its principal properties, whether owned or leased, are currently adequate for the purposes for which they are used and are suitably maintained for these purposes. IAC does not anticipate any future problems renewing or obtaining suitable leases for its principal properties. IAC's approximately 202,500 square foot corporate headquarters in New York, New York houses offices for IAC corporate and certain other IAC businesses.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries are parties to litigation involving property, personal injury, contract, intellectual property and other claims. The amounts that may be recovered in such matters may be subject to insurance coverage.

Rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission require the description of material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary, routine litigation incident to the registrant's business, and advise that

proceedings ordinarily need not be described if they primarily involve damages claims for amounts (exclusive of interest and costs) not exceeding 10% of the current assets of the registrant and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis. In the judgment of management, none of the pending litigation matters which the Company and its subsidiaries are defending, including those described below, involves or is likely to involve amounts of that magnitude. The litigation matters described below involve issues or claims that may be of particular interest to the Company's shareholders, regardless of whether any of these matters may be material to the financial position or operations of the Company based upon the standard set forth in the SEC's rules.

Securities Class Action Litigation against IAC

As previously disclosed in a number of the Company's filings on SEC Forms 10-K and 10-Q, beginning on September 20, 2004, twelve purported shareholder class actions were commenced in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against IAC and certain of its officers and directors, alleging violations of the federal securities laws. These cases arose out of the Company's August 4, 2004 announcement of its earnings for the second quarter of 2004 and generally alleged that the value of the Company's stock was artificially inflated by pre-announcement statements about its financial results and forecasts that were false and misleading due to the defendants' alleged failure to disclose various problems faced by the Company's travel businesses (which in 2005 were spun off into a separate public company, Expedia, Inc.). On December 20, 2004, the district court consolidated the twelve lawsuits, appointed co-lead plaintiffs, and designated co-lead plaintiffs' counsel. See *In re IAC/InterActiveCorp Securities Litigation*, No. 04-CV-7447 (S.D.N.Y.).

On October 18, 2004, a related shareholder derivative action, *Stuart Garber, Derivatively on Behalf of IAC/InterActiveCorp v. Barry Diller et al.*, No. 04-603416, was commenced in the Supreme Court of the State of New York (New York County) against certain of IAC's officers and directors. On November 15, 2004, another related shareholder derivative action, *Lisa Butler, Derivatively on Behalf of IAC/InterActiveCorp v. Barry Diller et al.*, No. 04-CV-9067, was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against certain of IAC's current and former directors. On January 24, 2005, the federal district court consolidated the *Butler* case with the securities class action for pre-trial purposes only. On February 2, 2005, the defendants in the *Garber* case removed it from New York state court to the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. On April 11, 2005, the district court issued a similar consolidation order in respect of the *Garber* case.

On May 20, 2005, the plaintiffs in the federal securities class action filed a consolidated amended complaint. Like its twelve predecessors, the amended complaint generally alleged that the value of the Company's stock was artificially inflated by pre-announcement statements about the Company's financial results and forecasts that were false and misleading due to the defendants' alleged failure to disclose various problems faced by the Company's then travel businesses. The plaintiffs sought to represent a class of shareholders who purchased IAC common stock between March 31, 2003 and August 3, 2004. The defendants were IAC and fourteen current or former officers or directors of the Company or its former Expedia travel business. The complaint purported to assert claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder, as well as Sections 11 and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933, and sought damages in an unspecified amount.

On July 5, 2005, the plaintiffs in the related shareholder suits filed a consolidated shareholder derivative complaint. The defendants were IAC (as a nominal defendant) and sixteen current or former officers or directors of the Company or its former Expedia travel business. The complaint, which was based upon factual allegations similar to those in the securities class action, purported to assert claims for breach of fiduciary duty, abuse of control, gross mismanagement, waste of corporate assets, unjust enrichment, violation of Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act, and contribution and indemnification. The complaint sought an order voiding the election of the Company's then current Board of Directors, as

well as damages in an unspecified amount, various forms of equitable relief, restitution, and disgorgement of remuneration received by the individual defendants from the Company.

On September 15, 2005, IAC and the other defendants filed motions to dismiss both the securities class action and the shareholder derivative suits, which motions the plaintiffs opposed. On October 12, 2006, the court heard oral argument on the motions. On March 22, 2007, the court issued an opinion and order (i) granting the defendants' motion to dismiss the complaint in the securities class action, with leave to replead, and (ii) granting the defendants' motion to dismiss the complaint in the shareholder derivative suits, with prejudice.

On April 24, 2007, the plaintiffs in the shareholder derivative suits filed a notice of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit from the district court's order of dismissal. On consent of the parties, the appeal has been withdrawn from active consideration by the court of appeals. In addition, the plaintiffs have stipulated that they will abandon their appeal if the district court dismisses with prejudice the second amended complaint in the securities class action (described below).

On May 15, 2007, the plaintiffs in the securities class action filed a second amended complaint. The new pleading continues to allege that the defendants failed to disclose material information concerning problems at the Company's then-travel businesses and to assert the same legal claims as its predecessor. On August 15, 2007, the defendants filed a motion to dismiss the second amended complaint, which motion the plaintiffs have opposed. The motion remains pending.

The Company believes that the claims in the class action and the derivative suits lack merit and will continue to defend vigorously against them.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

There were no matters submitted to a vote of any of the Company's security holders during the fourth quarter of 2008.

PART II**Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities****Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters**

IAC common stock is quoted on The Nasdaq Stock Market, or "NASDAQ", under the ticker symbol "IACI". There is no established public trading market for IAC Class B common stock. The table below sets forth, for the calendar periods indicated, the high and low sales prices per share for IAC common stock as reported on NASDAQ. High and low sales prices per share of IAC common stock have been adjusted to reflect the impact of the one-for-two reverse stock split of IAC's common stock and the Spin-Off, both of which were completed following the close of trading on August 20, 2008.

The adjusted stock prices were determined by multiplying historical prices (pre-adjustment) by 0.43636 and multiplying the product by two to give effect to the reverse stock split effected immediately following the completion of the Spin-Off. The factor applied to historical prices (0.43636) is equal to (i) \$7.68, which is equal to \$17.60 (the closing price of IAC common stock in the regular way market on August 20, 2008) less \$9.92 (the combined value of HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster and Tree.com), divided by (ii) \$17.60. The combined value of the spun-off entities is equal to (i) one-fifth of the respective closing prices of each of HSNi, ILG and Ticketmaster (\$12.61, \$14.12 and \$21.64) plus (ii) one-thirtieth of the closing price of Tree.com (\$7.42), in each case, in the when-issued trading market on August 20, 2008.

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
Year Ended December 31, 2008		
Fourth Quarter	\$18.07	\$13.27
Third Quarter	17.91	14.71
Second Quarter	21.09	16.32
First Quarter	23.28	16.58
Year Ended December 31, 2007		
Fourth Quarter	\$29.11	\$23.01
Third Quarter	30.49	21.89
Second Quarter	34.09	28.58
First Quarter	35.77	31.46

As of January 30, 2009, there were approximately 1,900 holders of record of the Company's common stock and the closing price of IAC common stock was \$14.70. Because many of the outstanding shares of IAC common stock are held by brokers and other institutions on behalf of shareholders, IAC is not able to estimate the total number of beneficial shareholders represented by these record holders.

As of January 30, 2009, there was one holder of record of the Company's Class B common stock. IAC has paid no cash dividends on its common stock or Class B common stock to date and does not anticipate paying cash dividends on its common stock or Class B common stock in the immediate future.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2008, the Company did not issue or sell any shares of its common stock or other equity securities pursuant to unregistered transactions.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The Company did not purchase any shares of its common stock during the quarter ended December 31, 2008. As of that date, 22,419,246 shares (as adjusted to give effect to the reverse stock split completed after the close of trading on August 20, 2008) of common stock remained available for repurchase under the Company's previously announced October 2006 repurchase authorization. The Company may purchase shares pursuant to this repurchase authorization over an indefinite period of time, depending on those factors Company management deems relevant at any particular time, including, without limitation, market conditions, share price and future outlook.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following table presents selected historical financial data of IAC for each of the years in the five-year period ended December 31, 2008. This data was derived from IAC's audited consolidated financial statements and reflects the operations and financial position of IAC at the dates and for the periods indicated. The information in this table should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes of IAC included herein.

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2008 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	2007 ⁽⁴⁾	2006 ⁽⁵⁾	2005 ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽⁸⁾	2004 ⁽⁹⁾
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)					
Statement of Operations Data:					
Revenue	\$1,445,095	\$ 1,332,582	\$ 1,000,593	\$ 523,493	\$ 254,457
Operating loss	(61,961)	(78,504)	(111,306)	(152,609)	(157,649)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	137,029	(4,397)	(26,632)	297,716	31,873
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(293,230)	(139,672)	213,697	571,967	125,046
(Loss) earnings before preferred dividends	(156,201)	(144,069)	187,065	869,683	156,919
Net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders	(156,201)	(144,069)	187,065	861,745	143,866
Basic earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations available to common shareholders ⁽¹⁰⁾	0.98	(0.03)	(0.17)	1.76	0.11
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations available to common shareholders ⁽¹⁰⁾	0.95	(0.03)	(0.17)	1.65	0.10
Basic (loss) earnings per common share available to common shareholders ⁽¹⁰⁾	(1.12)	(1.01)	1.23	5.23	0.83
Diluted (loss) earnings per common share available to common shareholders ⁽¹⁰⁾	(1.08)	(1.01)	1.23	4.81	0.78
Balance Sheet Data (end of period):					
Working capital	\$1,900,782	\$ 1,692,004	\$ 1,840,388	\$ 2,384,366	\$ 2,855,286
Total assets	5,250,598	12,590,802	13,243,156	13,938,102	22,403,532
Long-term obligations, net of current maturities	95,844	834,542	837,048	929,654	758,279
Minority interest	22,771	32,880	24,212	1,706	1,655
Shareholders' equity	4,427,536	8,583,662	8,739,474	9,206,879	14,587,822

(1) On August 20, 2008, the Company completed the Spin-Off of HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster and Tree.com into separate independent publicly traded companies. The results of HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster and Tree.com have been presented as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

(2) (Loss) earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax, includes after-tax impairment charges of \$262.1 million and \$148.9 million related to the write-down of HSNi's and Tree.com's goodwill and intangible assets, respectively, and an after-tax gain of \$22.3 million related to the sale of

Entertainment Publications, Inc. ("EPI"), IAC's former Entertainment segment. The results of EPI have been presented as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

- (3) Net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders includes after-tax gains of \$242.5 million and \$18.3 million associated with the Company's sale of its investment in Jupiter Shop Channel Co., Ltd. and its preferred investment in Points International, Ltd. Partially offsetting these gains is an after-tax write-down of \$119.0 million related to the Company's investment portfolio, an after-tax loss of \$38.3 million arising from the extinguishment of a significant portion of the 7% Senior Notes due 2013 and after-tax Spin-Off expenses of \$35.2 million.
- (4) (Loss) earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax, includes after-tax impairment charges of \$452.1 million and \$44.7 million related to the write-down of Tree.com's and EPI's goodwill and intangible assets, respectively, and an after-tax gain of \$31.1 million related to the sale of Home Shopping Europe GmbH & Co. KG, and its affiliated station HSE24 ("HSE"), IAC's former Retailing International segment. The results of HSE have been presented as discontinued operations for 2007 and all prior periods presented.
- (5) (Loss) earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax, includes an after-tax impairment charge of \$167.9 million related to the write-down of EPI's goodwill and intangible assets and an after-tax gain of \$9.6 million related to the sale of PRC, IAC's former Teleservices segment. The results of PRC have been presented as discontinued operations for 2006 and all prior periods presented.
- (6) On August 9, 2005, the Company completed the Spin-Off of Expedia into a separate independent publicly traded company. The results of Expedia have been presented as discontinued operations for 2004 and 2005.
- (7) Includes the results of IAC Search & Media, Inc. (formerly, Ask Jeeves, Inc.) since its acquisition by IAC on July 19, 2005.
- (8) Net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders includes an after-tax gain of \$322.1 million related to the sale of IAC's common and preferred interests in VUE to NBC Universal, an after-tax gain of \$70.2 million related to the sale of EUVÍA and an after-tax charge of \$49.0 million (\$41.8 million in continuing operations and \$7.2 million in discontinued operations) in non-cash compensation expense related to the treatment of vested stock options in connection with the Expedia spin-off. Net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders also includes an after-tax reduction in non-cash compensation expense of \$1.7 million included in earnings from continuing operations and \$23.7 million included in discontinued operations related to the cumulative effect of a change in IAC's estimate related to the number of stock-based awards that were expected to vest.
- (9) (Loss) earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax, includes an after-tax impairment charge of \$175.6 million related to the write-down of PRC's goodwill.
- (10) On August 20, 2008, IAC effected a one-for-two reverse stock split of its common stock and its Class B common stock. Accordingly, all prior period earnings (loss) per common share data and shares outstanding have been adjusted to reflect the one-for-two-reverse stock split.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

MANAGEMENT OVERVIEW

On August 20, 2008, IAC completed its previously announced plan to separate into five publicly traded companies:

- IAC, which includes:
 - the businesses comprising its Media & Advertising segment;
 - the Match and ServiceMagic segments;
 - the businesses comprising its Emerging Businesses segment, including Shoebuy and ReserveAmerica, which were previously included in the former Retailing and Ticketmaster segments, respectively; and
 - certain investments in unconsolidated affiliates.
- HSN, Inc. ("HSNi"), which includes HSN TV, *HSN.com* and the Cornerstone Brands, Inc. portfolio of catalogs, websites and retail locations;
- Interval Leisure Group, Inc. ("ILG"), which includes the businesses that comprised the former Interval segment;
- Ticketmaster, which includes its primary domestic and international operations as well as certain investments in unconsolidated affiliates; and
- Tree.com, Inc. ("Tree.com"), which includes the businesses that comprised the former Lending and Real Estate segments.

We refer to this transaction as the "Spin-Off". Immediately subsequent to the Spin-Off, IAC effected a one-for-two reverse stock split. All share information, unless otherwise noted, has been adjusted to reflect the impact of the reverse stock split but has not been adjusted for the relative values of the spun-off businesses.

All references to "IAC," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us" in this report are to IAC/InterActiveCorp.

Discontinued Operations

During 2006, Quiz TV Limited, which was previously reported in IAC's Emerging Businesses segment, ceased operations, PRC, IAC's former Teleservices subsidiary, was sold and iBuy, which was also previously reported in IAC's Emerging Businesses segment, was classified as held for sale. During 2007, iBuy's assets were sold and HSNi's German TV and internet retailer, Home Shopping Europe GmbH & Co. KG, and its affiliated station HSE24 ("HSE"), which was previously reported in the International segment of IAC's former Retailing sector, was also sold. During 2008, IAC sold Entertainment Publications, Inc. ("EPI"), which previously comprised IAC's Entertainment segment, and completed the separation of HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster and Tree.com into separate independent public companies.

Results

Set forth below are the contributions made by our various segments and corporate expenses to consolidated revenue, operating (loss) income and Operating Income Before Amortization (as defined in IAC's Principles of Financial Reporting) for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (Dollars in thousands, rounding differences may occur).

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	Growth	2007	Growth	2006
Revenue:					
Media & Advertising	\$ 778,809	3%	\$ 758,529	39%	\$ 544,229
Match	365,505	5%	348,733	12%	311,227
ServiceMagic	123,914	33%	93,385	47%	63,700
Emerging Businesses	196,589	35%	145,300	70%	85,649
Inter-segment elimination	(19,722)	(48)%	(13,365)	(217)%	(4,212)
Total	\$1,445,095	8%	\$1,332,582	33%	\$1,000,593

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	Growth	2007	Growth	2006
Operating (Loss) Income:					
Media & Advertising	\$ 100,748	237%	\$ 29,899	NM	\$ (5,986)
Match	75,490	15%	65,780	13%	58,360
ServiceMagic	23,983	36%	17,587	42%	12,411
Emerging Businesses	(55,970)	(162)%	(21,344)	16%	(25,459)
Corporate	(206,212)	(21)%	(170,426)	(13)%	(150,632)
Total	\$ (61,961)	21%	\$ (78,504)	29%	\$ (111,306)

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	Growth	2007	Growth	2006
Operating Income Before Amortization:					
Media & Advertising	\$ 139,603	58%	\$ 88,199	51%	\$ 58,275
Match	91,266	16%	78,367	24%	63,395
ServiceMagic	26,244	26%	20,764	29%	16,151
Emerging Businesses	(35,493)	(348)%	(7,914)	44%	(14,051)
Corporate	(121,522)	(23)%	(98,932)	(12)%	(88,362)
Total	\$ 100,098	24%	\$ 80,484	127%	\$ 35,408

Refer to Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements for reconciliations by segment of Operating Income Before Amortization to Operating (Loss) Income.

Sources of Revenue

For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, Media & Advertising was our largest financial contributor. Our Media & Advertising businesses offer information and services via the internet and are compensated directly and indirectly by advertisers generally based on performance and volume related measures.

Our Match business offers subscription membership services and our ServiceMagic business is generally compensated on a fee basis by home service providers who participate in our services.

Strategic Partnerships, Advertiser Relationships and Online Advertising Spend

We market and offer our products and services directly to customers through branded websites and membership programs, allowing our customers to transact directly with us in a convenient manner. We

have made, and expect to continue to make, substantial investments in online and offline advertising to build our brands and drive traffic to our businesses.

We pay traffic acquisition costs which consist of revenue share payments to third parties that have distributed our toolbars and/or integrated paid listings into their websites and similar arrangements with third parties who direct traffic to our websites. We also pay to market and distribute our services on third party distribution channels, such as internet portals and search engines. In addition, some of our businesses manage affiliate programs, pursuant to which we pay commissions and fees to third parties based on revenue earned. These distribution channels might also offer their own products and services, as well as those of other third parties, that compete with those made available and offered by our businesses.

The cost of acquiring new customers through online and offline third party distribution channels has increased, particularly in the case of online channels as internet commerce continues to grow and competition in the segments in which IAC's businesses operate increases.

Our various businesses provide supplier partners with important customer acquisition channels and we believe that the ability of our supplier partners to reach a large qualified audience through our services is a significant benefit. While we aim to build and maintain strong relationships with our supplier partners, we may not succeed in these efforts and there is always the risk that certain supplier partners may not make their products and services available to us in the future, including advertisers on the businesses within Media & Advertising.

The substantial majority of the paid listings on our search properties is provided by Google Inc. ("Google") pursuant to a paid listing supply agreement effective January 1, 2008 which expires December 31, 2012. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, revenue earned from this arrangement was \$610.8 million, \$568.1 million and \$379.0 million, respectively. Principally all of this revenue is earned by IAC Search & Media.

International Operations

We continue to seek to expand the presence of certain of our brands and businesses abroad, particularly in Europe, given the large consumer marketplace for the services and goods that our brands and businesses offer. We believe foreign markets generally exhibit similar characteristics of the U.S. in regards to customer acceptance of an online marketplace. As a percentage of total IAC revenue (which excludes revenue related to discontinued operations), international operations represented approximately 19% in 2008 and 15% in both 2007 and 2006. International revenue grew approximately 35% in 2008 from 2007.

Economic and Other Trends

Overall adverse economic conditions have affected IAC's businesses, particularly revenues derived from advertising services provided by the businesses in our Media & Advertising segment. This was reflected in decline in query volumes and slowing growth in monetization of queries at Ask and our toolbars business. Moreover, changes we made in the fourth quarter of 2008 to enhance our Ask.com website and make it more efficient for users has led to fewer queries and reduced monetization, as users are finding answers more quickly.

Going forward, we believe that the current economic environment will continue to adversely impact IAC's results as consumers cut back on discretionary spending, leading to fewer queries likely to generate revenue, and advertisers further pare their budgets. We believe, however, that the enhancements made to the Ask.com website, along with other strategies for growth in our search businesses, will result in increased retention and frequency offsetting, to some extent, the adverse economic impact.

During 2008, ServiceMagic experienced slowing growth in its higher margin home repair and improvement requests. In early 2009, we continue to see a reduction in the rate of growth of service requests while at the same time marketing costs have increased, thereby adversely affecting margins. It is likely that demand for ServiceMagic's services will continue to be adversely impacted if consumer confidence remains low and consumers delay spending on discretionary home repair and improvement projects. Lastly, while we have not seen any discernible impact from the current economic downturn at Match, a prolonged continuation, or worsening, of the recession could adversely affect this business.

Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006**IAC Consolidated Results****Revenue**

Revenue in 2008 increased 8% or \$112.5 million from 2007 primarily as a result of revenue increases of \$51.3 million from Emerging Businesses, \$30.5 million from ServiceMagic, \$20.3 million from Media & Advertising and \$16.8 million from Match. The contribution from Emerging Businesses was driven primarily by strong revenue growth at Pronto and Shoebuy. The increase at ServiceMagic reflected a more active service provider network and a 27% increase in service requests driven by increased marketing efforts throughout the year. Also contributing to the increased revenue was strong growth from proprietary search properties at Media & Advertising. Revenue per query on proprietary search properties grew primarily from improved economics associated with the renewed paid listing supply agreement with Google. Partially offsetting this increase in proprietary revenue was a sharp decline in network revenue, resulting from the discontinuation of relationships with certain partners that took place during 2008 in conjunction with the renewed Google agreement. The increase at Match was driven by a 5% increase in worldwide subscribers and a 3% increase in average revenue per subscriber.

Revenue in 2007 increased 33% or \$332.0 million primarily as a result of revenue increases of \$214.3 million from Media & Advertising, \$59.7 million from Emerging Businesses, \$37.5 million from Match and \$29.7 million from ServiceMagic. The revenue growth from Media & Advertising was driven primarily by an increase in queries from distributed search and paid listings and an increase in both revenue per query and queries at Fun Web Products and Ask. The contribution from Emerging Businesses was driven primarily by strong revenue growth at Shoebuy and Pronto. The revenue increase from Match was driven by an 11% increase in average revenue per subscriber, primarily in North America, and a 1% increase in worldwide subscribers. Revenue growth from ServiceMagic was driven primarily by a 37% increase in customer service requests, improved monetization of service requests and a 9% increase in the number of service providers in the network.

Cost of Sales

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	% Change	2007	% Change	2006
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Cost of sales	\$518,192	(7)%	\$554,321	50%	\$369,080
As a percentage of total revenue	36%	(574) bp	42%	471 bp	37%
Gross margin	64%	574 bp	58%	(471) bp	63%

bp = basis points

Cost of sales consists primarily of traffic acquisition costs, compensation and other employee-related costs (including stock-based compensation) for personnel engaged in data center functions, the cost of products sold and shipping and handling costs. Traffic acquisition costs consist of revenue share payments to partners that have distributed toolbars and/or integrated paid listings into their websites and similar arrangements with third parties who direct traffic to our websites.

Cost of sales in 2008 decreased \$36.1 million from 2007 primarily due to decreases of \$52.2 million from Media & Advertising and \$14.6 million from Match, partially offset by increases of \$22.1 million from Emerging Businesses and \$15.9 million from ServiceMagic. The decrease in cost of sales was primarily due to decreases of \$43.7 million and \$16.1 million in traffic acquisition costs from Media & Advertising and Match, respectively. Overall traffic acquisition costs from Media & Advertising during the year decreased as a direct result of a decrease in network revenue, partially offset by growth in distribution revenue included as a component of proprietary revenue at IAC Search & Media. As a

percentage of revenue, traffic acquisition costs associated with network revenue generated from integrated paid listings are lower than traffic acquisition costs associated with distribution revenue generated from partners who redirect traffic to the Ask.com landing page. The decrease in traffic acquisition costs from Match was due primarily to improved economics from agreements with certain domestic distribution partners. Partially offsetting these decreases was an increase in cost of sales from Emerging Businesses primarily due to an increase of \$7.8 million in cost of products sold and \$3.2 million in shipping and handling costs at Shoebuy. Cost of sales from Emerging Businesses was further impacted by a write-off of capitalized software, including game development costs, at InstantAction.com, increased costs associated with Gifts.com and costs incurred by various early stage businesses not in the year ago period. Also offsetting the overall decrease in cost of sales was increased traffic acquisition costs from ServiceMagic as it continued to focus its spend on driving higher margin home repair and improvement requests. However, during 2008, ServiceMagic experienced slowing growth in these high margin requests due, in part, to this weak economic environment.

Cost of sales in 2007 increased \$185.2 million from 2006 primarily due to increases of \$151.6 million from Media & Advertising and \$29.7 million from Emerging Businesses. The increase in cost of sales from Media & Advertising was primarily due to an increase of \$138.0 million in traffic acquisition costs which was a direct result from the growth in network revenue at IAC Search & Media. Cost of sales from Emerging Businesses increased primarily due to an increase of \$15.6 million in cost of products sold and \$4.3 million in shipping and handling costs at Shoebuy.

Selling and marketing expense

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	% Change	2007	% Change	2006
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Selling and marketing expense	\$433,332	11%	\$391,522	21%	\$322,520
As a percentage of total revenue	30%	61 bp	29%	(285) bp	32%

Selling and marketing expense consists primarily of advertising and promotional expenditures and compensation and other employee-related costs (including stock-based compensation) for personnel engaged in customer service and sales functions. Advertising and promotional expenditures include online marketing, including fees paid to search engines, and offline marketing, including television, radio and print advertising.

Selling and marketing expense in 2008 increased \$41.8 million from 2007, primarily due to increases of \$24.9 million from Emerging Businesses, \$12.8 million from Match and \$4.6 million from ServiceMagic. The increase in selling and marketing expense from Emerging Businesses is primarily due to an increase of \$20.3 million in online marketing from Pronto. Selling and marketing expense from Match increased primarily due to an increase of \$11.7 million in advertising and promotional expenditures, including those associated with television advertising and online marketing related to Chemistry.com and various international marketing campaigns. Also contributing to the increase in selling and marketing expense is an increase of \$4.9 million in compensation and other employee-related costs from ServiceMagic primarily related to the expansion of its sales force due in part to the opening of a new call center in Kansas City in the second quarter of 2007.

Selling and marketing expense in 2007 increased \$69.0 million from 2006, primarily due to increases of \$25.5 million from Media & Advertising, \$19.1 million from Match, \$16.0 million from Emerging Businesses and \$8.2 million from ServiceMagic. The increase in selling and marketing expense from Media & Advertising was primarily due to an increase of \$10.6 million in advertising and promotional expenditures related primarily to Ask.com's 2007 ad campaign, as well as an increase of \$10.4 million in compensation and other employee-related costs. Advertising and promotional expenditures at Media & Advertising were favorably impacted by the reduction in 2007 marketing expense of \$17.4 million, resulting from the net capitalization and amortization of costs associated with the distribution of toolbars, which began on April 1, 2007. These costs had previously been expensed as incurred. The increase in compensation and other employee-related costs is due in part to a 34% increase in average headcount from the prior year at Citysearch primarily related to the opening of a new call center in late 2006. Selling and marketing expense from Match increased primarily due to an increase of \$22.0 million in advertising and promotional expenditures related to its domestic and international marketing campaigns. Also contributing to the increase in selling and marketing expense is increased expenses at Emerging Businesses primarily due to an increase of \$8.9 million in online marketing at Pronto. In addition, selling and marketing expense increased at ServiceMagic primarily due to an increase in compensation and other employee-related costs associated with the expansion of the sales force and increased marketing expenses.

General and administrative expense

	Years Ended December 31,				2006
	2008	% Change	2007	% Change	
	(Dollars in thousands)				
General and administrative expense	\$343,504	26%	\$273,551	9%	\$250,355
As a percentage of total revenue	24%	324 bp	21%	(449) bp	25%

General and administrative expense consists primarily of compensation and other employee-related costs (including stock-based compensation) for personnel engaged in finance, legal, tax, human resources and executive management functions, facilities costs and fees for professional services.

General and administrative expense in 2008 increased \$70.0 million from 2007 primarily due to increases of \$36.7 million from corporate and \$26.1 million from Emerging Businesses. The increase from corporate is principally due to an increase of \$37.9 million in expenses related to the Spin-Off and an increase of \$10.4 million in non-cash compensation expense, partially offset by a decrease of \$5.8 million in professional fees, excluding Spin-Off related expenses noted above, a reduction of \$3.7 million in insurance reserves due to favorable loss experience and a decrease of \$3.5 million in rent expense. The increase in non-cash compensation expense is primarily due to the acceleration and modification of certain equity awards associated with the Spin-Off. General and administrative expense from Emerging Businesses increased primarily due to the inclusion in the prior year of an \$8.2 million reimbursement of previously expensed advances related to the restructuring of our interests in a business venture as well as increased operating expenses associated with Connected Ventures, InstantAction.com, RushmoreDrive.com and various early stage businesses not in the year ago period.

As of December 31, 2008, there was \$152.6 million of unrecognized compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, related to all equity-based awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.9 years.

General and administrative expense in 2007 increased \$23.2 million from 2006 primarily due to increases of \$12.8 million from corporate and \$10.2 million from ServiceMagic. The increase in general and administrative expense at corporate was primarily due to an increase of \$4.8 million in non-cash compensation expense, \$4.1 million in expenses related to the Spin-Off and the inclusion of a favorable settlement of a lawsuit in the prior year period. The increase in non-cash compensation expense is

primarily due to equity grants issued in 2007, partially offset by a decrease in expense associated with unvested stock options assumed in the IAC Search & Media acquisition as well as the impact of expense relating to equity modifications recorded in the prior year. General and administrative expense from ServiceMagic in 2007 reflects an increase of \$7.4 million in compensation and other employee-related costs, due in part, to an increase in headcount of 20%, resulting from growth in the business.

Product development expense

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	% Change	2007	% Change	2006
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Product development expense	\$65,457	41%	\$46,428	23%	\$37,687
As a percentage of total revenue	5%	105 bp	3%	(28) bp	4%

Product development expense consists primarily of compensation and other employee-related costs (including stock-based compensation) that are not capitalized for personnel engaged in the design, development, testing and enhancement of technology at IAC Search & Media, Match and various Emerging Businesses.

Product development expense in 2008 increased \$19.0 million from 2007, primarily due to increases of \$5.7 million and \$4.5 million in compensation and other employee-related costs from Media & Advertising and Match, respectively. The increases from Media & Advertising and Match are due in part to an approximate 8% and 30% increase in average headcount, respectively, as they continue to upgrade and enhance their technology and products.

Product development expense in 2007 increased \$8.7 million from 2006, primarily due to an increase of \$5.7 million in compensation and other employee-related costs at IAC Search & Media in 2007. The increase in compensation and other employee-related costs is primarily due to a 14% increase in headcount.

Depreciation

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	% Change	2007	% Change	2006
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Depreciation	\$71,051	19%	\$59,861	13%	\$52,904
As a percentage of total revenue	5%	42 bp	4%	(80) bp	5%

Depreciation in 2008 and 2007 increased \$11.2 million and \$7.0 million, respectively, primarily due to the incremental depreciation associated with capital expenditures made during 2007 and 2008 and various acquisitions, partially offset by certain fixed assets becoming fully depreciated during the period.

Operating Income Before Amortization

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	% Change	2007	% Change	2006
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Operating Income Before Amortization	\$100,098	24%	\$80,484	127%	\$35,408
As a percentage of total revenue	7%	89 bp	6%	250 bp	4%

Operating Income Before Amortization in 2008 increased \$19.6 million from 2007 primarily due to growth of \$51.4 million, \$12.9 million and \$5.5 million from Media & Advertising, Match and ServiceMagic, respectively. These increases in Operating Income Before Amortization were partially offset by decreases of \$27.6 million from Emerging Businesses and \$22.6 million from corporate.

Contributing favorably to Operating Income Before Amortization is the impact of higher revenue and lower traffic acquisition costs from Media & Advertising. Partially offsetting the increases in Operating Income Before Amortization at certain segments is the favorable impact in the prior year of an \$8.2 million reimbursement of previously expensed advances related to the restructuring of our interests in a business venture within Emerging Businesses, as well as increased operating expenses associated with various early stage businesses not in the year ago period, InstantAction.com, RushmoreDrive.com and Connected Ventures. Operating Income Before Amortization was further impacted by an increase of \$37.9 million in expenses related to the Spin-Off, partially offset by lower non-Spin-Off related professional fees, a reduction in insurance reserves due to favorable loss experience and a decrease in rent expense from corporate.

Operating Income Before Amortization in 2007 increased \$45.1 million from 2006 primarily due to growth of \$29.9 million and \$15.0 million from Media & Advertising and Match, respectively. Contributing favorably to Operating Income Before Amortization is a benefit of \$17.4 million from Media & Advertising resulting from the net capitalization of certain marketing costs that had previously been expensed as incurred as described above in the selling and marketing expense discussion. In addition, Operating Income Before Amortization was further impacted by continued growth and lower operating costs at Match.

Operating loss

	Years Ended December 31,				2006
	2008	% Change	2007	% Change	
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Operating loss	\$(61,961)	21%	\$(78,504)	29%	\$(111,306)
As a percentage of total revenue	(4)%	160 bp	(6)%	523 bp	(11)%

Operating loss in 2008 decreased \$16.5 million from 2007 primarily due to the increase of \$19.6 million in Operating Income Before Amortization described above and a decrease of \$29.7 million in amortization of non-cash marketing, partially offset by the impairment charges noted below and an increase of \$13.0 million in non-cash compensation expense. The decrease in amortization of non-cash marketing is attributable to IAC Search & Media and Shoebuy. The amortization of non-cash marketing referred to in this report consists of non-cash advertising secured from Universal Television as part of the transaction pursuant to which Vivendi Universal Entertainment, LLLP ("VUE") was created, and the subsequent transaction by which IAC sold its partnership interests in VUE. The increase in non-cash compensation expense is primarily due to the acceleration and modification of certain equity awards associated with the Spin-Off.

In the fourth quarter of 2008, the Company identified and recorded impairment charges related to the write-down of the goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets of Connected Ventures, which is included in the Emerging Businesses segment, of \$11.6 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, and the indefinite-lived intangible assets of the Media & Advertising segment of \$9.2 million. The impairment at Connected Ventures resulted from the Company's assessment of its future profitability. The impairment at the Media & Advertising segment primarily resulted from the decline in revenue and profitability in IAC Search & Media's Excite, iWon and MyWay portals businesses. The indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment charges are included in amortization of intangibles in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. The write-downs were determined by comparing the fair values of the respective reporting unit's goodwill and intangible assets with the carrying amounts. Fair values were determined using an income approach.

Operating loss in 2007 decreased \$32.8 million from 2006 primarily due to the increase of \$45.1 million in Operating Income Before Amortization described above and a decrease of \$6.5 million in amortization of intangibles, partially offset by an increase of \$12.5 million in amortization of

non-cash marketing and an increase of \$6.2 million in non-cash compensation expense. The increase in non-cash marketing is attributable to Match and IAC Search & Media. The increase in non-cash compensation expense is primarily due to additional equity grants in 2007 and 2006. Operating loss reflects lower amortization of intangibles primarily due to lower amortization expense at Media & Advertising due to certain intangible assets becoming fully amortized.

Other income (expense)

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	% Change	2007	% Change	2006
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Other income (expense):					
Interest income	\$ 24,759	(58)%	\$ 58,931	(8)%	\$ 63,752
Interest expense	(32,364)	45%	(59,054)	2%	(57,877)
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates	16,640	(26)%	22,352	(29)%	31,327
Gain on sale of long-term investments	381,099	2,186%	16,669	188%	5,781
Other (expense) income	(234,690)	NM	35,516	NM	(7,537)

Interest income in 2008 decreased \$34.2 million from 2007 primarily due to lower average cash and marketable securities balances in 2008, as well as the impact of lower average interest rates due, in part, to a reallocation of investments during the second half of the year into lower yielding treasury and government agency funds. Interest expense in 2008 decreased \$26.7 million from 2007 as the amount of outstanding debt decreased year over year due to the extinguishment of \$734.2 million of the Company's 7% Senior Notes due 2013 (the "Senior Notes") as described below. The remaining outstanding principal of the Senior Notes at December 31, 2008 is \$15.8 million.

Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates in 2008 decreased \$5.7 million from 2007 primarily due to a \$5.5 million impairment charge to write-down an equity method investment to its fair value. The decline in value was determined to be other-than-temporary due to the equity method investee's recent operating losses, negative operating cash flows and the resulting need for changes to the investee's existing business model. The resulting valuation of the investee also reflects the assessment of current market conditions and the investee's ability to successfully restructure. Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates was further impacted by increased losses associated with various Company investments, including those not in the year ago period, partially offset by higher earnings from its investment in Jupiter Shop Channel Co., Ltd. ("Jupiter Shop"), a Japanese TV shopping company.

Gain on sale of long-term investments in 2008 represents a gain of \$352.0 million on the sale of the Company's investment in Jupiter Shop and a gain of \$29.1 million associated with the sale of the Company's preferred investment in Points International, Ltd. ("Points"). On December 8, 2008 the Company sold its 30% equity stake in Jupiter Shop for \$493.3 million. Gain on sale of long-term investments in 2007 represents amounts received due to the resolution of certain contingencies related to the sale of our common interests in VUE to NBC Universal on June 7, 2005.

Other expense in 2008 of \$234.7 million is primarily due to the write-downs of \$166.7 million and \$13.3 million related to the Company's investment in Arcandor AG ("ARO"), and certain other investments, respectively. As part of the consideration for the sale of HSE in June 2007, the Company received approximately 5.5 million shares of ARO stock ("ARO Shares"). During 2008, the Company considered the value of the ARO Shares to be other-than-temporarily impaired and wrote the value of the investment down during both the second and fourth quarters. At December 31, 2008, the Company's investment in ARO totaled €16.9 million or \$23.8 million, which is valued at €3.09 per share, the stock's closing price on December 30, 2008. These losses were determined to be other-than-temporary due to the significant decline in, and the Company's assessment of the near-to-medium term prospects for a recovery of, the ARO stock price.

Other expense in 2008 also reflects a \$63.2 million loss on the extinguishment of \$734.2 million of the Senior Notes. On August 20, 2008, IAC purchased for cash \$456.7 million of Senior Notes pursuant to its amended tender offer to purchase the outstanding Senior Notes. Concurrent with the tender offer and in connection with the Spin-Off, the Company exchanged an additional \$277.4 million in principal amount of the Senior Notes for the debt of ILG.

Other income in 2007 of \$35.5 million was primarily due to gains of \$24.1 million and \$5.2 million associated with the derivative asset received by the Company in connection with the sale of HSE and the derivatives created in the Expedia spin-off, respectively. Other income also included a gain of \$3.1 million on the sale of fixed assets in 2007.

Interest income in 2007 decreased \$4.8 million from 2006 primarily due to lower cash and marketable securities balances in 2007, as well as a partial reallocation of investments into tax-exempt cash equivalents and marketable securities. Interest expense in 2007 increased \$1.2 million from 2006 as average interest rates increased slightly while the average amount of outstanding debt remained relatively consistent year over year.

Gain on sale of long-term investments in 2007 represents amounts received related to the sale of our common interests in VUE as described above. Gain on sale of long-term investments in 2006 principally relates to a gain on the sale of our equity investment in BET.

Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates in 2007 decreased \$9.0 million from 2006 primarily due to a smaller contribution from the Company's investment in Jupiter Shop.

Other expense in 2006 of \$7.5 million was primarily due to a loss of \$9.3 million in the amount recognized related to the derivatives created in the Expedia spin-off, partially offset by a \$1.3 million gain on foreign exchange.

Income tax provision

In 2008, the Company recorded an income tax benefit for continuing operations of \$37.7 million, despite income from continuing operations. The tax benefit is due to a net reduction in deferred tax liabilities caused by the Spin-Off, foreign tax credits generated by the sale of Jupiter Shop, foreign income taxed at lower rates, and state tax benefits, partially offset by changes in tax reserves, non-deductible costs related to the Spin-Off, and an increase in valuation allowances on deferred tax assets related to other-than-temporary losses related to certain investments. In 2007, the Company recorded an income tax provision for continuing operations of \$2.3 million, despite a loss from continuing operations. The tax provision includes interest on tax contingencies, partially offset by benefits from foreign tax credits associated with foreign equity investments, tax exempt income, federal tax credits for increasing research activities and non-taxable gains on derivatives. In 2006, the Company recorded a tax benefit for continuing operations of \$48.5 million which represents an effective tax rate of 64%. The 2006 tax rate is higher than the federal statutory rate of 35% due principally to foreign tax credits and the release of deferred tax liabilities associated with a foreign equity investment, net adjustments related to the reconciliation of provision accruals to tax returns and state and local income taxes, partially offset by interest on tax contingencies.

The Company is routinely under audit by federal, state, local and foreign authorities in the area of income tax. These audits include questioning the timing and the amount of deductions and the allocation of income among various tax jurisdictions. Income taxes payable include amounts considered sufficient to pay assessments that may result from examination of prior year returns; however, the amount paid upon resolution of issues raised may differ from the amount provided. Differences between the reserves for tax contingencies and the amounts owed by the Company are recorded in the period they become known.

As of December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$372.6 million and \$245.2 million, respectively. Unrecognized tax benefits for the year ended December 31, 2008 increased by \$127.5 million due principally to an unrecognized current year capital loss on the Company's investment in Tree.com prior to the Spin-Off, partially offset by the effective settlement of certain prior year tax positions with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") principally relating to the reversal of deductible temporary differences. The Company recognizes interest and, if applicable, penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. Included in income tax expense from continuing operations and discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2008 is an \$8.4 million expense and a \$1.8 million benefit, respectively, net of related deferred taxes of \$5.7 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, for interest on unrecognized tax benefits. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company has accrued \$49.7 million and \$40.0 million, respectively, for the payment of interest. There are no material accruals for penalties.

The IRS is currently examining the Company's tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2001 through 2003. The statute of limitations for these years has been extended to December 31, 2009. Various state, local and foreign jurisdictions are currently under examination, the most significant of which are Florida, New York and New York City, for various tax years beginning with December 31, 2001. These examinations are expected to be completed in late 2009. In early 2009, the IRS commenced an audit of the Company's tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2004 through 2006. The statute of limitations for these years has been extended and this examination is expected to be completed in 2011. The Company believes that it is reasonably possible that its unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by \$15.2 million within twelve months of the current reporting date due to settlements and the reversal of deductible temporary differences which will primarily result in a corresponding increase in net deferred tax liabilities. An estimate of other changes in unrecognized tax benefits, while potentially significant, cannot be made.

Discontinued operations

Discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations include HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster and Tree.com through August 20, 2008, EPI through May 30, 2008, HSE through June 19, 2007, PRC through November 29, 2006 and Quiz TV Limited and iBuy for all periods presented. Results from these discontinued operations, net of tax, in 2008, 2007 and 2006 were losses of \$316.5 million, losses of \$173.2 million and income of \$204.1 million, respectively. The 2008 amount is principally due to the losses of HSNi, Tree.com and EPI, which include pre-tax impairment charges related to goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets of \$221.5 million and \$78.5 million, respectively, for HSNi and \$132.5 million and \$33.4 million, respectively, for Tree.com. The losses from HSNi, Tree.com and EPI were partially offset by income of Ticketmaster and ILG. The 2007 amount is principally due to the losses of Tree.com and EPI, which include pre-tax impairment charges related to goodwill and intangible assets for Tree.com of \$459.5 million and \$16.2 million, respectively, and \$48.3 million and \$8.9 million, respectively, for EPI. The losses from Tree.com and EPI were partially offset by income of Ticketmaster, HSNi and ILG. The 2006 amount is principally due to the income of Ticketmaster, HSNi and ILG, partially offset by losses of EPI, which include pre-tax impairment charges related to goodwill and intangible assets of \$189.1 million and \$25.4 million, respectively.

Additionally, the Company recognized after-tax gains in 2008, 2007 and 2006 of \$22.3 million, \$31.1 million and \$9.6 million on the sales of EPI in the second quarter of 2008, HSE in the second quarter of 2007 and PRC in the fourth quarter of 2006, respectively.

Segment Results

In addition to the discussion of consolidated results above, the following is a discussion of the results of each segment.

Media & Advertising

Our Media & Advertising segment consists primarily of our search business, which includes *Ask.com* and other destination search websites through which we provide search and related advertising services, and toolbars and applications through which we promote and distribute these services, Citysearch, a leading online local city guide, and Evite, an online social planning website.

For the year ended December 31, 2008 compared to the year ended December 31, 2007

Revenue grew 3% to \$778.8 million, primarily due to improved economics associated with the renewed paid listing supply agreement with Google, which resulted in an increase in revenue per query across most proprietary search properties. Revenue also benefited from an increase in both queries and revenue per query at *Ask.com* internationally and Fun Web Products. The growth in queries at *Ask.com* internationally and Fun Web Products was partially offset by declines in queries at *Ask.com* in the U.S. due, in part, to significantly lower marketing spend in 2008 versus 2007. Offsetting these increases in revenue was a sharp decline in network revenue, resulting from the discontinuation of relationships with certain partners that took place during 2008 in conjunction with the renewed Google agreement. Proprietary revenue represented 69.2% of total Media & Advertising revenue during the year versus 55.2% in 2007. The acquisition of Lexico, which includes *Dictionary.com* and *Thesaurus.com*, on July 3, 2008, contributed \$10.1 million to revenue in 2008. Citysearch continued to grow users and revenue during the year.

Operating Income Before Amortization increased 58% to \$139.6 million, growing at a faster rate than revenue primarily due to the reduction in the current year of \$43.7 million in traffic acquisition costs and a decrease in selling and marketing expense, partially offset by an increase of \$5.8 million in product development expense. Overall traffic acquisition costs during the year decreased as a direct result of a decrease in network revenue, partially offset by growth in distribution revenue included as a component of proprietary revenue at IAC Search & Media. As a percentage of revenue, traffic acquisition costs associated with network revenue generated from integrated paid listings are lower than traffic acquisition costs associated with distribution revenue generated from partners who redirect traffic to the *Ask.com* landing page. Contributing to the decrease in selling and marketing expense is a decrease of \$12.9 million in advertising and promotional expenditures partially offset by an increase of \$10.3 million in compensation and other employee-related costs. The increase in product development expense is primarily due to an increase of \$5.7 million in compensation and other employee-related costs, due in part to recent acquisitions not in the year ago period and an approximate 8% increase in average headcount at IAC Search & Media.

Operating income increased 237% to \$100.7 million, primarily due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization described above and a decrease of \$28.7 million in amortization of non-cash marketing, partially offset by an increase of \$9.3 million in amortization of intangibles. The increase in amortization of intangibles resulted principally from an indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment charge of \$9.2 million related to the decline in revenue and profitability of IAC Search & Media's Excite, iWon and MyWay portal businesses.

For the year ended December 31, 2007 compared to the year ended December 31, 2006

Revenue grew 39% to \$758.5 million, primarily due to an increase in queries from distributed search and paid listings and an increase in both revenue per query and queries at Fun Web Products and *Ask.com*. Within IAC Search & Media, network revenue growth outpaced that of proprietary revenue primarily due to an increase in distributed search and paid listings. Proprietary revenue grew on the strength of Fun Web Products and *Ask.com*.

Operating Income Before Amortization increased 51% to \$88.2 million, primarily due to the revenue growth noted above, as well as a reduction in the current year marketing expense of \$17.4 million resulting from the net capitalization and amortization of costs associated with the distribution of toolbars, which began on April 1, 2007. These costs had previously been expensed as incurred (see Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements). The increase in Operating Income Before Amortization was adversely impacted by increases of \$21.5 million in selling and marketing expense and \$7.1 million in product development expense at IAC Search & Media and an increase of \$10.2 million in selling and marketing expense at Citysearch. The increases in selling and marketing expense at IAC Search & Media and Citysearch are primarily due to Ask.com's 2007 ad campaign and the opening of a new Citysearch call center in late 2006. Operating Income Before Amortization also reflects increased cost of sales primarily related to traffic acquisition costs which is a direct result of the growth in network revenue.

Operating loss decreased \$35.9 million to income of \$29.9 million, due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization described above, as well as a \$10.0 million decrease in amortization of intangibles, partially offset by a \$4.0 million increase in amortization of non-cash marketing.

Match

For the year ended December 31, 2008 compared to the year ended December 31, 2007

Revenue grew 5% to \$365.5 million, reflecting a 2% increase in both international subscribers and revenue per subscriber, and 6% and 3% growth in North America subscribers and revenue per subscriber, respectively. The growth in international subscribers was driven by expansion in several markets, most notably the United Kingdom and Japan, partially offset by declines in Spain and Germany. Domestically, Chemistry.com continued to grow subscribers during 2008.

Operating Income Before Amortization increased 16% to \$91.3 million, growing at a faster rate than revenue primarily due to lower traffic acquisition costs as a percentage of revenue due to more favorable economic terms under agreements with certain domestic distribution partners, partially offset by increased marketing spend and increased compensation and other employee-related costs related to product development. In 2008, Match experienced increases in advertising expenses associated with television advertising and online marketing related to Chemistry.com and various international marketing campaigns. The increase in compensation and other employee-related costs related to product development is due in part to an approximate 30% increase in average headcount as the company continues to make improvements to the site's features and functionality.

Operating income increased 15% to \$75.5 million primarily due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization discussed above and a decrease in amortization of intangibles, partially offset by an increase of \$4.0 million in amortization of non-cash marketing.

For the year ended December 31, 2007 compared to the year ended December 31, 2006

Revenue grew 12% to \$348.7 million, reflecting higher average prices in North America which contributed to an 11% increase in average revenue per subscriber. International and worldwide subscribers grew 11% and 1%, respectively. The growth in international paid subscribers was driven by expansion in several markets, most notably the United Kingdom and Scandinavia.

Operating Income Before Amortization increased 24% to \$78.4 million, growing at a faster rate than revenue primarily due to lower operating costs and lower international traffic acquisition costs as a percentage of revenue.

Operating income increased 13% to \$65.8 million primarily due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization discussed above as well as a decrease in amortization of intangibles, partially offset by an \$8.2 million increase in amortization of non-cash marketing.

ServiceMagic

For the year ended December 31, 2008 compared to the year ended December 31, 2007

Revenue grew 33% to \$123.9 million, benefiting from a more active service provider network and a 27% increase in service requests driven by increased marketing efforts. During 2008, ServiceMagic experienced a 29% increase in the number of times service requests are accepted by a service professional.

Operating Income Before Amortization increased 26% to \$26.2 million, primarily due to the increase in revenue noted above, partially offset by increases of \$15.9 million in cost of sales, \$4.6 million in selling and marketing expense and \$3.9 million in general and administrative expense. The increase in costs of sales is primarily driven by increased traffic acquisition costs as ServiceMagic continued to focus its spend on driving higher margin home repair and improvement requests. However, during 2008, ServiceMagic experienced slowing growth in these high margin requests due, in part, to this weak economic environment. Selling and marketing expense reflects increased compensation and other employee-related costs associated with the expansion of the sales force due in part to the opening of a new customer call center in Kansas City in the second quarter of 2007. Contributing to the increase in general and administrative expense are increases of \$1.4 million, \$0.9 million and \$0.8 million in compensation and other employee-related costs, bad debt expense and facilities costs, respectively.

Operating income increased 36% to \$24.0 million, primarily due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization discussed above and a decrease of \$1.0 million in amortization of intangibles, partially offset by an increase in non-cash compensation expense.

For the year ended December 31, 2007 compared to the year ended December 31, 2006

Revenue grew 47% to \$93.4 million, benefiting from a 37% increase in customer service requests, improved monetization of service requests and a 9% increase in the number of service providers in the network.

Operating Income Before Amortization and operating income increased 29% and 42%, respectively, to \$20.8 million and \$17.6 million, respectively, primarily due to the increase in revenue noted above, partially offset by increases of \$10.2 million in general and administrative expense and \$8.2 million in selling and marketing expense. These increases are primarily related to increases in compensation and other employee-related costs associated with the opening of a new call center in Kansas City, the expansion of the sales force and increased marketing expenses.

Emerging Businesses

Our Emerging Businesses segment consists primarily of Shoebuy and Pronto, as well as Gifts.com, ReserveAmerica, Connected Ventures, InstantAction.com, VeryShortList.com, RushmoreDrive.com, Life123.com and The Daily Beast, among other early stage businesses that provide online content and/or services.

For the year ended December 31, 2008 compared to the year ended December 31, 2007

Revenue grew 35% to \$196.6 million reflecting strong growth at Pronto and Shoebuy. The increase in revenue at Pronto is primarily due improvements in customer acquisition and monetization.

Operating Income Before Amortization loss increased by \$27.6 million to a loss of \$35.5 million. Losses increased due primarily to the inclusion in the prior year's results of an \$8.2 million reimbursement of previously expensed advances related to the restructuring of our interests in a business venture, as well as increased operating expenses associated with various early stage businesses not in the year ago period, InstantAction.com, RushmoreDrive.com and Connected Ventures. Partially offsetting the decrease in Operating Income Before Amortization loss is the first full year of profitability at Pronto.

Operating loss increased by \$34.6 million to \$56.0 million primarily due to the increased Operating Income Before Amortization loss discussed above and a goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment charge of \$11.6 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, related to Connected Ventures, partially offset by the inclusion in the prior year period of \$4.9 million in amortization of non-cash marketing related to Shoebuy and a decrease of non-cash compensation expense. The impairment at Connected Ventures resulted from the Company's assessment of its future profitability.

For the year ended December 31, 2007 compared to the year ended December 31, 2006

Revenue grew 70% to \$145.3 million reflecting strong growth at Shoebuy and Pronto.

Operating Income Before Amortization loss and operating loss decreased 44% and 16%, respectively, to losses of \$7.9 million and \$21.3 million, respectively. Losses decreased due primarily to the inclusion in the current year's results of an \$8.2 million reimbursement of previously expensed advances related to the restructuring of our interests in a business venture, partially offset by increased operating expenses associated with early stage businesses not in the year ago period.

Corporate

For the year ended December 31, 2008 compared to the year ended December 31, 2007

Operating Income Before Amortization loss increased 23% to a loss of \$121.5 million reflecting an increase of \$37.9 million in expenses related to the Spin-Off, partially offset by decreases of \$5.8 million in non-Spin-Off related professional fees, a reduction of \$3.7 million in insurance reserves due to favorable loss experience and a decrease of \$3.5 million in rent expense.

Operating loss increased 21% to \$206.2 million, primarily due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization loss discussed above and an increase of \$13.2 million in non-cash compensation expense. The increase in non-cash compensation expense is primarily due to the acceleration and modification of certain equity awards associated with the Spin-Off, partially offset by the reversal in 2008 of cumulative expense associated with performance-based RSUs which are not probable of vesting.

For the year ended December 31, 2007 compared to the year ended December 31, 2006

Operating Income Before Amortization loss increased 12% to a loss of \$98.9 million reflecting \$4.1 million in expenses related to the Spin-Off in 2007 and the inclusion of a favorable settlement of a lawsuit in the prior year period.

Operating loss increased 13% to \$170.4 million, primarily due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization loss discussed above and a \$9.2 million increase in non-cash compensation expense. The increase in non-cash compensation expense is primarily due to equity grants issued in 2007, partially offset by a decrease in expense associated with unvested stock options assumed in the IAC Search & Media acquisition as well as the impact of expense relating to equity modifications recorded in the prior year.

FINANCIAL POSITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of December 31, 2008, the Company had \$1.7 billion of cash and cash equivalents, \$125.6 million of marketable securities and \$95.8 million in long-term debt. Long-term debt consists of \$80.0 million in Liberty Bonds due September 1, 2035 and \$15.8 million in Senior Notes.

During 2008 and 2007, IAC purchased 3.0 million and 7.8 million shares of IAC common stock for aggregate consideration, on a trade date basis, of \$145.6 million and \$508.6 million, respectively. In 2006, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 30 million shares of IAC common stock of which 22.4 million shares remain at January 30, 2009. IAC may purchase shares over an indefinite period of time, depending on those factors IAC management deems relevant at any particular time, including, without limitation, market conditions, share price and future outlook.

Net cash provided by operating activities attributable to continuing operations was \$107.7 million in 2008 compared with net cash used in operating activities attributable to continuing operations of \$26.5 million in 2007. The increase of \$134.2 million in net cash provided by operating activities reflects lower cash taxes paid of \$214.9 million and a decrease in accrued liabilities, partially offset by a decrease in accounts receivable.

Net cash provided by investing activities attributable to continuing operations in 2008 of \$927.4 million includes the proceeds of \$549.3 million from the sale of long-term investments, the net cash distribution from the spun-off businesses of \$441.7 million, the net proceeds of \$186.3 million related to the sales, maturities and purchases of marketable securities and the proceeds of \$32.2 million from the sale of discontinued operations, partially offset by acquisitions, net of cash acquired, of \$148.6 million, purchases of long-term investments of \$67.9 million and capital expenditures of \$65.6 million. The purchases of long-term investments primarily includes the Company's equity investment in The HealthCentral Network. The proceeds from the sale of long-term investments relate to the sale of our equity investment in Jupiter Shop and our preferred investment in Points. The proceeds from discontinued operations relate to the sale of EPI. Net cash provided by investing activities attributable to continuing operations in 2007 of \$337.4 million includes the net proceeds of \$583.4 million related to the purchases, sales and maturities of marketable securities, partially offset by capital expenditures of \$112.9 million, acquisitions, net of cash acquired, of \$45.9 million, and the net purchases of long-term investments of \$104.4 million. During 2007 the Company invested \$256.2 million in entities that are accounted for under the equity method. The most significant investment made by the Company was in Front Line Management Group, Inc. ("Front Line"), which included the conversion of a \$26.5 million convertible note. On August 9, 2007, the Company sold a portion of its investment in Front Line to the Warner Music Group at the same per share price that the Company paid to acquire its investment in Front Line. In accordance with the terms of the Spin-Off, IAC transferred its equity investment in Front Line, valued at \$125.8 million at December 31, 2007, to Ticketmaster.

Net cash used in financing activities attributable to continuing operations in 2008 of \$674.1 million includes the repurchase of Senior Notes of \$519.9 million, the purchase of treasury stock of \$145.6 million and the issuance of common stock pursuant to stock-based awards, net of withholding taxes, of \$10.6 million. Net cash used in financing activities attributable to continuing operations in 2007 of \$533.5 million includes the purchase of treasury stock of \$542.9 million, the issuance of common stock pursuant to stock-based awards, net of withholding taxes, of \$64.2 million and principal payments on long-term obligations of \$7.6 million, partially offset by the excess tax benefits from stock-based awards of \$75.4 million.

Net cash used in discontinued operations in 2008 of \$178.3 million and net cash provided by discontinued operations in 2007 of \$356.5 million relate primarily to the operations of Ticketmaster, HSNi, ILG and Tree.com. The Company does not expect future cash flows associated with existing discontinued operations to be material.

IAC anticipates that it will need to make capital and other expenditures in connection with the development and expansion of its overall operations. The Company may make a number of acquisitions which could result in the reduction of its cash balance or the incurrence of debt. IAC expects that 2009 capital expenditures will be lower than 2008.

Warrants to acquire 11.5 million shares of IAC common stock were exercised for aggregate proceeds of \$150.9 million from January 1, 2009 through February 4, 2009, the expiration date of the warrants. The strike price of the warrants was \$13.09 per share.

IAC believes that its cash on hand along with its anticipated operating cash flows in 2009 and its access to capital markets are sufficient to fund its operating needs, capital, investing and other commitments and contingencies for the foreseeable future.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMERCIAL COMMITMENTS

<u>Contractual Obligations(a)</u>	<u>Payments Due by Period</u>				
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Less Than 1 Year</u>	<u>1-3 Years</u>	<u>3-5 Years</u>	<u>More Than 5 Years</u>
			(In Thousands)		
Long-term obligations(b)	\$208,835	\$ 5,109	\$10,218	\$25,508	\$168,000
Purchase obligations(c)	731	417	314	—	—
Operating leases	298,938	20,797	36,698	28,329	213,114
Total contractual cash obligations	<u>\$508,504</u>	<u>\$ 26,323</u>	<u>\$47,230</u>	<u>\$53,837</u>	<u>\$381,114</u>

- (a) At December 31, 2008, the Company has recorded \$422.3 million of unrecognized tax benefits which included accrued interest of \$49.7 million. This amount includes \$244.5 million for unrecognized tax benefits and related interest that could result in future net cash payments to taxing authorities. The Company cannot make a reasonably reliable estimate of the expected period of cash settlement of these items.
- (b) Represents contractual amounts due, including interest.
- (c) The purchase obligations primarily relate to minimum payments due under a telecommunications contract related to data transmission lines.

<u>Other Commercial Commitments*</u>	<u>Amount of Commitment Expiration Per Period</u>				
	<u>Total Amounts Committed</u>	<u>Less Than 1 Year</u>	<u>1-3 Years</u>	<u>3-5 Years</u>	<u>More Than 5 Years</u>
			(In Thousands)		
Guarantee, letters of credit and surety bonds	\$ 23,071	\$ 7,904	\$ 167	\$ 15,000	\$ —

- * Commercial commitments are funding commitments that could potentially require registrant performance in the event of demands by third parties or contingent events, such as under lines of credit extended or under guarantees of debt.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Other than the items described above, the Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as of December 31, 2008.

IAC'S PRINCIPLES OF FINANCIAL REPORTING

IAC reports Operating Income Before Amortization as a supplemental measure to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). This measure is one of the primary metrics by which we evaluate the performance of our businesses, on which our internal budgets are based and by which management is compensated. We believe that investors should have access to, and we are obligated to provide, the same set of tools that we use in analyzing our results. This non-GAAP measure should be considered in addition to results prepared in accordance with GAAP, but should not be considered a substitute for or superior to GAAP results. We provide and encourage investors to examine the reconciling adjustments between the GAAP and non-GAAP measure which we discuss below.

Definition of IAC's Non-GAAP Measure

Operating Income Before Amortization is defined as operating income excluding, if applicable: (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) amortization of non-cash marketing, (3) amortization and impairment of intangibles, (4) goodwill impairment, (5) pro forma adjustments for significant acquisitions, and (6) one-time items. We believe this measure is useful to investors because it represents the consolidated operating results from IAC's segments, taking into account depreciation, which we believe is an ongoing cost of doing business, but excluding the effects of any other non-cash expenses. Operating Income Before Amortization has certain limitations in that it does not take into account the impact to IAC's statement of operations of certain expenses, including non-cash compensation, non-cash marketing, and acquisition-related accounting. IAC endeavors to compensate for the limitations of the non-GAAP measure presented by providing the comparable GAAP measure with equal or greater prominence and descriptions of the reconciling items, including quantifying such items, to derive the non-GAAP measure.

Pro Forma Results

We will only present Operating Income Before Amortization on a pro forma basis if we view a particular transaction as significant in size or transformational in nature. For the periods presented in this report, there are no transactions that we have included on a pro forma basis.

One-Time Items

Operating Income Before Amortization is presented before one-time items, if applicable. These items are truly one-time in nature and non-recurring, infrequent or unusual, and have not occurred in the past two years or are not expected to recur in the next two years, in accordance with SEC rules. For the periods presented in this report, there are no one-time items.

Non-Cash Expenses That Are Excluded From IAC's Non-GAAP Measure

Non-cash compensation expense consists principally of expense associated with the grants, including unvested grants assumed in acquisitions, of restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock options. These expenses are not paid in cash, and we include the related shares in our fully diluted shares outstanding which, for restricted stock units and stock options, are included on a treasury method basis. Upon vesting of restricted stock and restricted stock units and the exercise of certain stock options, the awards are settled, at the Company's discretion, on a net basis, with the Company remitting the required tax withholding amount from its current funds.

Amortization of non-cash marketing consists of non-cash advertising secured from Universal Television as part of the transaction pursuant to which VUE was created, and the subsequent transaction by which IAC sold its partnership interests in VUE (collectively referred to as the "NBC Universal Advertising"). The NBC Universal Advertising is available for television advertising on various NBC Universal network and cable channels without any cash cost. At December 31, 2008, there was \$15.9 million of NBC Universal Advertising credits available for use.

The NBC Universal Advertising is excluded from Operating Income Before Amortization because it is non-cash and generally is incremental to the advertising the Company otherwise secures as a result of its ordinary cost/benefit marketing planning process. Accordingly, the Company's aggregate level of advertising, and the increased concentration of that advertising on NBC Universal network and cable channels, does not reflect what our advertising effort would otherwise be without these credits, which will expire on September 30, 2009 if not exhausted before then. As a result, management believes that treating the NBC Universal Advertising as an expense does not appropriately reflect its true cost/benefit relationship, nor does it best reflect the Company's long-term level of advertising expenditures. Nonetheless, while the benefits directly attributable to television advertising are always difficult to determine, and especially so with respect to the NBC Universal Advertising due to its incrementality and heavy concentration, it is likely that the Company does derive benefits from it, though management believes such benefits are generally less than those received through its regular advertising for the reasons stated above. Operating Income Before Amortization therefore has the limitation of including those benefits while excluding the associated expense.

Amortization of intangibles is a non-cash expense relating primarily to acquisitions. At the time of an acquisition, the intangible assets of the acquired company, such as technology and supplier contracts, are valued and amortized over their estimated lives. While it is likely that we will have significant intangible amortization expense as we continue to acquire companies, we believe that since intangibles represent costs incurred by the acquired company to build value prior to acquisition, they were part of transaction costs.

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME BEFORE AMORTIZATION

For a reconciliation of Operating Income Before Amortization to operating (loss) income by business and to net earnings available to common shareholders in total for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, see Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The following disclosure is provided to supplement the descriptions of IAC's accounting policies contained in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in regard to significant areas of judgment. Management of the Company is required to make certain estimates and assumptions during the preparation of its consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These estimates and assumptions impact the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. They also impact the reported amount of net earnings during any period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Because of the size of the financial statement elements to which they relate, some of our accounting policies and estimates have a more significant impact on our consolidated financial statements than others. What follows is a discussion of some of our more significant accounting policies and estimates.

Recoverability of Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS No. 142"), we review the carrying value of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets on an annual basis as of October 1 or more frequently if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. We determine the fair value of a reporting unit based upon an evaluation of its expected discounted cash flows. This discounted cash flow analysis utilizes an evaluation of historical and forecasted operating results. The determination of discounted cash flows is based upon forecasted operating results that may not occur. The annual assessment for 2008 for those IAC businesses included within continuing operations identified impairment charges for the Connected Ventures and IAC Search & Media reporting units as more fully described above in "Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006". The value of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets that is subject to assessment for impairment in accordance with SFAS 142 is \$1.9 billion and \$337.3 million, respectively, at December 31, 2008.

Certain reporting units are currently operating in dynamic industry segments. These include IAC Search & Media and InstantAction.com. If actual operating results of these businesses vary significantly from anticipated results, the future impairments of goodwill and/or other intangible assets could occur. To illustrate the magnitude of potential impairment charges relative to future changes in estimated fair value, had the estimated fair value of each of these reporting units been hypothetically lower by 10% as of October 1, 2008, the aggregate book value of goodwill would have exceeded fair value by approximately \$140 million at IAC Search & Media and \$4 million at InstantAction.com. Had the estimated fair values of each of these reporting units been hypothetically lower by 20% as of October 1, 2008, the book value of goodwill would have exceeded fair value by approximately \$330 million at IAC Search & Media and \$8 million at InstantAction.com.

Recoverability of Long-Lived Assets

We review the carrying value of all long-lived assets, primarily property and equipment and definite-lived intangible assets, for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may be impaired. In accordance with SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS No. 144"), impairment is considered to have occurred whenever the carrying value of a long-lived asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows that is expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. The determination of cash flows is based upon assumptions that may not occur. The value of long-lived assets that is subject to assessment for impairment in accordance with SFAS No. 144 is \$376.4 million at December 31, 2008.

Marketable Securities

The Company accounts for marketable securities in accordance with SFAS No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" ("SFAS No. 115"). The Company invests in certain marketable securities, which consist primarily of short-to-intermediate-term debt securities issued by the U.S. government, U.S. government agencies and municipalities and foreign sovereignties and investment grade corporate securities. In addition, the Company holds approximately 5.5 million shares of Arcandor AG ("ARO Shares") at December 31, 2008. The unrealized gains and losses on marketable securities, net of tax, are included in accumulated other comprehensive income as a separate component of shareholders' equity. The specific-identification method is used to determine the cost of a security sold or the amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings.

The Company employs a methodology that considers available evidence in evaluating potential other-than-temporary impairment of its investments. Investments are considered to be impaired when a decline in fair value below the cost basis is determined to be other-than-temporary. Factors considered in determining whether a loss is other-than-temporary include the length of time and extent to which fair value has been less than the cost basis, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the Company's intent and ability to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value. If a decline in fair value is determined to be other-than-temporary, an impairment loss is recorded in current earnings and a new cost basis in the investment is established. Future events may result in reconsideration of the nature of losses as other-than-temporary and market and other factors may cause the value of the Company's investment in marketable securities to decline. During 2008, the Company concluded that the decline in price of the ARO Shares was other-than-temporarily impaired and wrote the value of the investment down during both the second and fourth quarters. For the year ending December 31, 2008, the Company recorded a \$166.7 million impairment charge that is included in "Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. These losses were determined to be other-than-temporary due to the significant decline in, and the Company's assessment of the near-to-medium term prospects for a recovery of, the ARO stock price. The carrying value of the ARO Shares is €16.9 million or \$23.8 million at December 31, 2008.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

We make judgments as to our ability to collect outstanding receivables and provide allowances when it is assessed that all or a portion of the receivable will not be collected. The Company determines its allowance by considering a number of factors, including the length of time accounts receivable are past due, the Company's previous loss history, the specific customer's ability to pay its obligation to the Company, and the condition of the general economy and the customer's industry. The Company writes off accounts receivable when they become uncollectible. The Company also maintains allowances to reserve for potential credits issued to customers or other revenue adjustments. The amount of these reserves are based, in part, on historical experience. As of December 31, 2008, the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts is \$11.4 million.

Income Taxes

Estimates of deferred income taxes and the significant items giving rise to the deferred assets and liabilities are shown in Note 4, and reflect management's assessment of actual future taxes to be paid on items reflected in the consolidated financial statements, giving consideration to both timing and the probability of realization. As of December 31, 2008, the balance of deferred tax assets, net, is \$196.2 million. Actual income taxes could vary from these estimates due to future changes in income tax law, state income tax apportionment or the outcome of any review of our tax returns by the IRS, as well as actual operating results of the Company that vary significantly from anticipated results. Effective

January 1, 2007, we adopted the provisions of FIN 48. As a result of the adoption of FIN 48, we recognize liabilities for uncertain tax positions based on the two-step process prescribed by the interpretation. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount which is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. This measurement step is inherently difficult and requires subjective estimations of such amounts to determine the probability of various possible outcomes. We consider many factors when evaluating and estimating our tax positions and tax benefits, which may require periodic adjustments and which may not accurately anticipate actual outcomes.

Stock Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"). As disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Company estimated the fair value of options issued in 2008 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions: risk-free interest rates of 2.6%, a dividend yield of zero and volatility factors of 47%, based on the expected market price of IAC common stock based on historical trends and a weighted average expected life of the options of 4.4 years. There were no stock options granted by the Company during the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. For stock options issued since 2003, including unvested options assumed in acquisitions, the value of the option is measured at the grant date (or acquisition date, if applicable) at fair value and amortized over the remaining vesting term. The impact on compensation expense for the year ended December 31, 2008, assuming a 1% increase in the risk-free interest rate, a 10% increase in the volatility factor, and a one year increase in the weighted average expected life of the outstanding options would be an increase of \$0.9 million, \$4.5 million, and \$2.7 million, respectively. The Company also issues restricted stock units and performance stock units. For restricted stock units issued, the value of the instrument is measured at the grant date as the fair value of IAC common stock and amortized ratably as non-cash compensation expense over the vesting term. For performance stock units issued, the value of the instrument is measured at the grant date as the fair value of IAC common stock and expensed as non-cash compensation when the performance targets are considered probable of being achieved.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements for a description of recent accounting pronouncements.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to market rate risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Company's investment portfolio and long-term debt.

Investment Portfolio

The Company invests its excess cash in certain cash equivalents and marketable securities, which consist primarily of money market instruments and short-to-intermediate-term debt securities issued by the U.S. government, U.S. governmental agencies and municipalities, and foreign sovereignties and investment grade corporate issuers. The Company employs a methodology that considers available evidence in evaluating potential impairment of its investments. Investments are considered to be impaired when a decline in fair value below the amortized cost basis is determined to be other-than-temporary. If a decline in fair value is determined to be other-than-temporary, an impairment loss is recorded and a new cost basis in the investment is established.

Based on the Company's total debt investment securities as of December 31, 2008, a 100 basis point increase or decrease in the level of interest rates would, respectively, decrease or increase the fair value of the debt investment securities by \$1.5 million. Such potential increase or decrease in fair value is based on certain simplifying assumptions, including a constant level and rate of debt securities and an immediate across-the-board increase or decrease in the level of interest rates with no other subsequent changes for the remainder of the period. Conversely, since almost all of the Company's cash balance of approximately \$1.7 billion is invested in variable rate interest earning assets, the Company would also earn more (less) interest income due to such an increase (decrease) in interest rates.

Long-term Debt

At December 31, 2008, the Company's outstanding debt approximated \$95.8 million, all of which pays interest at fixed rates. If market rates decline, the Company runs the risk that the related required payments on the fixed rate debt will exceed those based on market rates. A 100 basis point increase or decrease in the level of interest rates would, respectively, decrease or increase the fair value of the fixed-rate debt by \$9.9 million. Such potential increase or decrease in fair value is based on certain simplifying assumptions, including a constant level and rate of fixed-rate debt for all maturities and an immediate across-the-board increase or decrease in the level of interest rates with no other subsequent changes for the remainder of the period.

Equity Price Risk

The Company has investments in equity securities of publicly traded companies. These investments, as of December 31, 2008, were considered available-for-sale marketable equity securities and are included in "Long-term investments" with the unrealized gains or losses deferred as a component of "Accumulated other comprehensive income" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. These available-for-sale marketable equity securities are subject to significant fluctuations in fair value due to the volatility of the stock market. During 2008, the Company recorded impairments on available-for-sale marketable equity securities of \$172.9 million (including \$166.7 million related to the Company's investment in Arcandor AG ("ARO"), as described below). It is not customary for the Company to make significant investments in equity securities as part of its marketable securities investment strategy.

As part of the consideration for the sale of HSE on June 19, 2007, IAC received from ARO approximately 5.5 million shares of ARO stock (the "ARO Shares") valued at €141 million, plus

additional consideration in the form of a contingent value right ("CVR"). The CVR has value of up to €54 million within three years from the date of sale. ARO shares are listed on the German stock exchange (XETRA: ARO) and as a result, IAC is exposed to changes in ARO's stock price. The ultimate value of the CVR is dependent, in part, upon the average closing value of the ARO Shares for the 90 days preceding June 19, 2010 (the "Average Value"). To the extent that the Average Value is equal to or less than €141 million, IAC will receive a cash payment equal to €54 million. To the extent that the Average Value is equal to or greater than €195 million, IAC will receive no additional consideration. To the extent that the Average Value is between €141 million and €195 million, IAC will receive a pro rata portion of the €54 million. If the closing value of an ARO share equals or exceeds €35.68 per share for at least 30 consecutive trading days during the three year period from June 20, 2007 through June 19, 2010, the CVR expires without any payment being made. The CVR is accounted for as a derivative asset and maintained at fair value each reporting period with any changes in fair value recognized in current earnings as a component of other income (expense) in the consolidated statement of operations each period. During the year ended December 31, 2008 the change in the fair value of the CVR resulted in a gain of \$5.8 million. The ARO stock is an available-for-sale marketable equity security that is accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 115. During 2008, the Company concluded that the decline in the price of the ARO Shares was other-than-temporarily impaired and wrote the value of the investment down during both the second and fourth quarters. For the year ending December 31, 2008, the Company recorded a \$166.7 million impairment charge that is included in "Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. These losses were determined to be other-than-temporary due to the significant decline in, and the Company's assessment of the near-to-medium term prospects for a recovery of, the ARO stock price. The carrying value of the ARO Shares is €16.9 million or \$23.8 million at December 31, 2008.

Following the Expedia spin-off, a derivative liability was created due to IAC's obligation to deliver shares of both IAC common stock and Expedia common stock to the holders upon conversion of the Ask Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes (the "Convertible Notes"). A derivative asset was also created due to Expedia's contractual obligation to deliver shares of Expedia common stock to IAC upon conversion by the holders of the Convertible Notes. Both the derivative liability and derivative asset was maintained at fair value each reporting period, and the changes in fair values, which were based upon changes in both IAC common stock and Expedia common stock, were recognized in current earnings as a component of other income (expense). During the second quarter of 2008, the Convertible Notes were fully converted and the related derivatives expired. The net fair value adjustments recognized in current earnings during the year ended December 31, 2008 were gains of \$0.5 million.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

The Company conducts business in certain foreign markets, primarily in the European Union. The Company's primary exposure to foreign currency risk relates to investments in foreign subsidiaries that transact business in a functional currency other than the U.S. Dollar, primarily the Euro and British Pound Sterling. However, the exposure is mitigated since the Company has generally reinvested profits from international operations in order to grow the businesses. As a percentage of total IAC revenue (which excludes revenue related to discontinued operations), international operations represented approximately 19% in 2008 and 15% in both 2007 and 2006. The statements of operations of the Company's international operations are translated into United States dollars at the average exchange rates in each applicable period. To the extent the United States dollar strengthens against foreign currencies, the translation of these foreign currency denominated transactions results in reduced revenues and operating income. Similarly, the Company's revenue and operating income will increase for our international operations if the United States dollar weakens against foreign currencies. The Company is also exposed to foreign currency risk related to its assets and liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency.

As the Company increases its operations in international markets it becomes increasingly exposed to potentially volatile movements in currency exchange rates. The economic impact of currency exchange rate movements on the Company is often linked to variability in real growth, inflation, interest rates, governmental actions and other factors. These changes, if material, could cause the Company to adjust its financing and operating strategies. Foreign exchange gains and losses were not material to the Company's earnings in 2008, 2007 and 2006. As currency exchange rates change, translation of the income statements of the Company's international businesses into U.S. dollars affects year-over-year comparability of operating results. Historically, the Company has not hedged foreign currency translation risks because cash flows from international operations were generally reinvested locally. However, the Company periodically reviews its strategy for hedging foreign currency translation risks. The Company's objective in managing its foreign currency risk is to minimize its potential exposure to the changes that exchange rates might have on its earnings, cash flows and financial position.

Item 8. Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of
IAC/InterActiveCorp

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of IAC/InterActiveCorp and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a). These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of IAC/InterActiveCorp and subsidiaries at December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, on January 1, 2007, IAC/InterActiveCorp adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109."

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), IAC/InterActiveCorp's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 25, 2009 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

New York, New York
February 25, 2009

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
	(In thousands, except share data)	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,744,994	\$ 1,585,302
Marketable securities	125,592	326,788
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$11,396 and \$8,714, respectively	98,402	116,670
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	217,798	377,443
Current assets of discontinued operations	—	1,020,034
Total current assets	2,186,786	3,426,237
Property and equipment, net	326,961	334,341
Goodwill	1,910,295	1,823,779
Intangible assets, net	386,756	401,915
Long-term investments	120,582	301,023
Other non-current assets	319,218	201,764
Non-current assets of discontinued operations	—	6,101,743
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,250,598	\$ 12,590,802
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable, trade	\$ 52,833	\$ 41,957
Deferred revenue	50,886	48,110
Current maturities of long-term obligations	—	12,090
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	182,285	366,769
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	—	1,265,307
Total current liabilities	286,004	1,734,233
Long-term obligations, net of current maturities	95,844	834,542
Income taxes payable	403,043	264,113
Other long-term liabilities	15,400	13,893
Non-current liabilities of discontinued operations	—	1,127,479
Minority interest	22,771	32,880
Commitments and contingencies		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred stock \$.01 par value; authorized 100,000,000 shares; 0 and 758 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	—	—
Common stock \$.001 par value; authorized 1,600,000,000 shares; issued 210,217,183 and 208,538,800 shares, respectively, and outstanding 127,809,801 and 129,131,418 shares, including 0 and 100,000 shares of restricted stock, respectively	210	209
Class B convertible common stock \$.001 par value; authorized 400,000,000 shares; issued 16,157,499 shares and outstanding 12,799,999 shares	16	16
Additional paid-in capital	11,112,014	14,744,542
Retained earnings	227,445	567,820
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,180	39,814
Treasury stock 82,407,382 and 79,407,382 shares, respectively	(6,914,329)	(6,768,739)
Total shareholders' equity	4,427,536	8,583,662
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 5,250,598	\$ 12,590,802

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousands, except per share data)		
Service revenue	\$ 1,337,043	\$ 1,239,192	\$ 944,572
Product revenue	108,052	93,390	56,021
Revenue	1,445,095	1,332,582	1,000,593
Cost of sales—service revenue (exclusive of depreciation shown separately below)	439,008	489,414	327,546
Cost of sales—product revenue (exclusive of depreciation shown separately below)	79,184	64,907	41,534
Gross profit	926,903	778,261	631,513
Selling and marketing expense	433,332	391,522	322,520
General and administrative expense	343,504	273,551	250,355
Product development expense	65,457	46,428	37,687
Amortization of non-cash marketing	20,002	49,670	37,125
Depreciation	71,051	59,861	52,904
Amortization of intangibles	43,918	35,733	42,228
Goodwill impairment	11,600	—	—
Operating loss	(61,961)	(78,504)	(111,306)
Other income (expense):			
Interest income	24,759	58,931	63,752
Interest expense	(32,364)	(59,054)	(57,877)
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates	16,640	22,352	31,327
Gain on sale of long-term investments	381,099	16,669	5,781
Other (expense) income	(234,690)	35,516	(7,537)
Total other income, net	155,444	74,414	35,446
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest	93,483	(4,090)	(75,860)
Income tax benefit (provision)	37,697	(2,321)	48,461
Minority interest in losses of consolidated subsidiaries	5,849	2,014	767
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	137,029	(4,397)	(26,632)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	23,314	33,524	9,579
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(316,544)	(173,196)	204,118
Net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders	\$ (156,201)	\$ (144,069)	\$ 187,065
Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations:			
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.98	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.17)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.95	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.17)
Net (loss) earnings per share available to common shareholders:			
Basic (loss) earnings per share	\$ (1.12)	\$ (1.01)	\$ 1.23
Diluted (loss) earnings per share	\$ (1.08)	\$ (1.01)	\$ 1.23

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Total	Preferred Stock \$.01 Par Value		Common Stock \$.001 Par Value		Class B Convertible Common Stock \$.001 Par Value		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accum. Other Comp. Income	Treasury Stock	Note Receivable From Key Executive for Common Stock Issuance
		\$	Shares	\$	Shares	\$	Shares					
Balance as of December 31, 2005	\$ 9,206,879	\$ —	1	\$ 199	199,496	\$ 16	16,157	\$14,341,884	\$ 104,127	\$ 26,073	\$(5,260,422)	\$ (4,998)
Comprehensive income:												
Net earnings for the year ended December 31, 2006	187,065	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	187,065	—	—	—
Foreign currency translation	45,350	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	45,350	—	—
Net gains on derivative contracts	4,319	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,319	—	—
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax provision of \$327	763	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	763	—	—
Comprehensive income	237,497											
Non-cash compensation expense	88,174	—	—	—	—	—	—	88,174	—	—	—	—
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock units and other, net of withholding taxes	94,008	—	—	4	3,986	—	—	94,004	—	—	—	—
Income tax benefit related to the exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock units and other	2,186	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,186	—	—	—	—
Issuance of common stock upon conversion of convertible notes and exercise of certain warrants	92,685	—	—	2	1,761	—	—	92,683	—	—	—	—
Purchase of treasury stock	(999,723)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(999,723)	—
Spin-Off of Expedia to shareholders(a)	17,768	—	—	—	—	—	—	17,768	—	—	—	—
Balance as of December 31, 2006	\$ 8,739,474	\$ —	1	\$ 205	205,243	\$ 16	16,157	\$14,636,699	\$ 291,192	\$ 76,505	\$(6,260,145)	\$ (4,998)
Comprehensive loss:												
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2007	(144,069)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(144,069)	—	—	—
Unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities, net of tax benefit of \$26,371	(41,564)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(41,564)	—	—
Foreign currency translation, net of tax provision of \$8,750	7,228	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,228	—	—
Net losses on derivative contracts	(2,355)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,355)	—	—
Comprehensive loss	(180,760)											
Non-cash compensation expense	102,300	—	—	—	—	—	—	102,300	—	—	—	—
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock units and other, net of withholding taxes	(72,226)	—	—	4	3,151	—	—	(72,230)	—	—	—	—
Income tax benefit related to the exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock units and other	77,353	—	—	—	—	—	—	77,353	—	—	—	—
Issuance of common stock upon conversion of convertible notes and exercise of certain warrants	10,052	—	—	—	145	—	—	10,052	—	—	—	—
Purchase of treasury stock	(508,594)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(508,594)	—
Cumulative effect of adoption of FIN 48	420,697	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	420,697	—	—	—
Collection of note receivable from key executive for common stock issuance	4,998	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,998
Fair value adjustment for puttable minority interests	(9,632)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(9,632)	—	—	—	—
Balance as of December 31, 2007	\$ 8,583,662	\$ —	1	\$ 209	208,539	\$ 16	16,157	\$14,744,542	\$ 567,820	\$ 39,814	\$(6,768,739)	\$ —
Comprehensive loss:												
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2008	(156,201)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(156,201)	—	—	—
Foreign currency translation, net of tax benefit of \$8,608	(42,962)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(42,962)	—	—
Unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities, net of tax provision of \$280	(3,263)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,263)	—	—
Unrealized losses recognized into earnings in connection with the impairment of available-for-sale securities, net of tax provision of \$28,928	46,058	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	46,058	—	—
Comprehensive loss	(156,368)											
Non-cash compensation expense	134,052	—	—	—	—	—	—	134,052	—	—	—	—
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock units and other, net of withholding taxes	(20,228)	—	—	1	1,446	—	—	(20,229)	—	—	—	—
Income tax benefit related to the exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock units and other	(12,225)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(12,225)	—	—	—	—
Redemption of preferred shares	(21)	—	(1)	—	—	—	—	(21)	—	—	—	—
Issuance of common stock upon conversion of convertible notes	10,849	—	—	—	232	—	—	10,849	—	—	—	—
Purchase of treasury stock	(145,590)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(145,590)	—
Spin-off of HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster and Tree.com to shareholders	(3,971,284)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,749,643)	(184,174)	(37,467)	—	—
Fair value adjustment for puttable minority interests	4,689	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,689	—	—	—	—
Balance as of December 31, 2008	\$ 4,427,536	\$ —	—	\$ 210	210,217	\$ 16	16,157	\$11,112,014	\$ 227,445	\$ 2,180	\$(6,914,329)	\$ —

(a) Due to a reconciliation of federal and state income taxes for the 2005 period prior to the Expedia spin-off and as provided for in the tax sharing agreement entered into with Expedia at the time of the Expedia spin-off, the Company recorded a \$17.8 million reduction to the amount distributed to Expedia shareholders due to a reduced tax liability.

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousands)		
Cash flows from operating activities attributable to continuing operations:			
Net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders	\$ (156,201)	\$ (144,069)	\$ 187,065
Less: loss (income) from discontinued operations, net of tax	293,230	139,672	(213,697)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	137,029	(4,397)	(26,632)
Adjustments to reconcile earnings (loss) from continuing operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities attributable to continuing operations:			
Depreciation	71,051	59,861	52,904
Amortization of intangibles	43,918	35,733	42,228
Goodwill impairment	11,600	—	—
Impairment of long-term investments	180,021	—	—
Non-cash compensation expense	86,539	73,585	67,361
Amortization of non-cash marketing	20,002	49,670	37,125
Deferred income taxes	(158,749)	(4,426)	77,086
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates	(16,640)	(22,352)	(31,327)
Loss on extinguishment of Senior Notes	63,218	—	—
Gain on sale of long-term investments	(381,099)	(16,669)	(5,781)
Net (increase) decrease in the fair value of the derivatives created in the sale of HSE and the Expedia spin-off	(6,185)	(29,355)	9,133
Minority interest in losses of consolidated subsidiaries	(5,849)	(2,014)	(767)
Changes in current assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	7,653	(8,863)	(40,100)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(4,957)	(19,033)	(7,014)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	(80,638)	51,861	34,951
Income taxes payable	119,495	(209,709)	(192,754)
Deferred revenue	6,422	5,148	8,320
Other, net	14,845	14,485	21,133
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities attributable to continuing operations	107,676	(26,475)	45,866
Cash flows from investing activities attributable to continuing operations:			
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(148,631)	(45,894)	(96,339)
Capital expenditures	(65,554)	(112,901)	(144,853)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of marketable securities	356,252	1,367,178	1,397,110
Purchases of marketable securities	(169,958)	(783,783)	(889,678)
Proceeds from sale of long-term investments	549,305	125,592	7,212
Purchases of long-term investments	(67,936)	(229,954)	(28)
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations	32,246	4,173	267,637
Net cash distribution from spun-off businesses	441,658	—	—
Other, net	42	12,984	(935)
Net cash provided by investing activities attributable to continuing operations	927,424	337,395	540,126
Cash flows from financing activities attributable to continuing operations:			
Repurchase of Senior Notes	(519,944)	—	—
Principal payments on long-term obligations	(11)	(7,576)	(715)
Purchase of treasury stock	(145,590)	(542,946)	(983,208)
Issuance of common stock, net of withholding taxes	(10,564)	(64,194)	93,780
Excess tax benefits from stock-based awards	763	75,422	11,189
Collection of note receivable from key executive for common stock issuance	—	4,998	—
Other, net	1,230	779	23,639
Net cash used in financing activities attributable to continuing operations	(674,116)	(533,517)	(855,315)
Total cash provided by (used in) continuing operations	360,984	(222,597)	(269,323)
Net cash provided by operating activities attributable to discontinued operations	266,389	897,233	781,536
Net cash used in investing activities attributable to discontinued operations	(495,130)	(265,546)	(59,039)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities attributable to discontinued operations	50,484	(275,204)	(43,940)
Total cash (used in) provided by discontinued operations	(178,257)	356,483	678,557
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(23,035)	23,276	31,826
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	159,692	157,162	441,060
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,585,302	1,428,140	987,080
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$1,744,994	\$1,585,302	\$1,428,140

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1—ORGANIZATION

On August 20, 2008, IAC completed its previously announced plan to separate into five publicly traded companies:

- IAC, which includes:
 - the businesses comprising its Media & Advertising segment;
 - the Match and ServiceMagic segments;
 - the businesses comprising its Emerging Businesses segment, including Shoebuy and ReserveAmerica, which were previously included in the former Retailing and Ticketmaster segments, respectively; and
 - certain investments in unconsolidated affiliates.
- HSN, Inc. ("HSNi"), which includes HSN TV, *HSN.com* and the Cornerstone Brands, Inc. portfolio of catalogs, websites and retail locations;
- Interval Leisure Group, Inc. ("ILG"), which includes the businesses that comprised the former Interval segment;
- Ticketmaster, which includes its primary domestic and international operations as well as certain investments in unconsolidated affiliates; and
- Tree.com, Inc. ("Tree.com"), which includes the businesses that comprised the former Lending and Real Estate segments.

We refer to this transaction as the "Spin-Off". Immediately subsequent to the Spin-Off, IAC effected a one-for-two reverse stock split. All share information, unless otherwise noted, has been adjusted to reflect the impact of the reverse stock split but has not been adjusted for the relative values of the spun-off businesses.

All references to "IAC," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us" in this report are to IAC/InterActiveCorp.

Media & Advertising

Our Media & Advertising segment consists primarily of our search business, which includes *Ask.com* and other destination search websites through which we provide search and related advertising services, and toolbars and applications through which we promote and distribute these services, Citysearch, a leading online local city guide, and Evite, an online social planning website.

We provide search services to users who visit our *Ask.com* and other destination search websites and portals directly, through toolbars that we distribute to users directly, through toolbars and search boxes that we distribute to users through third parties and through the syndication of our search results. Substantially all of the revenue of our search business and Media & Advertising are derived from the display of paid listings and other advertising in connection with the provision of search services.

Match

Through the brands and businesses within our Match segment, we are a leading provider of subscription-based online personals services in the United States and various jurisdictions abroad. We provide these services through leading websites that we own and operate, as well as through a network of affiliated websites and our recently launched mobile application in the United States.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1—ORGANIZATION (Continued)

ServiceMagic

ServiceMagic is a leading online marketplace that connects consumers, by way of various patented and patent-pending proprietary technologies, with pre-screened and generally customer-rated home service professionals.

Emerging Businesses

Our Emerging Businesses segment consists primarily of Shoebuy and Pronto, as well as Gifts.com, ReserveAmerica, Connected Ventures, InstantAction.com, VeryShortList.com, RushmoreDrive.com, Life123.com and The Daily Beast, among other early stage businesses that provide online content and/or services.

Discontinued Operations

During 2006, Quiz TV Limited, which was previously reported in IAC's Emerging Businesses segment, ceased operations, PRC, IAC's former Teleservices subsidiary, was sold and iBuy, which was also previously reported in IAC's Emerging Businesses segment, was classified as held for sale. During 2007, iBuy's assets were sold and HSNi's German TV and internet retailer, Home Shopping Europe GmbH & Co. KG, and its affiliated station HSE24 ("HSE"), which was previously reported in the International segment of IAC's former Retailing sector, was also sold. During 2008, IAC sold Entertainment Publications, Inc. ("EPI"), which previously comprised IAC's Entertainment segment, and completed the separation of HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster and Tree.com into separate independent public companies. See Note 16 for additional information related to discontinued operations.

The notes accompanying these consolidated financial statements reflect our continuing operations and, unless otherwise noted, exclude information related to the discontinued operations.

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Consolidation and Accounting for Investments

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, all entities that are wholly-owned by the Company and all voting controlled subsidiaries or affiliates of the Company. The Company has no variable interest entities. Intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

Investments in which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial matters of the investee are accounted for using the equity method. Investments in which the Company does not have the ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial matters of the investee are accounted for using the cost method. The Company evaluates each cost and equity method investment for impairment on a quarterly basis and recognizes an impairment loss if a decline in value is determined to be other-than-temporary. Such impairment evaluations include, but are not limited to: the current business environment, including competition; going concern considerations such as financial condition and the rate at which the investee company utilizes cash and the investee company's ability to obtain additional financing to achieve its business plan; the need for changes to the investee company's existing business model due to changing business environments and its ability to successfully implement necessary changes; and comparable valuations. If the Company has not identified events or changes in circumstances that may have a significant adverse effect on the fair value of a cost method investment, then the fair value of such cost method investment is not estimated, as it is impracticable to do so.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the criteria set forth under Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104 "Revenue Recognition" have been met, namely, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, services are rendered or merchandise is delivered to customers, the fee or price charged is fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured.

Deferred revenue is recorded when payments are received in advance of the Company's rendering of services or delivery of merchandise.

Media & Advertising

Media & Advertising's revenue consists primarily of advertising revenue. Advertising revenue is generated primarily through the display of paid listings in response to search queries, as well as from advertisements appearing on its destination search websites and portals and third party websites and the syndication of search results generated by Ask-branded destination search websites. Citysearch and Evite's revenue is primarily generated through the sale of local and national online advertising. There are several types of internet advertisements, and the way in which advertising revenue is earned varies among them. Depending upon the terms, revenue might be earned every time a user clicks on an ad, every time a graphic ad is displayed, or every time a user clicks-through on the ad and takes a specified action on the destination site. The Company obtains the substantial majority of its paid listings from third-party providers, primarily Google Inc. ("Google"). Paid listings are normally priced on a price per click and when the Company delivers a user's click to a paid listing supplied by Google, Google bills the advertiser and shares a portion of its resulting paid listing fee with the Company. The Company recognizes paid listing revenue from Google as soon as it delivers the user's click. In cases where the user's click is generated by a third party site, the Company continues to recognize the amount due from Google as revenue and records its revenue share payment to the third-party site as traffic acquisition costs.

Match

Subscription fee revenue is generated from customers who subscribe to online personals services on Match.com, Chemistry.com and Match's other personals websites. Subscription fee revenue is recognized over the terms of the applicable subscriptions, which range from one to twelve months.

ServiceMagic

ServiceMagic's lead acceptance revenue is generated and recognized when an in-network home service professional is delivered a customer lead. ServiceMagic's activation revenue is generated through the enrollment and activation of a new home service professional. The activation revenue is initially deferred and recognized over 36 months, which is the estimated economic life of an in-network home service professional. Deferred activation revenue totaled \$3.8 million and \$2.9 million at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Emerging Businesses

Shoebuy's revenue consists of merchandise sales, reduced by incentive discounts and sales returns, and is recognized when delivery to the customer has occurred. Delivery is considered to have occurred when the customer takes title and assumes the risks and rewards of ownership, which is on the date of shipment. Allowances for returned merchandise are based on historical experience. Shipping and

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

handling fees billed to customers are recorded as revenue. The costs associated with shipping goods to customers are recorded as cost of sales.

All other revenue earned by the Emerging Businesses segment is recognized either when the services are rendered or the merchandise is delivered.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments. Domestically, short-term investments are primarily comprised of AAA treasury and government agency money market funds. Internationally, short-term investments are primarily comprised of AAA treasury, government agency and prime money market funds. From time-to-time, short-term investments may also include investment grade securities, including commercial paper, with maturities of less than 91 days from the date of purchase.

Marketable Securities

The Company accounts for marketable securities in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" ("SFAS No. 115"). The Company invests in certain marketable securities, which consist primarily of short-to-intermediate-term debt securities issued by the U.S. government, U.S. government agencies and municipalities and foreign sovereignties and investment grade corporate securities. The Company only invests in marketable securities with active secondary or resale markets to ensure portfolio liquidity and the ability to readily convert investments into cash to fund current operations, or satisfy other cash requirements as needed. All marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale and are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. The unrealized gains and losses on these securities, net of tax, are included in accumulated other comprehensive income as a separate component of shareholders' equity. The specific-identification method is used to determine the cost of a security sold or the amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings.

The Company employs a methodology that considers available evidence in evaluating potential other-than-temporary impairment of its investments. Investments are considered to be impaired when a decline in fair value below the amortized cost basis is determined to be other-than-temporary. Factors considered in determining whether a loss is other-than-temporary include the length of time and extent to which fair value has been less than the amortized cost basis, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the Company's intent and ability to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value. If a decline in fair value is determined to be other-than-temporary, an impairment loss is recorded in current earnings and a new cost basis in the investment is established.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at amounts due from customers, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts receivable outstanding longer than the contractual payment terms are considered past due. The Company determines its allowance by considering a number of factors, including the length of time accounts receivable are past due, the Company's previous loss history, the specific customer's ability to pay its obligation to the Company and the condition of the general economy and the customer's industry. The Company writes off accounts receivable when they become uncollectible. The Company also maintains allowances to reserve for potential credits issued to customers or other revenue adjustments. The amount of these reserves are based, in part, on historical experience.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, including significant improvements, are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance and any gains or losses on dispositions are included in operations.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis to allocate the cost of depreciable assets and leasehold improvements to operations over their estimated service lives.

<u>Asset Category</u>	<u>Depreciation Period</u>
Computer equipment and capitalized software	2 to 3 Years
Buildings and leasehold improvements	3 to 39 Years
Furniture and other equipment	3 to 10 Years

The Company capitalizes certain internal use software costs in accordance with Statement of Position ("SOP") 98-1, "Accounting for Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use." Such capitalized costs include external direct costs utilized in developing or obtaining the software and compensation and other employee-related costs for personnel directly associated with the development of the software. Capitalization of such costs begins when the preliminary project stage is complete and ceases when the project is substantially complete and ready for its intended purpose. The net book value of capitalized internal use software amounted to \$29.0 million and \$21.6 million as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Software Development Costs

The Company accounts for software development costs, including costs to develop software products or the software component of products to be marketed to external users in accordance with SFAS No. 86, "Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to be Sold, Leased, or Otherwise Marketed," ("SFAS No. 86"). SFAS No. 86 provides for the capitalization of certain software development costs incurred after technological feasibility of the software is established. Under the Company's current practice of developing new products, the technological feasibility of the underlying software is not established until substantially all product development is complete, which generally includes the development of a working model. Capitalization of such costs ceases when the software is available for general release to customers. The software development costs that have been capitalized to date are not material.

Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

In accordance with SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS No. 142"), goodwill acquired in business combinations is assigned to the reporting units that are expected to benefit from the combination as of the acquisition date. The Company tests goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment annually as of October 1, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the assets might be impaired. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, an impairment loss equal to the excess is recorded. If the carrying amount of an indefinite-lived intangible asset exceeds its estimated fair value, an impairment loss equal to the excess is recorded.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Company's reporting units are consistent with its determination of its operating segments. Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level. The Company's operating segments, reporting units and reportable segments are as follows:

<u>Operating Segment and Reporting Unit</u>	<u>Reportable Segment</u>
IAC Search & Media	Media & Advertising
Citysearch	Media & Advertising
Match	Match
ServiceMagic	ServiceMagic
ReserveAmerica	Emerging Businesses
Shoebuy	Emerging Businesses
InstantAction.com	Emerging Businesses
Connected Ventures	Emerging Businesses

See Note 12 for additional information regarding the Company's method of determining operating and reportable segments.

Certain reporting units are currently operating in dynamic industry segments. These include IAC Search & Media and InstantAction.com. If actual operating results of these businesses vary significantly from anticipated results, the future impairments of goodwill and/or other intangible assets could occur. To illustrate the magnitude of potential impairment charges relative to future changes in estimated fair value, had the estimated fair value of each of these reporting units been hypothetically lower by 10% as of October 1, 2008, the aggregate book value of goodwill would have exceeded fair value by approximately \$140 million at IAC Search & Media and \$4 million at InstantAction.com. Had the estimated fair values of each of these reporting units been hypothetically lower by 20% as of October 1, 2008, the book value of goodwill would have exceeded fair value by approximately \$330 million at IAC Search & Media and \$8 million at InstantAction.com.

Long-Lived Assets and Intangible Assets with Definite Lives

In accordance with SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS No. 144"), long-lived assets, including property and equipment and intangible assets with definite lives, are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. The carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable if it exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. If the carrying amount is deemed to not be recoverable, an impairment loss is recorded as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. Amortization of definite-lived intangible assets is recorded on a straight-line basis over their estimated lives.

Derivative Instruments

In the normal course of business, the Company employs established policies and procedures to manage its exposure to changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates using financial instruments deemed appropriate by management. As part of its risk management strategy, the Company may use derivative instruments, including interest rate swaps and forward contracts, to hedge certain interest rate and foreign exchange exposures. The Company's objective is to offset gains and losses resulting from these exposures with losses and gains on the derivative contracts used to hedge them, respectively,

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

thereby reducing volatility of earnings and protecting fair values of assets and liabilities. Derivative positions are used only to manage underlying exposures of IAC. IAC does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. The Company formally designates and documents all of its hedging relationships as either fair value hedges or cash flow hedges, as applicable, and documents the strategy for undertaking the hedge transactions and its method of assessing ongoing effectiveness. IAC applies hedge accounting based upon the criteria established by SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS No. 133"). The Company records all derivative instruments at fair value. Changes in the fair value (i.e., gains or losses) of the derivatives are recorded each period in the statement of operations or other comprehensive income (loss). For a derivative designated as a cash flow hedge, the gain or loss on the derivative is initially reported as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and subsequently reclassified into the statement of operations when the hedged transaction affects earnings. For a derivative designated as a fair value hedge, the gain or loss on the derivative in the period of change and the offsetting loss or gain of the hedged item attributed to the hedged risk are recognized in the statement of operations. See Note 13 for a description of derivative instruments.

Traffic Acquisition Costs

Traffic acquisition costs consist of revenue share payments to partners that have distributed toolbars and/or integrated paid listings into their websites and similar arrangements with third parties who direct traffic to our websites. The Company enters into agreements of varying duration with payments primarily based on a cost per click or a percentage of the Company's revenue multiplied by an agreed-upon price or rate. The Company expenses these payments as a component of cost of sales in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

Advertising (excluding Amortization of Non-Cash Marketing)

Advertising costs are expensed in the period incurred (when the advertisement first runs for production costs that are initially capitalized) and represent online marketing, including fees paid to search engines, and offline marketing, including television, radio and print advertising. Advertising expense was \$297.8 million, \$283.4 million and \$242.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Effective April 1, 2007, the Company began to capitalize and amortize the costs associated with certain arrangements that require it to pay a fee per access point delivered. These access points are generally in the form of downloadable search toolbars associated with the Company's Media & Advertising businesses. These fees are amortized over the estimated useful lives of the access points to the extent the Company can reasonably estimate a probable future economic benefit and the period over which such benefit will be realized (generally 18 months). Otherwise, the fees are charged to expense as incurred. For fees paid prior to April 1, 2007, such benefit or period could not be reasonably estimated and the fees were charged to expense as incurred.

Amortization of Non-Cash Marketing

Amortization of non-cash marketing consists of non-cash advertising secured from Universal Television as part of the transaction pursuant to which Vivendi Universal Entertainment LLLP ("VUE") was created, and the subsequent transaction by which IAC sold its partnership interests in VUE (collectively referred to as the "NBC Universal Advertising"). The NBC Universal Advertising is available for television advertising on various NBC Universal network and cable channels without any cash cost. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, there was \$15.9 million and \$47.0 million, respectively, of

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

NBC Universal Advertising credits available for use. These credits expire on September 30, 2009 if not exhausted before then.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the liability method, and deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. A valuation allowance is provided on deferred tax assets if it is determined that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The Company records interest, net of any applicable related income tax benefit, on potential tax contingencies as a component of income tax expense.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"). As a result of the adoption of FIN 48, the Company recognizes liabilities for uncertain tax positions based on the two-step process prescribed by the interpretation. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount which is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement.

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share ("Basic EPS") is computed by dividing net earnings available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share ("Diluted EPS") reflects the potential dilution that could occur if stock options and other commitments to issue common stock were exercised or equity awards vest resulting in the issuance of common stock that could share in the earnings of the Company.

Foreign Currency Translation and Transaction Gains and Losses

The financial position and operating results of substantially all foreign operations are consolidated using the local currency as the functional currency. Local currency assets and liabilities are translated at the rates of exchange as of the balance sheet date, and local currency revenue and expenses are translated at average rates of exchange during the period. Resulting translation gains or losses are included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income, a separate component of shareholders' equity. Transaction gains and losses arising from transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity involved are included in the consolidated statement of operations.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currency transaction net gains for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$2.3 million, \$1.7 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. Transaction gains and losses are included in "Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

Stock-Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"), using the modified prospective transition method. See Note 11 for a description of the impact of the adoption of SFAS 123R, Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 ("SAB 107"), and the Company's stock compensation plans.

Minority Interest

Minority interest in 2008, 2007 and 2006 primarily represents minority ownership in certain operations included in the Emerging Businesses segment.

In connection with the acquisition of certain subsidiaries, management of these businesses has retained an ownership interest. The Company is party to fair value put and call arrangements with respect to these interests. These put and call arrangements allow management of these businesses to require the Company to purchase their interests or allow the Company to acquire such interests at fair value, respectively. These put and call arrangements become exercisable by the Company and the counter-party at various dates over the next seven years. During 2008, none of these arrangements became exercisable. These put arrangements are exercisable by the counter-party outside the control of the Company and are accounted for in accordance with EITF D-98 "Classification and Measurement of Redeemable Securities." Accordingly, to the extent that the fair value of these interests exceeds the value determined by normal minority interest accounting, the value of such interests is adjusted to fair value with a corresponding adjustment to additional paid-in capital. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company recorded adjustments of \$(4.7) million and \$9.6 million, respectively, to (reduce) increase these interests to fair value.

Accounting Estimates

Management of the Company is required to make certain estimates and assumptions during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. These estimates and assumptions impact the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. They also impact the reported amount of net earnings during any period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant estimates underlying the accompanying consolidated financial statements include: recovery of marketable securities; the allowance for doubtful accounts; recoverability of long-lived assets, including definite-lived intangible assets; recovery of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets; recovery of derivative assets; income taxes payable and deferred income taxes, including related reserves and valuation allowances; sales return and other revenue allowances; and, assumptions related to the determination of stock-based compensation.

Certain Risks and Concentrations

The Company's business is subject to certain risks and concentrations including dependence on third party technology providers, exposure to risks associated with online commerce security and credit

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

card fraud. The Company also depends on third party service providers for processing certain fulfillment services.

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk, consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities. Cash equivalents and marketable securities are primarily AAA treasury, government agency and prime money market funds and investment grade short to intermediate term securities, respectively. Cash and cash equivalents are maintained with financial institutions and are in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance limits.

A significant component of our revenue is derived from online advertising, the market for which is highly competitive and rapidly changing. Significant changes in this industry or changes in customer buying behavior or advertiser spending behavior, including those changes that may result from the current economic downturn, could adversely affect our operating results. A component of IAC's revenue is attributable to a paid listing supply agreement with Google, which was renewed in late 2007 and expires on December 31, 2012. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, such revenue was \$610.8 million, \$568.1 million and \$379.0 million, respectively. Principally all of this revenue is earned by IAC Search & Media. Accounts receivable, net of allowances related to this agreement totaled \$43.0 million and \$49.6 million at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements—an amendment of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51" ("SFAS No. 160"). SFAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest, changes in a parent's ownership interest and the valuation of retained noncontrolling equity investments when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. The Statement also establishes reporting requirements that provide sufficient disclosures that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. SFAS No. 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. SFAS No. 160 will be applied prospectively, except as it relates to disclosures, for which the effects will be applied retrospectively for all periods presented. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company has determined that the adoption of SFAS No. 160, effective January 1, 2009, will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), "Business Combinations" ("SFAS No. 141R"), which replaces FASB Statement No. 141. SFAS No. 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. The Statement also establishes disclosure requirements that will enable users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS No. 141R applies prospectively to business combinations in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. Early adoption is not permitted. Accordingly, any business combination the Company consummated prior to January 1, 2009 were recorded and disclosed in accordance with SFAS No. 141. The Company expects SFAS No. 141R to have an impact on its consolidated financial position and results of operations. However, the nature and magnitude of the impact will depend upon the terms and size of the acquisitions the Company consummates on or after January 1, 2009. Two illustrative examples of the

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

impact of the adoption of SFAS No. 141R follow. Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 141R, direct costs incurred in connection with a business combination, such as finder's, advisory, accounting, legal, valuation and other professional fees, were capitalized as part of the cost of the acquired business; under SFAS No. 141R these costs will be expensed as incurred. In addition, prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 141R, decreases to deferred tax asset valuation allowances associated with a business combination usually resulted in a decrease to goodwill; under SFAS No. 141R, these adjustments are accounted for as a component of income tax expense.

In February 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157" ("FSP FAS 157-2"), which delays the effective date of SFAS No. 157 to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 for all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually). The Company does not expect the adoption of FSP FAS 157-2 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

NOTE 3—CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT DETAILS

Prepaid expenses and other current assets

The balance of prepaid expenses and other current assets is as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Income taxes receivable	\$ 115,142	\$ 52,115
Deferred income taxes	24,305	39,799
Capitalized downloadable search toolbar costs	21,092	16,230
Prepaid expenses	20,482	26,375
Assets held for sale	—	126,996
Other	36,777	115,928
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 217,798	\$ 377,443

Property and equipment, net

The balance of property and equipment, net is as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Computer equipment and capitalized software	\$ 222,131	\$ 207,035
Buildings and leasehold improvements	229,474	206,340
Furniture and other equipment	41,767	43,731
Projects in progress	18,482	40,836
Land	5,117	5,117
	516,971	503,059
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(190,010)	(168,718)
Total property and equipment, net	\$ 326,961	\$ 334,341

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 3—CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT DETAILS (Continued)

Other non-current assets

The balance of other non-current assets is as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Deferred income taxes	\$171,932	\$ 87,970
Income taxes receivable	72,078	31,706
Derivative asset created in the HSE sale	57,189	54,656
Other	18,019	27,432
Total other non-current assets	\$319,218	\$201,764

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities

The balance of accrued expenses and other current liabilities is as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Accrued employee compensation and benefits	\$ 37,248	\$ 57,452
Accrued revenue share	28,011	56,475
Accrued advertising expense	34,973	41,758
Accrued interest expense	1,950	25,698
Liabilities held for sale	—	59,689
Other	80,103	125,697
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$182,285	\$366,769

Accumulated other comprehensive income

Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax, is comprised of (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Foreign currency translation	\$ 5,346	\$ 85,775
Unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities	(3,166)	(45,961)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 2,180	\$ 39,814

NOTE 4—INCOME TAXES

U.S. and foreign earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest are as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
U.S.	\$60,417	\$(28,430)	\$(76,544)
Foreign	33,066	24,340	684
Total	\$93,483	\$ (4,090)	\$(75,860)

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4—INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The components of the (benefit) provision for income taxes attributable to continuing operations are as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Current income tax provision (benefit):			
Federal	\$ 100,601	\$ 6,125	\$ (98,308)
State	15,169	(4,292)	(27,486)
Foreign	5,282	4,914	247
Current income tax provision (benefit)	121,052	6,747	(125,547)
Deferred income tax (benefit) provision:			
Federal	(62,066)	(5,558)	73,237
State	(97,078)	943	2,922
Foreign	395	189	927
Deferred income tax (benefit) provision	(158,749)	(4,426)	77,086
Income tax (benefit) provision	\$ (37,697)	\$ 2,321	\$ (48,461)

In 2008, the Company recorded a tax benefit of \$37.7 million from continuing operations. This benefit includes the net effect of several items related to the Spin-Off totaling \$64.5 million. These items comprise: the reversal of \$48.7 million of deferred tax liabilities related to the Company's investment in Ticketmaster; the establishment of a valuation allowance of \$23.7 million associated with deferred tax assets that were distributed to Tree.com; and the recognition of a state and local deferred tax benefit of \$39.5 million, primarily related to the re-measurement of deferred assets and liabilities at the Company's effective tax rate following the Spin-Off. The tax benefit also includes an \$11.6 million benefit of certain foreign tax credits generated by the sale of Jupiter Shop Channel Co., Ltd. ("Jupiter Shop").

In 2007, the Company recognized a \$20.1 million reduction in current state income taxes payable related to New York State tax credits under the Brownfield Cleanup Program Act. The related income tax benefit of this credit was recorded as a reduction in the carrying value of the related building and improvements. This credit principally relates to qualifying costs incurred in connection with the construction of IAC's corporate headquarters, which was completed in 2007.

The current income tax payable was reduced by \$0.8 million, \$75.4 million and \$11.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively, for tax deductions attributable to stock-based compensation. The related income tax benefits of this stock-based compensation were recorded as amounts charged or credited to additional paid-in capital or a reduction in goodwill.

The tax effects of cumulative temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are presented below (in thousands). The valuation

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4—INCOME TAXES (Continued)

allowance is related to items for which it is more likely than not that the tax benefit will not be realized.

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Deferred tax assets:		
Provision for accrued expenses	\$ 7,888	\$ 18,265
Net operating loss carryforwards	53,145	57,300
Tax credit carryforwards	14,517	4,985
Stock-based compensation	57,229	42,152
Income tax reserves, including related interest	37,193	33,262
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	69,771	3,054
Other	25,357	20,085
Total deferred tax assets	265,100	179,103
Less valuation allowance	(39,520)	(22,266)
Net deferred tax assets	225,580	156,837
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Property and equipment	(191)	(320)
Prepaid expenses	(4,307)	(4,887)
Intangible and other assets	(9,543)	(12,864)
Other	(15,302)	(11,234)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(29,343)	(29,305)
Net deferred tax asset	\$196,237	\$127,532

Included in "Other non-current assets" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2008 and 2007 is a non-current deferred tax asset of \$171.9 million and \$88.0 million, respectively. In addition, included in "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2008 and 2007 is a current deferred tax asset of \$24.3 million and \$39.8 million, respectively. In addition, included in "Other long-term liabilities" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2007 is a non-current deferred tax liability of \$0.2 million.

At December 31, 2008, the Company had federal and state net operating losses ("NOLs") of \$73.0 million and \$314.0 million, respectively. If not utilized, the federal NOLs will expire at various times between 2020 and 2028, and the state NOLs will expire at various times between 2009 and 2028. Utilization of federal NOLs will be subject to limitations under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. In addition, utilization of certain state NOLs may be subject to limitations under state laws similar to Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. At December 31, 2008, the Company had foreign NOLs of \$19.0 million available to offset future income. Of these foreign NOLs, \$14.0 million can be carried forward indefinitely, and \$3.5 million and \$1.5 million will expire within five years and ten years, respectively. During 2008, the Company recognized tax benefits related to NOLs of \$0.7 million. At December 31, 2008, the Company had state capital losses of \$225.2 million. If not utilized, the state capital losses will expire in 2013. Utilization of capital losses will be limited to the Company's ability to generate future capital gains.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4—INCOME TAXES (Continued)

At December 31, 2008, the Company had tax credit carryforwards of \$16.0 million. Of this amount, \$9.5 million related to federal credits for foreign taxes, \$5.7 million related to federal and state tax credits for increasing research activities, and \$0.8 million related to various state and local tax credits. Of these credit carryforwards, \$4.9 million can be carried forward indefinitely, and \$9.5 million and \$1.6 million will expire within ten years and twenty years, respectively.

During 2008, the Company's valuation allowance increased by \$17.3 million. This increase was primarily related to increases in unbenefitted deferred tax assets for losses from investments in unconsolidated affiliates and state and foreign NOLs. At December 31, 2008, the Company had a valuation allowance of \$39.5 million related to the portion of tax loss carryforwards and other items for which it is more likely than not that the tax benefit will not be realized. Of this amount, no tax benefits will be applied as a reduction of goodwill, if recognized in future years based on the requirements of adopting SFAS No. 141R.

A reconciliation of the income tax provision to the amounts computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to earnings from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest is shown as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Income tax provision (benefit) at the federal statutory rate of 35%	\$ 32,719	\$ (1,431)	\$ (26,551)
State income taxes, net of effect of federal tax benefit	(13,795)	(343)	(3,349)
Foreign income taxed at a different statutory tax rate	(6,398)	(1,064)	490
Non-deductible non-cash compensation expense	96	1,373	2,082
Equity in income of foreign unconsolidated affiliates	—	(6,083)	(9,527)
Tax exempt income	(2,400)	(3,649)	(2,800)
Release of deferred tax liability associated with a foreign equity investment	—	—	(14,760)
Net adjustment related to the reconciliation of income tax provision accruals to tax returns, net of effect of federal tax benefit	(2,245)	1,350	(14,032)
Effect of change in estimated state tax rate	(39,456)	(1,476)	(1,001)
Change in tax reserves, net of effect of federal, state and foreign tax benefits	12,500	13,774	18,757
Benefit from the write-off of an investment in a foreign subsidiary	—	—	(2,619)
Federal tax credits for increasing research activities	(1,039)	(2,033)	(469)
(Non-taxable)/non-deductible (gains)/losses on derivatives	(191)	(2,035)	3,271
Non-deductible expenses related to the Spin-Off	8,727	1,147	—
Non-deductible expenses	3,453	1,892	2,028
Change in federal valuation allowance on investments in unconsolidated affiliates	9,522	762	—
Excess foreign tax credits generated by the sale of Jupiter Shop	(11,608)	—	—
Reversal of deferred tax liability associated with investment in Ticketmaster	(48,695)	—	—
Establishment of valuation allowance on deferred tax assets distributed to Tree.com	23,685	—	—
Other, net	(2,572)	137	19
Income tax (benefit) provision	<u><u>\$(37,697)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,321</u></u>	<u><u>\$(48,461)</u></u>

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4—INCOME TAXES (Continued)

In accordance with APB No. 23, no federal and state income taxes have been provided on permanently reinvested earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries aggregating \$60.6 million at December 31, 2008. The amount of the unrecognized deferred U.S. income tax liability with respect to such earnings is \$8.9 million.

The Company adopted the provisions of FIN 48 effective January 1, 2007. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits, excluding interest, is as follows:

	(In thousands)	
	2008	2007
Balance at beginning of year	\$245,168	\$237,683
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year	158,242	22,952
Additions for tax positions of prior years	11,761	11,495
Reductions for tax positions of prior years	(13,704)	(21,425)
Settlements	(26,304)	(5,537)
Expiration of applicable statute of limitations	(2,530)	—
Balance at end of year	<u>\$372,633</u>	<u>\$245,168</u>

As of December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the unrecognized tax benefits, including interest, were \$422.3 million and \$285.1 million, respectively. The total unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2008, include \$15.9 million that have been netted against the related deferred tax assets. Of the remaining balance, \$403.0 million and \$3.4 million are reflected in "non-current income taxes payable" and "accrued expenses and other current liabilities", respectively. Unrecognized tax benefits for the year ended December 31, 2008, increased by \$127.5 million due principally to an unrecognized current year capital loss on the Company's investment in Tree.com prior to the Spin-Off, partially offset by the effective settlement of certain prior year tax positions with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") principally relating to the reversal of deductible temporary differences. Included in unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2008 is \$128.9 million for tax positions which the ultimate deductibility is highly certain but for which there is uncertainty about the timing of such deductibility. If unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2008 are subsequently recognized, \$64.8 million and \$179.7 million, net of related deferred tax assets and interest, would reduce income tax expense from continuing operations and discontinued operations, respectively. In addition, a continuing operations tax provision of \$48.8 million would be required upon the subsequent recognition of unrecognized tax benefits for an increase in the Company's valuation allowance against certain deferred tax assets.

The Company recognizes interest and, if applicable, penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. Included in income tax expense from continuing operations and discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2008 is an \$8.4 million expense and a \$1.8 million benefit, respectively, net of related deferred taxes of \$5.7 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, for interest on unrecognized tax benefits. At December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 the Company has accrued \$49.7 million and \$40.0 million, respectively, for the payment of interest. There are no material accruals for penalties.

The Company is routinely under audit by federal, state, local and foreign authorities in the area of income tax. These audits include questioning the timing and the amount of deductions and the allocation of income among various tax jurisdictions. Income taxes payable include amounts considered sufficient to pay assessments that may result from examination of prior year returns; however, the

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4—INCOME TAXES (Continued)

amount paid upon resolution of issues raised may differ from the amount provided. Differences between the reserves for tax contingencies and the amounts owed by the Company are recorded in the period they become known.

The IRS is currently examining the Company's tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2001 through 2003. The statute of limitations for these years has been extended to December 31, 2009. Various state, local and foreign jurisdictions are currently under examination, the most significant of which are California, Florida, New York and New York City, for various tax years beginning with December 31, 2001. These examinations are expected to be completed in late 2009. In early 2009, the IRS commenced an audit of the Company's tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2004 through 2006. The statute of limitations for these years has been extended and this examination is expected to be completed in 2011. The Company believes that it is reasonably possible that its unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by \$15.2 million within twelve months of the current reporting date due to settlements and the reversal of deductible temporary differences which will primarily result in a corresponding increase in net deferred tax liabilities. An estimate of other changes in unrecognized tax benefits, while potentially significant, cannot be made.

NOTE 5—GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Company tests goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment annually, or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the assets might be impaired. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, the Company performed its annual assessment for impairment of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets as of October 1 in connection with the preparation of its annual financial statements.

In connection with its annual assessment in 2008, the Company identified and recorded impairment charges related to the write-down of the goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets of Connected Ventures, which is included in the Emerging Businesses segment, of \$11.6 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, and the indefinite-lived intangible assets of the Media & Advertising segment of \$9.2 million. The impairment at Connected Ventures resulted from the Company's assessment of its future profitability. The impairment at the Media & Advertising segment primarily resulted from the decline in revenue and profitability in IAC Search & Media's Excite, iWon and MyWay portals businesses. The indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment charges are included in amortization of intangibles in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. The write-downs were determined by comparing the fair values of the respective reporting unit's goodwill and intangible assets with the carrying amounts. Fair values were determined using an income approach.

The balance of goodwill and intangible assets, net is as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Goodwill	\$1,910,295	\$1,823,779
Intangible assets with indefinite lives	337,313	329,013
Intangible assets with definite lives, net	49,443	72,902
Total goodwill and intangible assets, net	<u>\$2,297,051</u>	<u>\$2,225,694</u>

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5—GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Intangible assets with indefinite lives relate to trade names and trademarks acquired in various acquisitions. At December 31, 2008, intangible assets with definite lives relate to the following (in thousands):

	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Weighted- Average Amortization Life (Years)
Technology	\$ 113,599	\$ (78,617)	\$ 34,982	4.9
Supplier agreements	22,370	(10,302)	12,068	6.0
Distribution agreements	4,600	(3,969)	631	4.0
Customer lists	2,639	(2,472)	167	1.8
Other	17,846	(16,251)	1,595	2.8
Total	<u>\$ 161,054</u>	<u>\$ (111,611)</u>	<u>\$ 49,443</u>	

At December 31, 2007, intangible assets with definite lives relate to the following (in thousands):

	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Weighted- Average Amortization Life (Years)
Technology	\$ 113,915	\$ (55,907)	\$ 58,008	4.9
Supplier agreements	15,770	(7,060)	8,710	6.0
Distribution agreements	4,600	(2,819)	1,781	4.0
Customer lists	3,486	(2,668)	818	2.0
Other	20,471	(16,886)	3,585	2.9
Total	<u>\$ 158,242</u>	<u>\$ (85,340)</u>	<u>\$ 72,902</u>	

Amortization of intangible assets with definite lives is computed on a straight-line basis and, based on December 31, 2008 balances, such amortization for the next five years and thereafter is estimated to be as follows (in thousands):

Years Ending December 31,	
2009	\$27,821
2010	14,942
2011	2,500
2012	2,267
2013	1,363
2014 and thereafter	550
	<u>\$49,443</u>

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5—GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

The following table presents the balance of goodwill by segment, including the changes in carrying amount of goodwill, for the year ended December 31, 2008 (in thousands):

	Balance as of January 1, 2008	Additions	(Deductions)	Impairment	Foreign Exchange Translation	Balance as of December 31, 2008
Media & Advertising	\$1,361,914	\$103,042	\$ (3,844)	\$ —	\$ (15)	\$1,461,097
Match	233,397	—	—	—	(7,839)	225,558
ServiceMagic	99,641	7,728	—	—	—	107,369
Emerging Businesses	128,827	4,943	(414)	(11,600)	(5,485)	116,271
Total	<u>\$1,823,779</u>	<u>\$115,713</u>	<u>\$ (4,258)</u>	<u>\$ (11,600)</u>	<u>\$ (13,339)</u>	<u>\$1,910,295</u>

Additions principally relate to acquisitions. Deductions principally relate to the establishment of deferred tax assets related to acquired tax attributes and the income tax benefit realized pursuant to the exercise of stock options assumed in business acquisitions that were vested at the transaction date and are treated as a reduction in goodwill when the income tax deductions are realized.

The following table presents the balance of goodwill by segment, including the changes in carrying amount of goodwill, for the year ended December 31, 2007 (in thousands):

	Balance as of January 1, 2007	Additions	(Deductions)	Foreign Exchange Translation	Balance as of December 31, 2007
Media & Advertising	\$1,352,764	\$19,686	\$(10,537)	\$ 1	\$1,361,914
Match	232,222	6,973	(8,652)	2,854	233,397
ServiceMagic	100,389	—	(748)	—	99,641
Emerging Businesses	106,244	28,260	(9,963)	4,286	128,827
Total	<u>\$1,791,619</u>	<u>\$54,919</u>	<u>\$(29,900)</u>	<u>\$ 7,141</u>	<u>\$1,823,779</u>

Additions principally relate to acquisitions. Deductions principally relate to adjustments to the carrying value of goodwill based upon the finalization of the valuation of goodwill and intangible assets and their related deferred tax impacts, the establishment of deferred tax assets related to the adoption of FIN 48, the establishment of deferred tax assets related to acquired tax attributes, and the income tax benefit realized pursuant to the exercise of stock options assumed in business acquisitions that were vested at the transaction date and are treated as a reduction in goodwill when the income tax deductions are realized.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
NOTE 6—MARKETABLE SECURITIES

At December 31, 2008, available-for-sale marketable securities were as follows (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
Non-U.S. government securities and other fixed term obligations	\$ 104,761	\$ 1,413	\$ (59)	\$ 106,115
U.S. government-sponsored enterprises	7,100	46	—	7,146
Corporate debt securities	12,561	138	(368)	12,331
Total debt securities	124,422	1,597	(427)	125,592
Total marketable securities	\$ 124,422	\$ 1,597	\$ (427)	\$ 125,592

The net unrealized gain is included within other comprehensive income at December 31, 2008. The proceeds from sales and maturities of available-for-sale marketable securities were \$356.3 million, which resulted in gross realized gains of \$1.3 million and gross realized losses of \$0.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The net realized gains are included in "Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

The contractual maturities of debt securities classified as available-for-sale as of December 31, 2008 are as follows (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$ 32,354	\$ 32,592
Due after one year through five years	91,164	92,149
Due after five years through ten years	—	—
Due over ten years	904	851
Total	\$124,422	\$125,592

The following table summarizes those investments with unrealized losses at December 31, 2008 that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and those in a continuous unrealized loss position for twelve months or longer (in thousands):

	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
Non-U.S. government securities and other fixed term obligations	\$ 2,500	\$ (6)	\$ 853	\$ (53)	\$ 3,353	\$ (59)
U.S. government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	—	—	—	—
Corporate debt securities	6,844	(362)	2,049	(6)	8,893	(368)
Total	\$ 9,344	\$ (368)	\$ 2,902	\$ (59)	\$ 12,246	\$ (427)

Substantially all of the Company's fixed income securities are rated investment grade or better. The gross unrealized losses related to fixed income securities were due primarily to changes in credit quality of the security or interest rates. In the third quarter of 2008, the Company recorded an other-than-temporary impairment charge on marketable securities of \$1.8 million that is included in

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 6—MARKETABLE SECURITIES (Continued)

"Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. The decline in value was determined to be other-than-temporary due to the Company's assessment of the creditworthiness of the issuers of the securities. The Company's management has determined that the gross unrealized losses on its available-for-sale marketable securities at December 31, 2008 are temporary in nature based on the Company's ability and intent to hold these investments for a reasonable period of time sufficient for an expected recovery of fair value. There were no other-than-temporary impairment charges recorded in 2007 or 2006.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, \$0.6 million of net unrealized losses included within other comprehensive income at December 31, 2007, were recognized into earnings.

At December 31, 2007, available-for-sale marketable securities were as follows (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
Non-U.S. government securities and other fixed term obligations	\$ 157,391	\$ 627	\$ (497)	\$ 157,521
U.S. government-sponsored enterprises	104,215	1	(452)	103,764
U.S. government and agencies	3,405	91	—	3,496
Corporate debt securities	62,564	52	(609)	62,007
Total debt securities	<u>327,575</u>	<u>771</u>	<u>(1,558)</u>	<u>326,788</u>
Total marketable securities	<u>\$ 327,575</u>	<u>\$ 771</u>	<u>\$(1,558)</u>	<u>\$ 326,788</u>

The net unrealized loss is included within other comprehensive income and is recorded net of a deferred tax benefit of \$0.3 million at December 31, 2007. The proceeds from sales and maturities of available-for-sale marketable securities were approximately \$1.4 billion, which resulted in gross realized losses of \$0.4 million and gross realized gains of \$0.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2007.

In the third quarter of 2007, certain auction rate securities had failed auctions due to sell orders exceeding buy orders. Of the \$326.8 million of marketable securities at December 31, 2007, \$14.7 million, net of an unrealized loss of \$0.3 million, was associated with failed auctions. At December 31, 2007, the unrealized loss related to these securities was not considered to be an other-than-temporary impairment. In the first quarter of 2008, these auction rate securities were reclassified as long-term investments. The Company does not hold any other auction rate securities. See Note 14 for additional information related to auction rate securities.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
NOTE 6—MARKETABLE SECURITIES (Continued)

The following table summarizes those investments with unrealized losses at December 31, 2007 that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and those in a continuous unrealized loss position for twelve months or longer (in thousands):

	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
Non-U.S. government securities and other fixed term obligations	\$ 24,349	\$ (75)	\$ 35,162	\$ (422)	\$ 59,511	\$ (497)
U.S. government-sponsored enterprises	3,210	(6)	98,529	(446)	101,739	(452)
U.S. government and agencies	—	—	—	—	—	—
Corporate debt securities	26,860	(281)	25,459	(328)	52,319	(609)
Total	\$ 54,419	\$ (362)	\$ 159,150	\$ (1,196)	\$ 213,569	\$ (1,558)

During the year ended December 31, 2007, \$0.4 million of net unrealized losses included within other comprehensive income at December 31, 2006, were recognized into earnings. The proceeds from sales and maturities of available-for-sale marketable securities were approximately \$1.4 billion, which resulted in gross realized losses of \$1.4 million and gross realized gains of \$0.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. During the year ended December 31, 2006, \$1.2 million of net unrealized losses included within other comprehensive income at December 31, 2005, were recognized into earnings.

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

The balance of long-term investments is as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Long-term marketable equity securities	\$ 38,760	\$130,837
Equity method investments	49,001	148,009
Cost method investments	22,096	22,177
Auction rate securities	10,725	—
Total long-term investments	\$120,582	\$301,023

Long-term marketable equity securities

As part of the consideration for the sale of HSE to Arcandor AG ("ARO") on June 19, 2007, the Company received approximately 5.5 million shares of ARO stock (the "ARO Shares") valued at €141 million or \$190.1 million. During 2008, the Company concluded that the decline in the price of the ARO Shares was other-than-temporary and wrote the value of the investment down during the second and fourth quarters, resulting in a \$166.7 million aggregate impairment charge. These losses were determined to be other-than-temporary due to the significant decline in, and the Company's assessment of the near-to-medium term prospects for a recovery of, the ARO stock price. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the carrying value of the ARO Shares was \$23.8 million and

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (Continued)

\$130.8 million, respectively. Additionally, in the fourth quarter of 2008, the Company recorded a \$6.2 million impairment charge to write-down certain other long-term marketable equity securities. These losses were determined to be other-than-temporary due to the significant decline in and the duration of the decline in their stock prices. These impairment charges are included in "Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

Equity method investments

On December 8, 2008, the Company sold its 30% equity stake in Jupiter Shop, a Japanese TV shopping company, for \$493.3 million. The transaction resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$352.0 million, which is included in "Gain on sale of long-term investments" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. The pre-tax gain included \$21.5 million of foreign currency translation gains that were recognized into earnings at the time of the sale. Additionally, in the fourth quarter of 2008, the Company recorded a \$5.5 million impairment charge to write-down an equity method investment to its fair value. The decline in value was determined to be other-than-temporary due to the equity method investee's recent operating losses, negative operating cash flows and the resulting need for changes to the investee's existing business model. The resulting valuation of the investee also reflects the assessment of current market conditions and the investee's ability to successfully restructure. The impairment charge is included in "Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

On June 11, 2008, pursuant to an agreement with Points International, Ltd. ("Points"), IAC converted its preferred shares of Points into 29.4 million common shares of Points, sold 27.8 million of such common shares to a syndicate of underwriters for \$42.4 million and surrendered the remaining 1.6 million common shares to Points for cancellation. In addition, IAC's nominees to the board of directors of Points stepped down. The transaction resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$29.1 million, which is included in "Gain on sale of long-term investments" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. Prior to this transaction, IAC accounted for its investment in Points under the equity method due to IAC's representation on the board of directors of Points. Following this transaction, IAC accounts for its remaining investment in Points in accordance with SFAS No. 115.

The Company's equity in income (losses) of its unconsolidated affiliates for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 2008 is presented below (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Equity in income of Jupiter Shop	\$ 29,836	\$25,974	\$31,536
Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates other than Jupiter Shop	(13,196)	(3,622)	(209)
Total	<u>\$ 16,640</u>	<u>\$22,352</u>	<u>\$31,327</u>

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Summarized financial information for Jupiter Shop is as follows (in thousands):

	As of November 30, 2008 and for the period December 1, 2007 to November 30, 2008	2007	2006
Current assets	\$ 593,911	\$ 244,918	\$ 240,297
Non-current assets	88,568	239,564	214,237
Current liabilities	(143,466)	(111,168)	(177,090)
Non-current liabilities	(4,565)	(3,629)	(1,125)
Net sales	977,421	866,739	835,114
Gross profit	501,849	336,809	346,762
Net income	99,452	86,581	105,121

At December 31, 2008, the Company's investments accounted for under the equity method, along with the principal market that the investee operates, and IAC's relevant ownership percentage include:

	December 31, 2008
Medem, Inc. (United States)	36.46%
DJ/IAC Online Ventures, LLC (United States)	50.00%
MerchantCircle Inc. (United States)	17.41%
The Health Central Network, Inc. (United States)	35.25%

Summarized aggregated financial information of the Company's equity investments is as follows (in thousands):

	2008	2007
Current assets	\$ 48,118	\$ 16,593
Non-current assets	46,283	765
Current liabilities	(6,639)	(2,479)
Non-current liabilities	(11,044)	(4,665)
Net sales	13,201	1,425
Gross profit	6,230	75
Net loss	(21,756)	(12,168)

Cost method investments

In the fourth quarter of 2008, the Company recorded a \$7.1 million impairment charge to write-down certain cost method investments to fair value. The decline in value was determined to be other than-temporary due to management's reassessment of the fair value of these investments due, in part, to recent operating results and valuations implied by recent capital transactions. The impairment charge is included in "Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

Auction rate securities

See Note 14 for additional information regarding auction rate securities.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 8—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
	(In thousands)	
7.00% Senior Notes due January 15, 2013 (the "Senior Notes"); interest payable each January 15 and July 15 which commenced July 15, 2003	\$ 15,844	\$ 750,000
5% New York City Industrial Development Agency Liberty Bonds due September 1, 2035; interest payable each March 1 and September 1 which commenced March 1, 2006	80,000	80,000
Ask Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes due June 1, 2008 (the "Convertible Notes")	—	12,349
Total gross obligations	95,844	842,349
Fair value basis adjustment attributable to hedged debt obligations	—	4,542
Unamortized discount	—	(259)
Total long-term obligations	95,844	846,632
Less current maturities of long-term obligations	—	(12,090)
Long-term obligations, net of current maturities	\$ 95,844	\$ 834,542

On August 20, 2008, the Company purchased for cash \$456.7 million in principal amount of Senior Notes validly tendered pursuant to its amended tender offer to purchase the outstanding Senior Notes. Concurrent with the tender offer and in connection with the Spin-Off, the Company exchanged an additional \$277.4 million in principal amount of Senior Notes for the debt of ILG. In connection with the tender offer and the exchange, the Company recorded a net loss of \$63.2 million on the extinguishment of \$734.2 million of the Senior Notes which is recorded in "Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

At December 31, 2007, the Company had outstanding two interest rate swap agreements related to a portion of the Senior Notes with notional amounts of \$200 million and \$150 million, respectively. The changes in fair value of the interest rate swaps outstanding at December 31, 2007 resulted in gains of \$4.5 million which had been recognized as an adjustment to the carrying value of the corresponding debt. During the third quarter of 2008, the Company unwound these interest rate swap agreements for nominal gains.

In connection with the financing of the construction of IAC's corporate headquarters, on August 31, 2005, the New York City Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") issued \$80 million in aggregate principal amount of New York City Industrial Development Agency Liberty Bonds (IAC/InterActiveCorp Project), Series 2005 (the "Liberty Bonds"). IAC is obligated to make all principal, interest and other payments in respect of the Liberty Bonds pursuant to certain security and payment arrangements between IAC and the Agency, which arrangements were entered into in connection with the closing of the Liberty Bond issuance. IAC's payment obligation under the Liberty Bonds is collateralized by a mortgage interest in the corporate headquarters building.

During the second quarter of 2008, the Convertible Notes were fully converted.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 8—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Aggregate contractual maturities of long-term obligations are as follows (in thousands):

<u>Years Ending December 31,</u>	
2013	\$15,844
2035	80,000
	<u>\$95,844</u>

NOTE 9—SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Description of Common Stock and Class B Convertible Common Stock

The following is a description of IAC's common stock.

With respect to matters that may be submitted to a vote or for the consent of IAC's shareholders generally, including the election of directors, each holder of shares of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock vote together as a single class. In connection with any such vote, each holder of IAC common stock is entitled to one vote for each share of IAC common stock held and each holder of IAC Class B common stock is entitled to ten votes for each share of IAC Class B common stock held. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the holders of shares of IAC common stock, acting as a single class, are entitled to elect 25% of the total number of IAC's directors, and, in the event that 25% of the total number of directors shall result in a fraction of a director, then the holders of shares of IAC common stock, acting as a single class, are entitled to elect the next higher whole number of IAC's directors. In addition, Delaware law requires that certain matters be approved by the holders of shares of IAC common stock or holders of IAC Class B common stock voting as a separate class.

Shares of IAC Class B common stock are convertible into shares of IAC common stock at the option of the holder thereof, at any time, on a share-for-share basis. Such conversion ratio will in all events be equitably preserved in the event of any recapitalization of IAC by means of a stock dividend on, or a stock split or combination of, outstanding shares of IAC common stock or IAC Class B common stock, or in the event of any merger, consolidation or other reorganization of IAC with another corporation. Upon the conversion of shares of IAC Class B common stock into shares of IAC common stock, those shares of IAC Class B common stock will be retired and will not be subject to reissue. Shares of IAC common stock are not convertible into shares of IAC Class B common stock.

Except as described herein, shares of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock are identical. The holders of shares of IAC common stock and the holders of shares of IAC Class B common stock are entitled to receive, share for share, such dividends as may be declared by IAC's Board of Directors out of funds legally available therefore. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution, distribution of assets or winding-up of IAC, the holders of shares of IAC common stock and the holders of shares of IAC Class B common stock are entitled to receive, share for share, all the assets of IAC available for distribution to its stockholders, after the rights of the holders of any IAC preferred stock have been satisfied.

In the event that IAC issues or proposes to issue any shares of IAC common stock or Class B common stock (with certain limited exceptions), including shares issued upon exercise, conversion or exchange of options, warrants and convertible securities, Liberty Media Corporation ("Liberty") will have preemptive rights that entitle it to purchase, subject to a cap, a number of IAC common shares so that Liberty will maintain the identical ownership interest in IAC that Liberty had immediately prior to

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9—SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

such issuance or proposed issuance. Any purchase by Liberty will be allocated between IAC common stock and Class B common stock in the same proportion as the issuance or issuances giving rise to the preemptive right, except to the extent that Liberty opts to acquire shares of IAC common stock in lieu of shares of IAC Class B common stock. Liberty has not been entitled to exercise any of its preemptive rights in 2008 and 2007 as its ownership has exceeded the established cap.

Description of Preferred Stock

IAC's Board of Directors has the authority to designate, by resolution, the powers, preferences, rights and qualifications, limitations and restrictions of preferred stock issued by IAC without any further vote or action by the shareholders. Any shares of preferred stock so issued would have priority over shares of IAC common stock and shares of IAC Class B common stock with respect to dividend or liquidation rights or both.

Immediately prior to the Spin-Off all outstanding preferred stock was redeemed.

At December 31, 2007, 758 shares of IAC Series B preferred stock were outstanding. Shares of IAC Series B preferred stock accrued dividends at 1.99%, payable quarterly in cash or stock at IAC's option. The aggregate dollar amount of cash dividends paid in respect of IAC Series B preferred stock for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 was de minimis.

Note Receivable from Key Executive for Common Stock Issuance

In connection with the employment of Barry Diller as Chief Executive Officer in August 1995, the Company sold Mr. Diller 441,988 shares of IAC common stock ("Diller Shares") at \$22.6252 per share for cash and a non-recourse promissory note in the approximate amount of \$5.0 million, secured by approximately 265,000 shares of IAC common stock. The promissory note was due and paid in full on September 5, 2007.

Stockholders Agreement

Mr. Diller, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, through his own holdings, and holdings of Liberty, over which Mr. Diller has voting control pursuant to the amended and restated stockholders agreement, dated as of August 9, 2005, between Liberty and Mr. Diller, had the right to vote approximately 24.85% (31,764,913 shares) of IAC's outstanding common stock, and 100% (12,799,999 shares) of IAC's outstanding Class B common stock at December 31, 2008. As a result, Mr. Diller controlled 62.25% of the outstanding total voting power of the Company as of December 31, 2008 and is effectively able to control the outcome of nearly all matters submitted to a vote of the Company's shareholders.

Reserved Common Shares

In connection with equity compensation plans, warrants, and other matters, 77,218,943 shares of IAC common stock were reserved as of December 31, 2008.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9—SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

Stock-Based Warrants

At December 31, 2008, warrants (in thousands) to acquire shares of IAC common were outstanding as follows:

	Average Strike per IAC Share	Expiration Date	Number of IAC common shares underlying Warrants outstanding at December 31, 2008
Issued in 2002 Expedia.com deal(a)	\$ 34.29	2/4/09	8,294
Issued in Vivendi deal:			
Tranche 1	\$ 26.87	5/7/12	13,749
Tranche 2	\$ 31.75	5/7/12	4,548
Converted Expedia.com:			
Tranche 1(b)	\$ 13.09	2/4/09	12,462
Other	\$ 15.93	11/7/09–5/19/10	109
	\$ 24.59		<u>39,162</u>

(a) On February 4, 2009, warrants to acquire 8.3 million shares of IAC common stock expired unexercised.

(b) During the period from January 1, 2009 through February 4, 2009, warrants to acquire 11.5 million shares of IAC common stock were exercised for aggregate proceeds of \$150.9 million. The remaining warrants to acquire 0.9 million shares of IAC common stock expired unexercised.

The information in the table above reflects IAC's continuing obligation to its warrant holders subsequent to the Expedia spin-off. In addition, with respect to certain of the warrants included in the caption "Other" noted in the table above, Expedia is obligated to issue to the same warrant holders Expedia common stock for their portion of the obligation that arose from the Expedia spin-off.

During the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 there were approximately 148,000, 250 and 2,000 warrants exercised, respectively. No warrants were issued during the three year period ended December 31, 2008.

Common Stock Repurchases

Pursuant to the authorizations from its Board of Directors, during 2008 and 2007, IAC purchased 3.0 million and 7.8 million shares of IAC common stock for aggregate consideration of \$145.6 million and \$508.6 million, respectively. At December 31, 2008, IAC had approximately 22.4 million shares remaining in its authorizations.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 10—EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share.

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2008		2007		2006	
	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted
(In thousands, except per share data)						
Numerator:						
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations(a)	\$ 137,029	\$ 137,029	\$ (4,397)	\$ (4,397)	\$ (26,632)	\$ (26,632)
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(293,230)	(293,230)	(139,672)	(139,672)	213,697	213,697
Net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders	<u>\$ (156,201)</u>	<u>\$ (156,201)</u>	<u>\$ (144,069)</u>	<u>\$ (144,069)</u>	<u>\$ 187,065</u>	<u>\$ 187,065</u>
Denominator:						
Basic shares outstanding	139,850	139,850	142,843	142,843	152,602	152,602
Dilutive securities including stock options, warrants and RSUs	—	4,126	—	—	—	—
Denominator for earnings per share—weighted average shares(b)(c)	<u>139,850</u>	<u>143,976</u>	<u>142,843</u>	<u>142,843</u>	<u>152,602</u>	<u>152,602</u>
Earnings (loss) per share:						
Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$ 0.98	\$ 0.95	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.17)
Discontinued operations, net of tax	(2.10)	(2.03)	(0.98)	(0.98)	1.40	1.40
(Loss) earnings per share available to common shareholders	<u>\$ (1.12)</u>	<u>\$ (1.08)</u>	<u>\$ (1.01)</u>	<u>\$ (1.01)</u>	<u>\$ 1.23</u>	<u>\$ 1.23</u>

- (a) For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, approximately 0.3 million and 0.7 million weighted average common shares, respectively, related to the assumed conversion of the Company's Convertible Notes were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because the effect would be anti-dilutive. During the second quarter of 2008 all outstanding Convertible Notes were fully converted.
- (b) Weighted average common shares outstanding include the incremental shares that would be issued upon the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, vesting of restricted stock units and conversion of the Company's Convertible Notes. For the year ended December 31, 2008, approximately 39.9 million shares that could potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.
- (c) Weighted average common shares outstanding include the incremental shares that would be issued upon the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, vesting of restricted stock units and conversion of the Company's Convertible Notes if the effect is dilutive. Because the Company had a loss from continuing operations in 2007 and 2006, no potentially dilutive securities were included in the denominator for computing dilutive earnings per share, since their impact on earnings per share from continuing operations would be anti-dilutive. In accordance with SFAS 128, "Earnings Per Share," the same shares are used to compute all earnings per share amounts. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, approximately 28.7 million and 33.7 million shares, respectively, that could potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11—SFAS 123R AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS 123R using the modified prospective method and has applied the classification provisions of SAB 107 regarding the SEC's interpretation of SFAS 123R and the valuation of share-based payments for public companies in its adoption of SFAS 123R.

The adoption of SFAS 123R did not impact the amount of stock-based compensation expense recorded in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2006, since the Company had previously adopted the expense recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS No. 123"). Upon the adoption of SFAS 123R, tax benefits resulting from tax deductions in excess of the stock-based compensation expense recognized in the consolidated statement of operations are reported as a component of financing cash flows. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation of \$0.8 million, \$75.4 million and \$11.2 million, respectively, are included as a component of financing cash flows.

IAC currently has three active plans under which future awards may be granted, which currently cover outstanding stock options to acquire shares of IAC common stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance stock units ("PSUs") and restricted stock, as well as provide for the future grant of these and other equity awards. These plans are: the IAC 2008 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan (the "2008 Plan"), the IAC 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan (the "2005 Plan") and the Amended and Restated IAC 2000 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan (the "2000 Plan"). Under the 2008 Plan, the Company was originally authorized to grant stock options, RSUs, PSUs and restricted stock, and other equity based awards for up to 20.0 million shares of IAC common stock. Under the 2005 Plan, the Company was originally authorized to grant stock options, RSUs, PSUs and restricted stock, and other equity based awards for up to 20.0 million shares of IAC common stock, adjusted to reflect IAC's one-for-two reverse stock split in August 2008. Under the 2000 Plan, the Company is authorized to grant stock options, RSUs, PSUs and restricted stock, and other equity based awards and the number of shares that remained available for future awards pursuant to the authorizations under this plan was adjusted to give effect to the reverse stock splits in August 2005 and August 2008. The active plans described above authorize the Company to grant awards to its employees, officers, directors and consultants. At December 31, 2008, there are 15.1 million shares available for grant under these plans.

In addition, the plans described above have a stated term of ten years and provide that the exercise price of stock options granted will not be less than the market price of the Company's common stock on the grant date. The plans do not specify grant dates or vesting schedules as those determinations have been delegated to the Compensation and Human Resources Committee of IAC's Board of Directors (the "Committee"). Each grant agreement reflects the vesting schedule for that particular grant as determined by the Committee. Broad-based stock option awards to date have generally vested in equal annual installments over a four-year period and RSU awards to date have generally vested in equal annual installments over a five-year period, in each case, from the grant date. PSU awards to date generally cliff vest at the end of a three to five-year period from the date of grant. In addition to equity awards outstanding under the three active plans discussed above, stock options and other equity awards outstanding under terminated plans and plans assumed in acquisitions are reflected in the information set forth below.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11—SFAS 123R AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

Non-cash stock-based compensation expense related to stock options, restricted stock, RSUs and PSUs is included in the following line items in the accompanying statement of operations for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Cost of sales	\$ 6,695	\$ 5,652	\$ 5,071
Selling and marketing expense	7,328	6,186	5,364
General and administrative expense	72,326	61,566	56,813
Product development expense	190	181	113
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense before income taxes	86,539	73,585	67,361
Income tax benefit	(33,778)	(26,818)	(23,834)
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense after income taxes	<u>\$ 52,761</u>	<u>\$ 46,767</u>	<u>\$ 43,527</u>

The amount of stock-based compensation expense recognized in the consolidated statement of operations is reduced by estimated forfeitures, as the expense recorded is based on awards that are ultimately expected to vest. The forfeiture rate is estimated at the grant date based on historical experience and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from the estimated rate.

In connection with the Spin-Off, the majority of outstanding share-based compensation instruments of the Company were modified. Accordingly, on August 20, 2008, the Company recorded a one-time charge of \$31.5 million of which \$15.1 million is included in continuing operations and \$16.5 million is included in discontinued operations. This one-time charge is principally related to the acceleration of RSUs granted prior to August 8, 2005 or scheduled to vest on or before February 28, 2009. In addition, PSUs granted to non-corporate employees in 2007 were not accelerated but were converted into RSUs with the same vesting schedule. All equity awards held by IAC employees were converted into either awards denominated solely in IAC common shares or a combination of IAC common shares and the common shares of the spun-off businesses, in all cases with appropriate adjustments to the number of shares of common stock, and exercise prices in the case of options, underlying each such award to maintain pre- and post spin-off values. The total incremental compensation cost resulting from the modification was \$20.7 million for employees that remained IAC employees following the Spin-Off. This cost will be recognized over the vesting period of the awards. For the period from August 20, 2008 to December 31, 2008, \$3.5 million of this incremental compensation cost was recognized in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

As of December 31, 2008, there was \$152.6 million of unrecognized compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, related to all equity-based awards. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.9 years.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11—SFAS 123R AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

Stock Options

A summary of changes in outstanding stock options is as follows:

	December 31, 2008			Aggregate Intrinsic Value
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term	
	(Shares and intrinsic value in thousands)			
Outstanding at January 1, 2008	12,034	\$ 29.08		
Granted	8,220	23.26		
Exercised	(715)	10.92		
Forfeited	(488)	23.47		
Expired	(258)	27.57		
Outstanding just prior to the Spin-Off(a)	18,793	27.39		
Adjustments for the Spin-Off(b)	(7,566)	NM		
Outstanding following the Spin-Off	11,227	23.49		
Granted following the Spin-Off	6,290	16.24		
Exercised following the Spin-Off	(72)	9.87		
Forfeited following the Spin-Off	(76)	20.12		
Expired following the Spin-Off	(204)	34.07		
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	17,165	\$ 20.77	8.0	\$ 4,607
Options exercisable	3,276	\$ 21.46	3.0	\$ 4,371

(a) All share and weighted average exercise price information prior to the date of the Spin-Off do not reflect the impact of the one-for-two reverse stock split.

(b) Includes the impact of the one-for-two reverse stock split, the transfer of equity to the spun-off businesses and the impact of the relative values of the spun-off businesses.

The fair value of each stock option award is estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Approximately 15.7 million stock options, as adjusted for the Spin-Off, were granted by the Company during the year ended December 31, 2008. There were no stock options granted by the Company during the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

The Black-Scholes option pricing model incorporates various assumptions, including expected volatility and expected term. For purposes of this model, no dividends have been assumed. Expected stock price volatilities are estimated based on the Company's historical volatility. The risk-free interest rates are based on U.S. Treasury yields for notes with comparable terms as the awards, in effect at the grant date. The expected term of options granted is based on analyses of historical employee termination rates and option exercise patterns, giving consideration to expectations of future employee behavior. The following are the weighted average assumptions used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model for the year ended December 31, 2008: volatility factor of 47%, risk-free interest rate of 2.6%, expected term of 4.4 years, and a dividend yield of zero.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
NOTE 11—SFAS 123R AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

The weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the year ended December 31, 2008 with exercise prices equal to the market prices of IAC's common stock on the date of grant, as adjusted for the Spin-Off, was \$7.46. The weighted average exercise price and weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the year ended December 31, 2008 with exercise prices greater than the market value of IAC's common stock on the date of grant, as adjusted for the Spin-Off, were \$22.69 and \$6.48, respectively.

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between IAC's closing stock price on the last trading day of 2008 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on December 31, 2008. This amount changes based on the fair market value of IAC's common stock. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 was \$7.6 million, \$223.6 million and \$101.6 million, respectively.

Cash received from stock option exercises and the related tax benefit realized for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006: were \$8.5 million and \$2.1 million; \$39.3 million and \$88.2 million; and \$104.7 million and \$25.2 million, respectively.

The following table summarizes the information about stock options outstanding and exercisable as of December 31, 2008:

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable		
	Outstanding at December 31, 2008	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life in Years	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Exercisable at December 31, 2008	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted-Average Exercise Price
			(Shares in thousands)			
\$0.01 to \$10.00	369	3.3	\$ 6.18	369	3.3	\$ 6.18
\$10.01 to \$20.00	7,594	9.3	16.23	715	3.5	15.75
\$20.01 to \$30.00	7,108	7.3	22.00	1,998	2.8	24.37
\$30.01 to \$40.00	1,271	6.3	31.11	71	4.4	32.03
\$40.01 to \$50.00	805	5.7	41.81	105	1.1	41.88
\$50.01 to \$60.00	5	1.2	59.50	5	1.2	59.50
\$80.01 to \$90.00	12	0.9	88.45	12	0.9	88.45
\$90.01 to \$106.00	1	1.0	105.60	1	1.0	105.60
	<u>17,165</u>	<u>8.0</u>	<u>\$ 20.77</u>	<u>3,276</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>\$ 21.46</u>

Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units and Performance Stock Units

RSUs are awards in the form of phantom shares or units, denominated in a hypothetical equivalent number of shares of IAC common stock and with the value of each RSU equal to the fair value of IAC common stock at the date of grant. RSUs may be settled in cash, stock or both, as determined by the Committee at the time of grant. With the exception of awards to non-U.S. employees, which are settled in cash, all awards are settled in stock. Each restricted stock, RSU and PSU grant is subject to service-based vesting, where a specific period of continued employment must pass before an award vests. PSUs also include performance-based vesting, where certain performance targets set at the time of grant must be achieved before an award vests. The Company recognizes expense for all restricted stock, RSUs and PSUs for which vesting is considered probable. For restricted

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
NOTE 11—SFAS 123R AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

stock and RSU grants to U.S. employees, the accounting charge is measured at the grant date as the fair value of IAC common stock and expensed ratably as non-cash compensation over the vesting term. For PSU grants to U.S. employees, the expense is measured at the grant date as the fair value of IAC common stock and expensed as non-cash compensation when the performance targets are considered probable of being achieved.

The expense associated with RSU awards to non-U.S. employees is initially measured at fair value at the grant date and expensed ratably over the vesting term, subject to mark-to-market adjustments for changes in the price of IAC common stock, as compensation expense within general and administrative expense. At December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, approximately 0.1 million, 0.2 million and 0.2 million international awards were outstanding, respectively. Cash payments related to awards to international employees, including employees of businesses currently presented within discontinued operations, totaled \$3.5 million, \$3.3 million and \$1.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Nonvested restricted stock, RSUs and PSUs outstanding as of December 31, 2008 and changes during the year ended December 31, 2008 were as follows:

	Restricted Stock		RSUs		PSUs	
	Number of shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Number of shares (Shares in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Number of shares(a)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2008	200	\$28.31	6,454	\$30.29	4,168	\$36.59
Granted	—	—	1,706	24.71	266	25.82
Vested	—	—	(1,367)	30.18	(20)	39.48
Forfeited	—	—	(439)	30.58	(950)	35.21
Nonvested just prior to the Spin-Off(b)	200	28.31	6,354	28.78	3,464	25.96
PSUs converted to RSUs	—	—	2,792	37.87	(2,792)	37.87
Vested on date of Spin-Off	(200)	28.31	(2,207)	30.03	—	—
Adjustments for the Spin-Off(c)	—	—	(3,706)	NM	117	NM
Nonvested following the Spin-Off	—	\$ —	3,233	26.44	789	25.24
Granted following the Spin-Off			167	14.78	—	—
Vested following the Spin-Off			(39)	23.96	(2)	34.78
Forfeited following the Spin-Off			(65)	27.16	—	—
Nonvested at December 31, 2008			3,296	\$25.84	787	\$25.22

- (a) In February 2007, the Company granted PSUs which cliff vest at the end of three years in varying amounts depending upon growth in the Company's metric, Adjusted Earnings Per Share, with certain modifications. These PSUs provided for an opportunity for a number of shares to vest equal to 200% of the initial "target" award. In connection with the Spin-Off, the majority of the PSUs were converted into non-performance based RSUs at the "target" award, some of which vested upon the Spin-Off and the remainder will cliff vest at the end of three years from the original date of grant.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11—SFAS 123R AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

- (b) All share and weighted average grant date fair value information prior to the date of the Spin-Off do not reflect the impact of the one-for-two reverse stock split.
- (c) Includes the impact of the one-for-two reverse stock split, the transfer of equity to the spun-off businesses and the impact of the relative values of the spun-off businesses.

The weighted average fair value of restricted stock, RSUs and PSUs granted during years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 based on market prices of IAC's common stock on the grant date, as adjusted for the Spin-Off, was \$21.22, \$32.71 and \$25.70, respectively. The total fair value of restricted stock, RSUs and PSUs that vested during the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 was \$72.2 million, \$54.2 million and \$40.4 million, respectively.

In connection with the acquisitions of certain of its operating subsidiaries, and the funding of certain start-up businesses, IAC has granted restricted equity and phantom equity units in the relevant business to certain members of the business' management. These management equity awards vest over a period of years or upon the occurrence of certain prescribed events. When acquiring or funding these entities, IAC has taken a preferred interest in the entity with a face value equal to the acquisition price or its investment cost, which accretes paid-in-kind dividends at a prescribed rate of return. The value of the restricted equity awards and phantom equity units is tied to the value of the common stock of the entity, with management as a whole generally receiving a small minority of the total common stock outstanding. Accordingly, these interests only have value to the extent the relevant business appreciates at a greater rate than the relevant preferred dividend, but can have significant value in the event of significant appreciation. The interests are ultimately settled in common stock or cash at the option of IAC, with fair market value determined by negotiation or arbitration, at various dates from 2009 through 2013. The expense associated with these equity awards is initially measured at fair value at the grant date and is amortized ratably as non-cash compensation over the vesting term.

Effective January 1, 2006, the founder and Chief Executive Officer of LendingTree was promoted to President and Chief Operating Officer of IAC ("COO"). In connection with his promotion, the terms and conditions of a portion of the COO's existing unvested management equity awards were modified (the "Modification"). In connection with the Modification, (i) a portion of the unvested management equity awards was exchanged for shares of IAC restricted stock, which vested in 2008 upon satisfaction of certain service and performance conditions established by the Committee, and (ii) the terms and conditions applicable to the valuation and settlement of another portion of the unvested management equity awards were amended. The total incremental compensation cost resulting from the Modification was \$8.7 million which was recognized ratably over the vesting period. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, \$0.4 million, \$4.1 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, of the incremental compensation cost associated with the Modification was recognized in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

NOTE 12—SEGMENT INFORMATION

The overall concept that IAC employs in determining its operating segments is to present the financial information in a manner consistent with how the chief operating decision maker and executive management view the businesses, how the businesses are organized as to segment management, and the focus of the businesses with regards to the types of products or services offered or the target market. Entities included in discontinued operations, as described in Note 1 and Note 16, are excluded from the schedules below except for the schedule of assets, in which they are included in corporate. Operating segments are combined for reporting purposes if they have similar economic characteristics

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12—SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

and meet the aggregation criteria of SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information."

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousands)		
Revenue:			
Media & Advertising	\$ 778,809	\$ 758,529	\$ 544,229
Match	365,505	348,733	311,227
ServiceMagic	123,914	93,385	63,700
Emerging Businesses	196,589	145,300	85,649
Inter-segment elimination	(19,722)	(13,365)	(4,212)
Total	\$1,445,095	\$1,332,582	\$1,000,593

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousands)		
Operating (Loss) Income:			
Media & Advertising	\$ 100,748	\$ 29,899	\$ (5,986)
Match	75,490	65,780	58,360
ServiceMagic	23,983	17,587	12,411
Emerging Businesses	(55,970)	(21,344)	(25,459)
Corporate	(206,212)	(170,426)	(150,632)
Total	\$ (61,961)	\$ (78,504)	\$ (111,306)

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousands)		
Operating Income Before Amortization(a):			
Media & Advertising	\$ 139,603	\$ 88,199	\$ 58,275
Match	91,266	78,367	63,395
ServiceMagic	26,244	20,764	16,151
Emerging Businesses	(35,493)	(7,914)	(14,051)
Corporate	(121,522)	(98,932)	(88,362)
Total	\$ 100,098	\$ 80,484	\$ 35,408

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12—SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
(In thousands)		
Assets:		
Media & Advertising	\$2,050,027	\$ 1,961,934
Match	314,058	333,407
ServiceMagic	143,798	125,216
Emerging Businesses	189,723	208,210
Corporate	2,552,992	9,962,035
Total	\$5,250,598	\$12,590,802

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
(In thousands)			
Depreciation:			
Media & Advertising	\$38,142	\$30,789	\$27,745
Match	8,825	7,596	7,527
ServiceMagic	3,249	2,573	1,683
Emerging Businesses	8,002	5,448	5,226
Corporate	12,833	13,455	10,723
Total	\$71,051	\$59,861	\$52,904

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
(In thousands)			
Capital expenditures:			
Media & Advertising	\$32,741	\$ 60,640	\$ 26,947
Match	10,989	8,715	9,696
ServiceMagic	2,516	3,786	3,918
Emerging Businesses	11,281	9,257	5,523
Corporate	8,027	30,503	98,769
Total	\$65,554	\$112,901	\$144,853

- (a) The Company's primary metric is Operating Income Before Amortization, which is defined as operating income excluding, if applicable: (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) amortization of non-cash marketing, (3) amortization and impairment of intangibles, (4) goodwill impairment, (5) pro forma adjustments for significant acquisitions, and (6) one-time items. The Company believes this measure is useful to investors because it represents the consolidated operating results from IAC's segments, taking into account depreciation, which it believes is an ongoing cost of doing business, but excluding the effects of any other non-cash expenses. Operating Income Before Amortization has certain limitations in that it does not take into account the impact to IAC's statement of operations of certain expenses, including non-cash compensation, non-cash marketing, and acquisition related accounting. IAC endeavors to compensate for the limitations of the non-GAAP measure presented by providing the comparable GAAP measure with equal or greater prominence, financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and descriptions of the reconciling items, including quantifying such items, to derive the non-GAAP measure.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
NOTE 12—SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

The Company maintains operations in the United States, the United Kingdom and other international territories. Geographic information about the United States and international territories is presented below:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousands)		
Revenue			
United States	\$1,169,292	\$1,128,588	\$ 851,404
All other countries	275,803	203,994	149,189
Total	<u>\$1,445,095</u>	<u>\$1,332,582</u>	<u>\$1,000,593</u>

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
	(In thousands)	
Long-lived assets (excluding goodwill and intangible assets)		
United States	\$ 324,734	\$ 332,311
All other countries	2,227	2,030
Total	<u>\$ 326,961</u>	<u>\$ 334,341</u>

The following tables reconcile Operating Income Before Amortization to operating (loss) income for the Company's reporting segments and to net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders in total (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31, 2008					Operating Income (Loss)
	Operating Income Before Amortization	Non-Cash Compensation Expense	Amortization of Non-Cash Marketing	Amortization of Intangibles	Goodwill Impairment	
Media & Advertising	\$ 139,603	\$ —	\$ (4,899)	\$ (33,956)	\$ —	\$ 100,748
Match	91,266	—	(15,103)	(673)	—	75,490
ServiceMagic	26,244	(727)	—	(1,534)	—	23,983
Emerging Businesses	(35,493)	(1,122)	—	(7,755)	(11,600)	(55,970)
Corporate	(121,522)	(84,690)	—	—	—	(206,212)
Total	<u>\$ 100,098</u>	<u>\$ (86,539)</u>	<u>\$ (20,002)</u>	<u>\$ (43,918)</u>	<u>\$ (11,600)</u>	(61,961)
Other income, net						155,444
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest						93,483
Income tax benefit						37,697
Minority interest in losses of consolidated subsidiaries						5,849
Earnings from continuing operations						137,029
Gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax						23,314
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax						(316,544)
Net loss available to common shareholders						<u>\$(156,201)</u>

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12—SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

	Year Ended December 31, 2007				
	Operating Income Before Amortization	Non-Cash Compensation Expense	Amortization of Non-Cash Marketing	Amortization of Intangibles	Operating Income (Loss)
Media & Advertising	\$ 88,199	\$ —	\$ (33,637)	\$ (24,663)	\$ 29,899
Match	78,367	—	(11,146)	(1,441)	65,780
ServiceMagic	20,764	(623)	—	(2,554)	17,587
Emerging Businesses	(7,914)	(1,468)	(4,887)	(7,075)	(21,344)
Corporate	(98,932)	(71,494)	—	—	(170,426)
Total	<u>\$ 80,484</u>	<u>\$ (73,585)</u>	<u>\$ (49,670)</u>	<u>\$ (35,733)</u>	<u>(78,504)</u>
Other income, net					74,414
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest					(4,090)
Income tax provision					(2,321)
Minority interest in losses of consolidated subsidiaries					2,014
Loss from continuing operations					(4,397)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax					33,524
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax					(173,196)
Net loss available to common shareholders					<u><u>\$(144,069)</u></u>

	Year Ended December 31, 2006				
	Operating Income Before Amortization	Non-Cash Compensation Expense	Amortization of Non-Cash Marketing	Amortization of Intangibles	Operating Income (Loss)
Media & Advertising	\$ 58,275	\$ —	\$ (29,629)	\$ (34,632)	\$ (5,986)
Match	63,395	—	(2,996)	(2,039)	58,360
ServiceMagic	16,151	(622)	—	(3,118)	12,411
Emerging Businesses	(14,051)	(4,469)	(4,500)	(2,439)	(25,459)
Corporate	(88,362)	(62,270)	—	—	(150,632)
Total	<u>\$ 35,408</u>	<u>\$ (67,361)</u>	<u>\$ (37,125)</u>	<u>\$ (42,228)</u>	<u>(111,306)</u>
Other income, net					35,446
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest					(75,860)
Income tax benefit					48,461
Minority interest in losses of consolidated subsidiaries					767
Loss from continuing operations					(26,632)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax					9,579
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax					204,118
Net earnings available to common shareholders					<u><u>\$ 187,065</u></u>

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 13—DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS****Derivatives Related to Long-term Debt**

IAC's objective in managing its exposure to interest rate risk on its long-term debt is to maintain its mix of floating rate and fixed rate debt within a certain range. IAC's risk management policy enables IAC to manage its exposure to the impact of interest rate changes. As such, from time to time, IAC may enter into interest rate swap transactions designated as fair value hedges with financial institutions to modify the interest characteristics on a portion of its long-term debt. During 2008, the Company unwound its interest rate swap agreements related to the Senior Notes for nominal gains.

Derivatives Created in the Expedia Spin-Off

Following the Expedia spin-off, a derivative liability was created due to IAC's obligation to deliver shares of both IAC common stock and Expedia common stock to the holders upon conversion of the Convertible Notes. A derivative asset was also created due to Expedia's contractual obligation to deliver shares of Expedia common stock to IAC upon conversion by the holders of the Convertible Notes. Both of these derivatives were maintained at fair value each reporting period with any changes in fair value recognized in current earnings as a component of other income (expense). During the second quarter of 2008, the Convertible Notes were fully converted and the related derivatives expired. The net change in the fair value of these derivatives for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 resulted in net gains of \$0.4 million and \$5.2 million and net losses of \$9.1 million, respectively, which have been recognized in "Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and in operating activities attributable to continuing operations in the accompanying consolidated statement of cash flows. At December 31, 2007, the derivative asset valued at \$14.6 million was recorded in "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" and the derivative liability valued at \$13.5 million was recorded in "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

Derivative Created in the Sale of HSE

As part of the consideration for the sale of HSE on June 19, 2007, IAC received the ARO Shares plus additional consideration in the form of a contingent value right ("CVR"). The CVR has value of up to €54 million within three years from the date of sale. ARO shares are listed on the German stock exchange (XETRA: ARO) and as a result, IAC is exposed to changes in ARO's stock price. The ultimate value of the CVR is dependent, in part, upon the average closing value of the ARO Shares for the 90 days preceding June 19, 2010 (the "Average Value"). To the extent that the Average Value is equal to or less than €141 million, IAC will receive a cash payment equal to €54 million. To the extent that the Average Value is equal to or greater than €195 million, IAC will receive no additional consideration. To the extent that the Average Value is between €141 million and €195 million, IAC will receive a pro rata portion of the €54 million. If the closing value of an ARO share equals or exceeds €35.68 per share for at least 30 consecutive trading days during the three year period from June 20, 2007 through June 19, 2010, the CVR expires without any payment being made. The CVR is accounted for as a derivative asset and maintained at fair value each reporting period with any changes in fair value recognized in current earnings as a component of other income (expense). For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the change in the fair value of the CVR resulted in gains of \$5.8 million and \$24.1 million, respectively, which have been recognized in "Other (expense) income" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and in operating activities attributable to continuing operations in the accompanying consolidated statement of cash flows. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the CVR was valued at \$57.2 million and \$54.7 million, respectively, and is recorded in "Other non-current assets" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
NOTE 14—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS No. 157"). In accordance with SFAS No. 157, the Company categorizes its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the assumptions used in pricing the asset or liability into the following three levels:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets obtained from independent sources.
- Level 2: Other inputs that are observable directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data and require the Company to develop its own assumptions, based on the best information available in the circumstances, about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2008:

	<u>Recurring Fair Value Measurements Using</u>			<u>Total Fair Value Measurements</u>
	<u>Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)</u>	<u>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)</u>	<u>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</u>	
	(In thousands)			
Marketable securities	\$ 124,741	\$ 851	\$ —	\$ 125,592
Long-term investments	38,760	—	10,725	49,485
Derivative asset created in the HSE sale	—	—	57,189	57,189
Total	\$ 163,501	\$ 851	\$ 67,914	\$ 232,266

The following table presents the changes in the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

	<u>For The Year Ended December 31, 2008</u>		
	<u>Long-Term Investments</u>	<u>Net Derivatives Created in the Expedia Spin- Off</u>	<u>Derivative Asset Created in the HSE Sale</u>
	(In thousands)		
Balance at January 1, 2008	\$ 14,763	\$ 1,100	\$ 54,656
Total net gains or losses (realized and unrealized):			
Included in earnings	—	400	5,785
Included in other comprehensive income	(4,038)	—	(3,252)
Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements, net	—	(1,500)	—
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$ 10,725	\$ —	\$ 57,189

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 14—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The following table presents the gains and losses included in earnings for the year ended December 31, 2008 relating to the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

	For The Year Ended December 31, 2008	
	Net Derivatives Created in the Expedia Spin-Off	Derivative Asset Created in the HSE Sale
	(In thousands)	
Total gains included in earnings for the year ended December 31, 2008:		
Other income	\$ 400	\$ 5,785
Total	\$ 400	\$ 5,785
Change in unrealized gains relating to assets and liabilities still held at December 31, 2008:		
Other income	\$ —	\$ 5,785
Total	\$ —	\$ 5,785

Long-term investments

Long-term investments in the table above that are measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) are available-for-sale auction rate securities accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 115. The auction rate securities are valued by discounting the estimated future cash flow streams of the securities over the life of the securities. Credit spreads and other risk factors are also considered in establishing a fair value. At December 31, 2008, the auction rate securities are rated AA/Baa1. Due to their high credit rating and the Company's ability and intent to hold these securities until recovery, the unrealized loss of \$4.3 million related to these securities is not considered to be an other-than-temporary impairment at December 31, 2008. The auction rate securities mature in 2025 and 2035.

Derivative asset created in the sale of HSE

The derivative asset created in the sale of HSE is maintained at fair value using Monte Carlo simulation relying on various observable and unobservable inputs including risk free interest rates, stock price volatility and credit risk.

NOTE 15—FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The additional disclosure below of the estimated fair value of financial instruments has been determined by the Company using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies when available. The Company's financial instruments include a guarantee, letters of

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 15—FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

credit and surety bonds. These commitments are in place to facilitate the commercial operations of IAC and certain subsidiaries.

	December 31, 2008		December 31, 2007	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
	(In thousands)			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,744,994	\$1,744,994	\$1,585,302	\$1,585,302
Accounts receivable, net	98,402	98,402	116,670	116,670
Long-term obligations (including current maturities)	(95,844)	(67,557)	(846,632)	(902,656)
Derivatives related to long-term debt	—	—	4,542	4,542
Derivative asset created in the Expedia spin-off	—	—	14,600	14,600
Derivative liability created in the Expedia spin-off	—	—	(13,500)	(13,500)
Derivative asset created in the HSE sale	57,189	57,189	54,656	54,656
Guarantee, letters of credit and surety bonds	N/A	(23,071)	N/A	(8,907)

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet approximate fair value as they are maintained with various high-quality financial institutions or in short-term duration high-quality debt securities. Accounts receivable, net, are short-term in nature and are generally settled shortly after the sale. The fair values of the Senior Notes, as well as the related outstanding derivative contracts in 2007, and the Liberty Bonds were estimated using quoted market prices. The carrying amounts of the derivative asset and derivative liability created in the Expedia spin-off prior to their expiration in the second quarter of 2008 were maintained at fair value, which was based upon appropriate valuation methodologies. See Note 6 and Note 7 for discussion of the fair value of marketable securities and long-term investments, respectively, and Note 14 for discussion of the fair value of the derivative asset created in the HSE sale.

NOTE 16—DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On August 20, 2008, IAC completed the Spin-Off. In addition, on May 30, 2008, IAC sold EPI for \$34.9 million, which resulted in a pre-tax loss of \$37.4 million and an after-tax gain of \$22.3 million.

On June 19, 2007, IAC sold HSE for \$216.5 million, which resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$45.7 million and an after-tax gain of \$31.1 million. The pre-tax gain included \$22.8 million of foreign currency translation gains that were recognized into earnings at the time of the sale. The net assets of HSE included goodwill of \$124.6 million.

During the second quarter of 2006, Quiz TV Limited ceased operations. iBuy was classified as held for sale during the fourth quarter of 2006 and its assets were subsequently sold during the second quarter of 2007. Additionally, on November 29, 2006, IAC sold PRC for \$286.5 million which resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$66.3 million and an after-tax gain of \$9.6 million. The net assets of PRC included goodwill of \$129.3 million.

Accordingly, discontinued operations include, PRC through November 28, 2006, HSE through June 19, 2007, EPI through May 30, 2008, HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster and Tree.com through August 20, 2008 and Quiz TV Limited and iBuy for all periods presented.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16—DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

The net revenue and net earnings, net of the effect of any minority interest, for the aforementioned discontinued operations for the applicable periods were as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Net revenue	\$3,144,662	\$5,240,657	\$5,676,505
(Loss) earnings before income taxes and minority interest	\$ (307,844)	\$ (48,500)	\$ 369,950
Income tax provision	(10,811)	(127,243)	(165,614)
Minority interest in losses (income) of consolidated subsidiaries	2,111	2,547	(218)
Net (loss) earnings	\$ (316,544)	\$ (173,196)	\$ 204,118

The assets and liabilities of EPI at December 31, 2007 have been classified in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as "Assets held for sale" (which is included in "Prepaid expenses and other current assets") and "Liabilities held for sale" (which is included in "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities"). Such net assets held for sale consist of the following (in thousands):

	December 31, 2007
Current assets	\$ 30,847
Goodwill	19,350
Intangible assets, net	41,660
Other non-current assets	35,139
Assets held for sale	126,996
Current liabilities	(56,928)
Other long-term liabilities	(2,761)
Liabilities held for sale	(59,689)
Net assets held for sale	\$ 67,307

The assets and liabilities of HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster and Tree.com as of August 20, 2008 and December 31, 2007, which are reported as assets and liabilities of discontinued operations, were as follows (in thousands):

	August 20, 2008	December 31, 2007
Current assets	\$ 1,662,321	\$ 1,020,034
Goodwill	4,559,660	4,629,885
Intangible assets, net	946,007	961,322
Other non-current assets	631,443	510,536
Non-current assets	6,137,110	6,101,743
Current liabilities	(1,265,478)	(1,265,307)
Deferred income taxes	(955,746)	(962,170)
Other long-term liabilities	(1,606,923)	(165,309)
Non-current liabilities	(2,562,669)	(1,127,479)
Net assets	\$ 3,971,284	\$ 4,728,991

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 17—COMMITMENTS

The Company leases office space, data center facilities and equipment used in connection with its operations under various operating leases, many of which contain escalation clauses. The Company is committed to pay a portion of the related operating expenses under the data center lease agreement. These operating expenses are not included in the table below.

Future minimum payments under operating lease agreements are as follows (in thousands):

<u>Years Ending December 31,</u>	
2009	\$ 20,797
2010	19,582
2011	17,116
2012	15,743
2013	12,586
Thereafter	213,114
Total	\$298,938

Expenses charged to operations under these agreements were \$26.3 million, \$22.8 million and \$20.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The Company also has funding commitments that could potentially require its performance in the event of demands by third parties or contingent events, such as under letters of credit extended as follows (in thousands):

	<u>Amount of Commitment Expiration Per Period</u>				
	<u>Total Amounts Committed</u>	<u>Less Than 1 Year</u>	<u>1- 3 Years</u>	<u>3-5 Years</u>	<u>More Than 5 Years</u>
Guarantee, letters of credit and surety bonds	\$ 23,071	\$ 7,904	\$ 167	\$ 15,000	\$ —
Purchase obligations	731	417	314	—	—
Total commercial commitments	\$ 23,802	\$ 8,321	\$ 481	\$ 15,000	\$ —

The total commercial commitments above primarily consist of a \$15.0 million guarantee and a \$7.4 million letter of credit, which supports the Company's operation of a camping reservation system and a casualty insurance program, respectively. The purchase obligations primarily relate to minimum payments due under a telecommunications contract related to data transmission lines.

NOTE 18—CONTINGENCIES

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is a party to various lawsuits. The Company establishes reserves for specific legal matters when it determines that the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is probable and the loss is reasonably estimable. Management has also identified certain other legal matters where we believe an unfavorable outcome is not probable and, therefore, no reserve is established. Although management currently believes that resolving claims against us, including claims where an unfavorable outcome is reasonably possible, will not have a material impact on the liquidity, results of operations, or financial condition of the Company, these matters are subject to inherent uncertainties and management's view of these matters may change in the future. It is possible that an unfavorable outcome of one or more of these lawsuits could have a material impact on the liquidity, results of operations, or financial condition of the Company. The Company also evaluates other contingent matters, including tax contingencies, to assess the probability and estimated extent of potential loss. See Note 4 for additional information related to income tax contingencies.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 19—SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Transactions for 2008

During the year ended December 31, 2008, \$12.3 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes was converted by the holders. Upon conversion, 0.2 million shares of IAC common stock and 0.2 million shares of Expedia common stock were issued to the holders.

After the close of trading on August 20, 2008, IAC completed the Spin-Off. The net assets of the spun-off businesses, net of cash of \$728.0 million, of \$3.2 billion is included in the accompanying consolidated statement of shareholders' equity as a reduction to additional paid-in capital and retained earnings.

Immediately prior to and in connection with the Spin-Off, the Company exchanged \$277.4 million of the Senior Notes for debt of ILG.

Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Transactions for 2007

On June 19, 2007, IAC completed the sale of HSE and received approximately 5.5 million shares of ARO stock and a derivative asset, valued at \$190.1 million and \$27.1 million, respectively.

On June 8, 2007, the Company made an investment in Front Line Management Group, Inc. ("Front Line"), which included the conversion of \$26.5 million convertible note. In connection with the Spin-Off, IAC transferred its equity investment in Front Line to Ticketmaster.

During the year ended December 31, 2007, \$7.7 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes was converted by the holders. Upon conversion, 0.1 million shares of IAC common stock and 0.1 million shares of Expedia common stock were issued to the holders.

Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Transactions for 2006

During the year ended December 31, 2006, \$93.9 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes was converted by the holders. Upon conversion, 1.8 million shares of IAC common stock and 1.8 million shares of Expedia common stock were issued to the holders.

Due to a reconciliation of federal and state income taxes for the 2005 period prior to the Expedia spin-off and as provided for in the tax sharing agreement entered into with Expedia at the time of the Expedia spin-off, the Company recorded a \$17.8 million reduction to the amount distributed to Expedia shareholders in 2006 due to a reduced tax liability. The amount is included in the consolidated statement of shareholders' equity as an increase to additional paid-in capital.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 19—SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousands)		
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$ 54,465	\$ 56,585	\$49,409
Income tax payments	16,191	174,539	65,558
Income tax refunds	(15,397)	(33,505)	(9,540)

NOTE 20—RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Continuing operations

In connection with the Expedia spin-off, the Company and Expedia entered into various agreements, including, among others, a separation agreement, a tax sharing agreement, an employee matters agreement and a transition services agreement. In addition, in connection with and following the Expedia spin-off, the Company and Expedia have entered into various commercial agreements, which generally include distribution agreements, services agreements and advertising agreements. Certain of these agreements were entered into with IAC entities that were spun-off or sold and, accordingly, the related activity is described in discontinued operations. Total amounts received by the Company from Expedia related to these various agreements in 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$2.7 million, \$3.1 million and \$4.5 million, respectively. Amounts receivable by the Company from Expedia related to these various agreements at December 31, 2008 and 2007 were \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, and are included in "Accounts receivable, net" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. Total payments made by the Company to Expedia related to these various agreements were \$0.1 million in both 2008 and 2007, and \$0.6 million in 2006. Amounts payable to Expedia by the Company related to these various agreements were less than \$0.1 million at both December 31, 2008 and 2007, and are included in "Accounts payable, trade" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. The Company and Expedia expect these commercial relationships to continue for the foreseeable future. The Company and Expedia are related parties since they are under common control.

In addition, each of IAC and Expedia has a 50% ownership interest in an aircraft that may be used by both companies. Members of this aircraft's flight crew are employed by an entity in which each of IAC and Expedia has a 50% ownership interest. IAC and Expedia have agreed to share costs relating to flight crew compensation and benefits pro-rata according to each company's respective usage of the aircraft, for which they are separately billed by the entity described above. During 2008, 2007 and 2006, total payments of \$0.6 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, were made to this entity by IAC.

On August 9, 2007, the Company sold a portion of its investment in Front Line to the Warner Music Group for \$109.9 million. The sale did not result in a recognized gain or loss because the investment was sold at the same per share price that the Company paid to acquire the investment. Warner Music Group is a related party because its Chairman is one of the Company's board members.

The Company has various agreements with Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft"), which was the beneficial owner of more than 5% of IAC's outstanding common stock during 2006. These agreements include partner agreements, licensing agreements and support agreements with various IAC

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 20—RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

subsidiaries, primarily Match.com. Total fees paid related to these agreements in 2006 were \$43.2 million. In the first quarter of 2007, Microsoft publicly disclosed that it was no longer the beneficial owner of 5% or more of IAC's outstanding common stock, and as a result, it is no longer a related party.

The Company had a secured, non-recourse note receivable of \$5.0 million from its Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. This note receivable was paid in full on September 5, 2007.

In October 2000, a subsidiary of IAC and Nineteen Forty CC Inc. ("Nineteen Forty"), a company owned by Mr. Diller, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of IAC, acquired an aircraft for use by the Company. In connection with this transaction, IAC granted Nineteen Forty an option to acquire IAC's interest in the aircraft for its depreciated value on IAC's books. The aircraft was owned 77.2% by the IAC subsidiary and 22.8% by Nineteen Forty. IAC had entered into an agreement with Nineteen Forty pursuant to which IAC leased Nineteen Forty's 22.8% interest in the aircraft for lease payments of approximately \$53 thousand per month and IAC paid all operating and maintenance expenses related to the aircraft. The foregoing terms were based on market lease rates for similar aircraft leases. This aircraft was sold in May 2007, at which point the related lease terminated in accordance with its terms. Nineteen Forty's option to acquire IAC's interest in the aircraft was not exercised in connection with the sale.

IAC invested \$50 thousand in 2008 and \$0.5 million annually from 2004 through 2006 in convertible preferred stock of an online start-up venture controlled by IAC's Vice Chairman, Victor Kaufman. IAC has committed to invest a total of \$2 million, which resulted in IAC receiving preferred stock convertible into 20% of the outstanding common stock of the venture. IAC has various approval rights over significant transactions, the right to appoint directors to the board of directors proportionate to its holdings, and various forms of anti-dilution protection for its investment. It also has the option to purchase additional preferred stock for \$20 million such that IAC would hold a 50% ownership percentage in the venture, the right to purchase Mr. Kaufman's shares on March 31, 2012 (or earlier under certain circumstances in the event that Mr. Kaufman is no longer the senior-most executive of the venture) at fair market value, and the right to put its investment to the venture at the time of the venture's first significant financing for the value of its stake implied by the terms of such financing, discounted by 30% to account for the illiquidity of the stock.

Discontinued operations

PRC and Ticketmaster received payments from Expedia in connection with call center outsourcing services. PRC received \$20.4 million for such services for the year ended December 31, 2006. Ticketmaster received \$0.2 million, \$3.0 million and \$3.8 million for such services during the period from January 1, 2008 to August 20, 2008 and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Interval has an agreement with Arise Virtual Solutions (formerly Willow CSN) relating to outsourced call center services provided by Interval to its members. During the period from January 1, 2008 through August 20, 2008 and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, total payments of \$2.8 million, \$3.2 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, were made to Arise. Arise is considered a related party because one of the Company's board members is a partner of Accretive LLC, which owns Arise Virtual Solutions.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 20—RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The Company has various agreements with Microsoft, which was the beneficial owner of more than 5% of IAC's outstanding common stock during 2006. These agreements include partner agreements, licensing agreements and support agreements. Total fees paid by Tree.com related to these agreements in 2006 were \$21.8 million. In the first quarter of 2007, Microsoft publicly disclosed that it was no longer the beneficial owner of 5% or more of IAC's outstanding common stock, and as a result, it is no longer a related party.

NOTE 21—BENEFIT PLANS

IAC has a retirement savings plan in the United States that qualifies under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Participating employees may contribute up to 50% (16% prior to September 1, 2007) of their pre-tax earnings, but not more than statutory limits. IAC contributes fifty cents for each dollar a participant contributes in this plan, with a maximum contribution of 3% of a participant's eligible earnings. Matching contributions for all plans were \$5.6 million, \$4.6 million and \$3.3 million in 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. The increases in matching contributions are primarily related to increased participation in the plan. Matching contributions are invested in the same manner as each participant's voluntary contributions in the investment options provided under the plan. Investment options in the plan include IAC common stock, but neither participant nor matching contributions are required to be invested in IAC common stock.

IAC also has or participates in various benefit plans, principally defined contribution plans, for its international employees. IAC's contributions for these plans were \$0.7 million, \$0.6 million and \$0.5 million in 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

NOTE 22—QUARTERLY RESULTS (UNAUDITED)

	Quarter Ended March 31(a) (b)	Quarter Ended June 30(a)(b)(c) (h)	Quarter Ended September 30(b) (d)	Quarter Ended December 31(e)
	(In thousands, except per share data)			
Year Ended December 31, 2008				
Revenue	\$ 370,656	\$ 354,164	\$ 369,280	\$ 350,995
Gross profit	229,015	231,843	235,070	230,975
Operating loss	(11,108)	(6,434)	(22,638)	(21,781)
(Loss) earnings from continuing operations	(3,123)	(84,152)	(886)	225,190
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	55,939	(337,445)	(13,951)	2,227
Net earnings (loss) available to common shareholders	52,816	(421,597)	(14,837)	227,417
(Loss) earnings per share from continuing operations:				
Basic (loss) earnings per share(g)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.60)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 1.60
Diluted (loss) earnings per share(g)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.60)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 1.56
Net earnings (loss) per share available to common shareholders:				
Basic earnings (loss) per share(g)	\$ 0.38	\$ (3.02)	\$ (0.11)	\$ 1.62
Diluted earnings (loss) per share(g)	\$ 0.38	\$ (3.02)	\$ (0.11)	\$ 1.57

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 22—QUARTERLY RESULTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

	Quarter Ended March 31(a)	Quarter Ended June 30(a)(i)	Quarter Ended September 30(a)	Quarter Ended December 31(a)
	(In thousands, except per share data)			
Year Ended December 31, 2007				
Revenue	\$ 299,768	\$ 318,573	\$ 335,361	\$ 378,880
Gross profit	179,067	190,867	194,717	213,610
Operating (loss) income	(19,047)	(26,981)	1,693	(34,169)
(Loss) earnings from continuing operations	(5,959)	(6,140)	4,918	2,784
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	66,709	100,743	65,553	(372,677)
Net earnings (loss) available to common shareholders	60,750	94,603	70,471	(369,893)
(Loss) earnings per share from continuing operations:				
Basic (loss) earnings per share(g)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.02
Diluted (loss) earnings per share(g)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.02
Net earnings (loss) per share available to common shareholders:				
Basic earnings (loss) per share(g)	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.49	\$ (2.61)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share(g)	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.47	\$ (2.53)

- (a) The quarterly data presented above reflects the classification of HSNi, ILG, Ticketmaster, Tree.com, EPI and HSE as discontinued operations with effect from January 1, 2007. Accordingly, quarterly financial data presented above differs from the amounts reflected in the Company's quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the first and second quarters of 2008 and the first, second and third quarters of 2007.
- (b) The first, second and third quarters of 2008 include after-tax Spin-Off expenses of \$7.9 million, \$11.6 million and \$15.7 million, respectively.
- (c) The second quarter of 2008 includes an after-tax write-down of \$92.7 million on the Company's investment in Arcandor AG, partially offset by an after-tax gain of \$18.3 million associated with the sale of the Company's preferred investment in Points.
- (d) The third quarter of 2008 includes an after-tax loss of \$38.3 million on the extinguishment of \$734.2 million of the Senior Notes.
- (e) The fourth quarter of 2008 includes an after-tax gain of \$242.5 million on the sale of the Company's investment in Jupiter Shop, partially offset by an after-tax write-down of \$26.4 million related to the Company's investment portfolio.
- (f) The fourth quarter of 2007 includes an after-tax gain of \$10.2 million representing amounts received due to the resolution of certain contingencies related to the sale of the Company's common interest in VUE to NBC Universal on June 7, 2005.
- (g) Per share amounts for the quarters may not add to the annual amount because of differences in the average common shares outstanding during each period.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 22—QUARTERLY RESULTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Discontinued operations

- (h) The second quarter of 2008 includes after-tax impairment charges of \$262.1 million and \$148.9 million related to the write-down of the goodwill and intangible assets of HSNi and Tree.com, respectively, partially offset by an after-tax gain of \$22.5 million related to the sale of EPI.
- (i) The second quarter of 2007 includes an after-tax gain of \$35.1 million related to the sale of HSE.
- (j) The fourth quarter of 2007 includes after-tax impairment charges of \$452.1 million and \$44.7 million related to the write-down of the goodwill and intangible assets of Tree.com and EPI, respectively.

NOTE 23—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (UNAUDITED)

On January 31, 2009, IAC sold ReserveAmerica to The Active Network, Inc. ("Active") for approximately 3.5 million shares of Active convertible preferred stock, valued at \$35.0 million at the time of the sale. ReserveAmerica will be reported as a discontinued operation beginning in the first quarter of 2009 and all relevant prior periods will be reclassified to conform to this presentation. The assets and liabilities of ReserveAmerica included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet consist of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Current assets	\$ 3,591	\$ 3,529
Goodwill	25,415	30,900
Other non-current assets	7,858	10,222
Total assets	36,864	44,651
Total current liabilities	(1,757)	(1,329)
Net assets	<u>\$35,107</u>	<u>\$43,322</u>

On February 19, 2009, Match.com and Meetic, a leading European online dating company based in France, entered into an agreement for Meetic to acquire Match.com's European operations. As consideration, Match.com will receive a 27% stake in Meetic, plus a €5.0 million note.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of the Company's Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company monitors and evaluates on an ongoing basis its disclosure controls and procedures in order to improve their overall effectiveness. In the course of these evaluations, the Company modifies and refines its internal processes as conditions warrant.

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) of the Exchange Act, IAC management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation, as of the end of the period covered by this report, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e). Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) for the Company. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008. In making this assessment, our management used the criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting described in "Internal Control—Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, management has determined that, as of December 31, 2008, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective. The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008 has been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their attestation report, included herein.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company monitors and evaluates on an ongoing basis its internal control over financial reporting in order to improve its overall effectiveness. In the course of these evaluations, the Company modifies and refines its internal processes as conditions warrant. As required by Rule 13a-15(d), IAC management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, also conducted an evaluation of the Company's internal control over financial reporting to determine whether any changes occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2008 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, there has been no such change during the period covered by this report.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of
IAC/InterActiveCorp

We have audited IAC/InterActiveCorp's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). IAC/InterActiveCorp's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, IAC/InterActiveCorp maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of IAC/InterActiveCorp and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008 and our report dated February 25, 2009 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

New York, New York
February 25, 2009

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

PART III

The information required by Part III (Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14) has been incorporated herein by reference to IAC's definitive Proxy Statement to be used in connection with its 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, or the 2009 Proxy Statement, as set forth below, in accordance with General Instruction G(3) of Form 10-K.

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Information relating to directors and executive officers of IAC and their compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act is set forth in the sections entitled "Election of Directors" and "Information Concerning Named Executives Who Are Not Directors" and "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," respectively, in the 2009 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference. The information required by subsections (c)(3), (d)(4) and (d)(5) of Item 407 of Regulation S-K is set forth in the section entitled "Corporate Governance" in the 2009 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by Item 402 of Regulation S-K is set forth in the sections entitled "Executive Compensation" and "Director Compensation" in the 2009 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference. The information required by subsections (e)(4) and (e)(5) of Item 407 of Regulation S-K is set forth in the sections entitled "The Board and Board Committees" and "Compensation Committee Report," respectively, in the 2009 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference; provided, that the information set forth in the section entitled "Compensation Committee Report" shall be deemed furnished herein and shall not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Information regarding ownership of IAC common stock and Class B common stock, and securities authorized for issuance under IAC's various equity compensation plans, is set forth in the sections entitled "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information," respectively, in the 2009 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Information regarding certain relationships and related transactions with IAC and director independence is set forth in the sections entitled "Certain Relationships and Related Person Transactions" and "Corporate Governance," respectively, in the 2009 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Information regarding the fees and services of IAC's independent registered public accounting firm and the pre-approval policies and procedures applicable to services provided to IAC by such firm is set forth in the section entitled "Fees Paid to Our Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in the 2009 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV**Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules****(a) List of documents filed as part of this Report:****(1) Consolidated Financial Statements of IAC**

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm: Ernst & Young LLP.

Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2008 and 2007.

Consolidated Statement of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(2) Consolidated Financial Statement Schedule of IAC

<u>Schedule Number</u>	
II	Valuation and Qualifying Accounts.

All other financial statements and schedules not listed have been omitted since the required information is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or the notes thereto, or is not applicable or required.

(3) Exhibits

The documents set forth below, numbered in accordance with Item 601 of Regulation S-K, are filed herewith or incorporated herein by reference to the location indicated.

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Location</u>
2.1	Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of August 20, 2008, by and among IAC/InterActiveCorp, HSN, Inc., Interval Leisure Group, Inc., Ticketmaster and Tree.com, Inc.	Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 22, 2008.
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of IAC/InterActiveCorp.	Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form 8-A/A, filed on August 12, 2005.
3.2	Certificate of Amendment of the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of IAC/InterActiveCorp.	Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 22, 2008.
3.3	Amended and Restated By-laws of IAC/InterActiveCorp.	Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 2, 2008.

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Location</u>
4.1	Indenture (relating to the 7% Senior Notes due 2013), dated as of December 16, 2002, among the Registrant, USANi LLC, as Guarantor, and The Bank of New York (successor in interest to JPMorgan Chase Bank), as Trustee.	Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-102713), filed on January 24, 2003.
4.2	Form of 7% Senior Notes due 2013.	Exhibit B to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-102713), filed on January 24, 2003.
4.3	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 7, 2008, between IAC/InterActiveCorp (formerly known as USA Interactive), a Delaware corporation, and The Bank of New York Mellon (as successor to JPMorgan Chase Bank), as Trustee.	Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 13, 2008.
4.4	In accordance with Item 601 (b) (4) (iii) (A) of Regulation S-K, certain instruments relating to long-term obligations of the Registrant have been omitted but will be furnished to the Commission upon request.	
10.1	Amended and Restated Governance Agreement, dated as of August 9, 2005, among the Registrant, Liberty Media Corporation and Barry Diller.	Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2005.
10.2	Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement, dated as of August 9, 2005, between Liberty Media Corporation and Barry Diller.	Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2005.
10.3	Tax Sharing Agreement, dated as of August 20, 2008, by and among IAC/InterActiveCorp, Ticketmaster, Interval Leisure Group, Inc., HSN, Inc. and Tree.com, Inc.	Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 22, 2008.
10.4	Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of August 20, 2008, by and among IAC/InterActiveCorp, Ticketmaster, Interval Leisure Group, Inc., HSN, Inc. and Tree.com, Inc.	Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 22, 2008.
10.5	Transition Services Agreement, dated as of August 20, 2008, by and among IAC/InterActiveCorp, HSN, Inc., Interval Leisure Group, Inc., Ticketmaster and Tree.com, Inc.	Exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 22, 2008.
10.6	IAC/InterActiveCorp 2008 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.(1)	Incorporated by reference to Annex F to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement, filed on July 10, 2008.
10.7	Form of Terms and Conditions of Stock Options under the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2008 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.(1)(2)	

Exhibit No.	Description	Location
10.8	Amended and Restated IAC/InterActiveCorp 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.(1)(2)	
10.9	Form of Terms and Conditions of Stock Options under the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.(1)	Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2008.(1)
10.10	Form of Terms and Conditions of Annual Vesting Awards under the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.(1)	Exhibit 10.8 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.
10.11	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.(1)	Exhibit 10.7 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2005.
10.12	Amended and Restated 2000 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.(1)(2)	
10.13	HSN, Inc. 1997 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.(1)	Appendix F to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement, dated January 13, 1998.
10.14	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for the Amended and Restated 2000 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan and the HSN, Inc. 1997 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.(1)	Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated February 16, 2005.
10.15	Silver King Communications, Inc. Directors' Stock Option Plan.(1)	Appendix H to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement, dated November 20, 1996.
10.16	Summary of Non-Employee Director Compensation Arrangements.(1)	Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated May 23, 2006.
10.17	Amended and Restated 2000 IAC/InterActiveCorp Deferred Compensation Plan For Non-Employee Directors.(1)(2)	
10.18	Amended and Restated 2007 IAC/InterActiveCorp Deferred Compensation Plan For Non-Employee Directors.(1)(2)	
10.19	IAC/InterActiveCorp Executive Deferred Compensation Plan.(1)	Exhibit 10.8 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004.
10.20	Stock Option Agreement between the Registrant and Barry Diller, dated as of June 7, 2005. (1)	Exhibit 10.8 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2005.
10.21	Agreement between Victor Kaufman and the Registrant, dated as of February 5, 2004.(1)	Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2004.
10.22	Amendment No. 1, dated as of June 6, 2005, to Agreement dated as of February 5, 2004, between Victor Kaufman and IAC/InterActiveCorp.(1)	Exhibit 10.9 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2005.

Exhibit No.	Description	Location
10.23	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between Thomas J. McInerney and the Registrant, dated as of December 30, 2008.(1)(2)	
10.24	Employment Agreement between Gregory R. Blatt and the Registrant, dated as of November 21, 2006.(1)	Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.
10.25	Google Services Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2008, between IAC/InterActiveCorp and Google.(2)(3)	
21.1	Subsidiaries of IAC/InterActiveCorp as of December 31, 2008.(2)	
23.1	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP.(2)	
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(2)	
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(2)	
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(4)	
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(4)	
99.1	Financial Statements of Jupiter Shop Channel Co. Ltd(5)	

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- (1) Reflects management contracts and management and director compensatory plans.
 - (2) Filed herewith.
 - (3) Certain portions of this document have been omitted pursuant to a confidential treatment request.
 - (4) Furnished herewith.
 - (5) To be filed pursuant to an amendment.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

February 27, 2009

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP

By: /s/ BARRY DILLER

Barry Diller
*Chairman of the Board and
Chief Executive Officer*

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities indicated on February 27, 2009:

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>
<u> /s/ BARRY DILLER </u> Barry Diller	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Director
<u> /s/ VICTOR A. KAUFMAN </u> Victor A. Kaufman	Vice Chairman and Director
<u> /s/ THOMAS J. MCINERNEY </u> Thomas J. McInerney	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
<u> /s/ MICHAEL H. SCHWERDTMAN </u> Michael H. Schwerdtman	Senior Vice President and Controller (Chief Accounting Officer)
<u> /s/ EDGAR BRONFMAN, JR. </u> Edgar Bronfman, Jr.	Director
<u> /s/ DONALD R. KEOUGH </u> Donald R. Keough	Director
<u> /s/ BRYAN LOURD </u> Bryan Lourd	Director
<u> /s/ JOHN C. MALONE </u> John C. Malone	Director
<u> /s/ ARTHUR C. MARTINEZ </u> Arthur C. Martinez	Director

Signature

Title

/s/ DAVID S. ROSENBLATT

David S. Rosenblatt

Director

/s/ ALAN G. SPOON

Alan G. Spoon

Director

/s/ ALEXANDER VON FURSTENBERG

Alexander von Furstenberg

Director

/s/ MICHAEL P. ZEISSER

Michael P. Zeisser

Director

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

<u>Description</u>	<u>Balance at Beginning of Period</u>	<u>Charges to Earnings</u>	<u>Charges to Other Accounts (In Thousands)</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Balance at End of Period</u>
2008					
Allowance for doubtful accounts and revenue reserves	\$ 8,714	\$ 9,521(1)	\$ (176)	\$(6,663) ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 11,396
Sales returns accrual	749	45	—	—	794
Deferred tax valuation allowance	22,266	15,972(2)	1,282(3)	—	39,520
Other reserves	2,280				3,079
2007					
Allowance for doubtful accounts and revenue reserves	\$ 8,410	\$ 7,150(1)	\$ (118)	\$(6,728) ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 8,714
Sales returns accrual	493	—	256	—	749
Deferred tax valuation allowance	25,865	(1,014) ⁽⁵⁾	(2,585) ⁽⁶⁾	—	22,266
Other reserves	2,240				2,280
2006					
Allowance for doubtful accounts and revenue reserves	\$ 7,810	\$ 5,345(1)	\$ 116	\$(4,861) ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 8,410
Sales returns accrual	—	244	249	—	493
Deferred tax valuation allowance	9,230	2,909(7)	13,726(8)	—	25,865
Other reserves	1,671				2,240

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- (1) Additions to the allowance for doubtful accounts are charged to expense. Additions to the revenue reserves are charged against revenue.
- (2) Amount is primarily related to other-than-temporary losses related to investments.
- (3) Amount is primarily related to unbenefitted unrealized losses in other comprehensive income.
- (4) Write-off of fully reserved accounts receivable.
- (5) Amount is primarily related to Match's foreign net operating losses.
- (6) Amount is primarily related to the write-off of previously unbenefitted deferred tax assets for state and foreign net operating losses.
- (7) Amount is primarily related to state and foreign net operating losses which impacted the income tax provision.
- (8) Amount is primarily related to IAC Search & Media's and Match's acquired foreign and state net operating losses which impacted goodwill.

Terms and Conditions for Stock Option Awards

Overview

These Terms and Conditions apply to the grant to you by IAC/InterActiveCorp (“IAC” or the “Company”) pursuant to Section 5 of the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2008 Amended and Restated Stock and Annual Incentive Plan (the “Plan”) of the right and option (the “Stock Options”) to purchase the number of shares of common stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Common Stock”), set forth in your award notice (the “Award Notice” and together with these Terms and Conditions, the “Award Agreement”) at the exercise price per share set forth in the Award Notice. The Stock Option shall be a Nonqualified Option. Unless earlier terminated pursuant to the terms of your Award Agreement or the Plan, the Stock Options shall expire on the ten year anniversary of your Award Date (the “Expiration Date”).

All capitalized terms used herein, to the extent not defined, shall have the meanings set forth in the plan.

Continuous Service

In order for your Stock Options to vest, you must be continuously employed by IAC or one of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates (excluding, for purposes of the Stock Options, Expedia, Inc. and its subsidiaries) during the Restriction Period (as defined below). Nothing in this Award Agreement or the Plan shall confer upon you any right to continue in the employ or service of IAC or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or interfere in any way with their rights to terminate your employment or service at any time.

Vesting

Subject to this Award Agreement and the Plan, your Stock Options shall vest and become exercisable (such period prior to vesting is the “Restriction Period”) as follows:

Vesting Date	Percentage of the Stock Option Award Vesting
On the first year anniversary of your Award Date	25%
On the second year anniversary of your Award Date	25%
On the third year anniversary of your Award Date	25%
On the fourth year anniversary of your Award Date	25%

Method of Exercise of the Stock Options and Payment of the Exercise Price

The portion of your Stock Options that is vested may be exercised by delivering to the Company or the agent selected by IAC to administer the Plan (the “Agent”) a written (including by way of electronic means) notice stating the number of whole shares to be purchased pursuant to this Award Agreement, accompanied by payment of the full purchase price of the shares of Common Stock to be purchased. Your Stock Options may not be exercised at any one time as to fewer than 100 shares (or such number of shares as to which the Stock Options are then exercisable if less than 100). Fractional share interests shall be disregarded except they may be accumulated.

The exercise price of the Stock Options shall be paid: (i) in cash or by certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the Company; (ii) by exchange of shares of unrestricted

Common Stock of the Company already owned by you and having an aggregate Fair Market Value equal to the aggregate purchase price (which amount shall be equal to the product of the exercise price multiplied by the number of shares of Common Stock in respect of which the Stock Options are being exercised); provided, that you represent and warrant to the Company that you hold the shares of Common Stock free and clear of liens and encumbrances; (iii) by delivering, along with a properly executed exercise notice to the Company, a copy of irrevocable instructions to a broker to deliver promptly to the Company the aggregate exercise price and the amount of any applicable federal, state, local or foreign withholding taxes required to be withheld by the Company; provided, however, that such exercise must be implemented solely under a program or arrangement established and approved by the Company with a brokerage firm selected by the Company; or (iv) by any other procedure approved by the Committee, or by a combination of the foregoing.

Termination of Employment

The treatment of your Stock Options upon the termination of your employment is set forth in this Award Agreement and the Plan. For the avoidance of doubt, transfers of employment among the Company and its Subsidiaries and Affiliates, without any break in service, is not a Termination of Employment. Except as set forth below, upon a Termination of Employment, that portion of the Stock Options, if any, which is exercisable at the time of such Termination of Employment may be exercised prior to the first to occur of (a) the 90th day after such Termination of Employment or (b) the Expiration Date and will thereafter be forfeited and canceled.

If your employment is terminated by IAC or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates for Cause, or if following any Termination of Employment between you and IAC or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates for any reason IAC determines that during the two (2) years prior to such Termination of Employment there was an event or circumstance that would have been grounds for termination for Cause, all of your Stock Options (whether or not vested) shall be forfeited and canceled in their entirety upon such termination. In the event you exercised your Stock Options upon your Termination of Employment for Cause or after an event that would be grounds for a Termination of Employment for Cause, the Company shall be entitled to recover from you at any time within two (2) years after such exercise, and you shall pay over to the Company, any gain realized as a result of the exercise. This remedy shall be without prejudice to, or waiver of, any other remedies IAC or its Subsidiaries or Affiliates may have in such event.

In the event of a Termination of Employment due to your death (or in the event of your death following a Termination of Employment while the Stock Options remain exercisable) that portion of the Stock Options, if any, which is exercisable at the time of death may be exercised by your estate or by a person who acquired the right to exercise such Stock Options by bequest or inheritance or otherwise by reason of your death at any time prior to the first to occur of (a) the first anniversary of the date of death or (b) the Expiration Date and will thereafter be forfeited and canceled. In the event of a Termination of Employment due to your Disability or Retirement, that portion of the Stock Options, if any, which is exercisable at the time of such Termination of Employment for Disability or Retirement may be exercised by you or your guardian or legal representative at any time prior to the first to occur of (a) the first anniversary of such Termination of Employment or (b) the Expiration Date and will thereafter be forfeited and canceled.

Taxes and Withholding

No later than the date as of which an amount in respect of the Stock Options first becomes includible in your gross income for federal, state, local or foreign income or employment or other tax purposes, you shall pay to the Company or make arrangements satisfactory to the Committee regarding payment of any federal, state, local or foreign taxes of any kind required by law to be withheld with respect to such amount and the Company shall, to the extent permitted or required by law, have the right to deduct from any payment of any kind otherwise due to you (either directly or indirectly through its agent), federal, state, local and foreign taxes of any kind required by law to be withheld. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company shall be entitled to hold the shares issuable to you upon exercise of your Stock Options until the Company or the Agent has received from you (i) a duly executed Form W-9 or W-8, as applicable and (ii) payment for any federal, state, local or foreign taxes of any kind required by law to be withheld with respect to such Stock Options.

Adjustment in the Event of Change in Stock; Change in Control

Adjustment in the Event of Change in Stock. In the event of a stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, separation, spinoff, reorganization, extraordinary dividend of cash or other property, share combination, or recapitalization or similar event affecting the capital structure of IAC (each, a “Share Change”), the Committee or the Board shall make such substitutions or adjustments as it deems appropriate and equitable to the number and kind of shares of Common Stock subject to your Stock Options and/or the exercise price per share. In the event of a merger, consolidation, acquisition of property or shares, stock rights offering, liquidation, Disaffiliation, or similar event affecting IAC or any of its Subsidiaries (each, a “Corporate Transaction”), the Committee or the Board may, in its discretion, make such substitutions or adjustments as it deems appropriate and equitable to the number and kind of shares of Common Stock subject to your Stock Options and/or the exercise price per share. The determination of the Committee regarding any such adjustments will be final and conclusive and need not be the same for all Stock Option award recipients.

Change in Control. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, in the event you cease to be employed by either IAC or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates within the two (2) year period following a Change in Control of IAC as a result of (i) a termination by IAC or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates without Cause, (ii) your death or (iii) a resignation by you for Good Reason (as defined in Section 10 of the Plan), then upon the occurrence of such Termination of Employment, 100% of your unvested Stock Options shall automatically vest. In addition, following a Termination of Employment under these circumstances, your Stock Options may be exercised through the later of (i) the last date on which your Stock Options would be exercisable in the absence of a Change in Control and (ii) the earlier of (A) the first anniversary of the Change in Control and (B) the Expiration Date and will thereafter be forfeited and canceled. The Disaffiliation of the Subsidiary, Affiliate or division of IAC by which you are employed or for which you are performing services at the time of such sale or other disposition by IAC shall be considered a Termination of Employment (*not* a Change in Control) and shall be governed by the applicable provisions of the Plan and the provision set forth under the caption “Termination of Employment” above; provided that the Committee or the Board may deem it appropriate to make an equitable adjustment to your Stock Options.

Non-Transferability of Stock Options

Your Stock Options are non-transferable (including by way of sale, assignment, exchange, encumbrance, pledge, hedge or otherwise) by you other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order, and your Stock Options may be exercised, during your lifetime, only by you or by your guardian or legal representative or any transferee described above.

No Rights as a Stockholder

Neither you nor any transferee of your Stock Options shall have rights as a stockholder (including the right to vote the shares underlying your Stock Options and the right to receive dividends, except as provided above or in the Plan) with respect to any shares covered by such Stock Options until you or your transferee (i) has given written notice of exercise, (ii) if requested, has given the representation described in Section 14(a) of the Plan and (iii) has paid in full for the shares issuable upon exercise.

Payment of Transfer Taxes, Fees and Other Expenses

The Company agrees to pay any and all original issue taxes and stock transfer taxes that may be imposed on the issuance of shares acquired pursuant to exercise of your Stock Options, together with any and all other fees and expenses necessarily incurred by the Company in connection therewith. Notwithstanding the foregoing, you shall be solely responsible for any other taxes (including, without limitation, federal, state, local or foreign income, social security, estate or excise taxes) that may be payable as a result of your participation in the Plan or as a result of the exercise of your Stock Options and/or the sale, disposition or transfer of any shares of Common Stock acquired upon the exercise of your Stock Options.

Other Restrictions

The exercise of your Stock Options shall be subject to the requirement that, if at any time the Committee shall determine that (i) the listing, registration or qualification of the shares of Common Stock subject or related thereto upon any securities exchange or under any state or federal law, or (ii) the consent or approval of any government regulatory body is necessary or desirable as a condition of, or in connection with, such exercise or the delivery or purchase of shares pursuant thereto, then in any such event, the exercise shall not be effective unless such listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval shall have been effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Committee.

Conflicts and Interpretation

In the event of any conflict between these Terms and Conditions and the Plan, the Plan shall control; provided, that an action or provision that is permissive under the terms of the Plan, and required under these Terms and Conditions, shall not be deemed a conflict and these Terms and Conditions shall control. In the event of any ambiguity in these Terms and Conditions, or any matters as to which these Terms and Conditions are silent, the Plan shall govern including, without limitation, the provisions thereof pursuant to which the Committee has the power, among others, to (i) interpret the Plan, (ii) prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to the Plan and (iii) make all other determinations deemed necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan. In the event of any conflict between your Award Notice (or any other information posted on IAC's extranet or given to you directly or indirectly through the Agent (including information posted on www.benefitaccess.com)) and IAC's books and records, or (ii) ambiguity in the Award Notice (or any other information posted on IAC's extranet or given to

you directly or indirectly through the Agent (including information posted on www.benefitaccess.com)), IAC's books and records shall control.

Amendment

IAC may modify, amend or waive the terms of your Stock Options, prospectively or retroactively, but no such modification, amendment or waiver shall materially impair your rights without your consent, except as required by applicable law, NASDAQ or stock exchange rules, tax rules or accounting rules. The waiver by either party of compliance with any provision of these Terms and Conditions shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision hereof.

Data Protection

The acceptance of your Stock Options constitutes your authorization of the release from time to time to IAC or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates and to the Agent (together, the "Relevant Companies") of any and all personal or professional data that is necessary or desirable for the administration of your Stock Options and/or the Plan (the "Relevant Information"). Without limiting the above, this authorization permits your employing company to collect, process, register and transfer to the Relevant Companies all Relevant Information (including any professional and personal data that may be useful or necessary for the purposes of the administration of your Stock Options and/or the Plan and/or to implement or structure any further grants of equity awards (if any)). The acceptance of your Stock Options also constitutes your authorization of the transfer of the Relevant Information to any jurisdiction in which IAC, your employing company or the Agent considers appropriate. You shall have access to, and the right to change, the Relevant Information, which will only be used in accordance with applicable law.

Notification of Changes

Any changes to these Terms and Conditions shall either be posted on IAC's extranet and www.benefitaccess.com or communicated (either directly by IAC or indirectly through any of its Subsidiaries, Affiliates or the Agent) to you electronically via e-mail (or otherwise in writing) promptly after such change becomes effective.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP
AMENDED AND RESTATED 2005 STOCK AND ANNUAL INCENTIVE PLAN
(effective December 17, 2008)

SECTION 1. Purpose; Definitions.

The purpose of this Plan is to give the Company a competitive advantage in attracting, retaining and motivating officers, employees, directors and/or consultants and to provide the Company and its Subsidiaries and Affiliates with a stock and incentive plan providing incentives directly linked to shareholder value. Certain terms used herein have definitions given to them in the first place in which they are used. In addition, for purposes of this Plan, the following terms are defined as set forth below:

- (a) “Affiliate” means a corporation or other entity controlled by, controlling or under common control with, the Company.
- (b) “Applicable Exchange” means Nasdaq or such other securities exchange as may at the applicable time be the principal market for the Common Stock.
- (c) “Award” means an Option, Stock Appreciation Right, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Unit, or other stock-based award granted pursuant to the terms of this Plan.
- (d) “Award Agreement” means a written or electronic document or agreement setting forth the terms and conditions of a specific Award.
- (e) “Beneficial Ownership” shall have the meaning given in Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act.
- (f) “Board” means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (g) “Bonus Award” means a bonus award made pursuant to Section 9.
- (h) “Cause” means, unless otherwise provided in an Award Agreement, (i) “Cause” as defined in any Individual Agreement to which the applicable Participant is a party, or (ii) if there is no such Individual Agreement or if it does not define Cause: (A) the willful or gross neglect by a Participant of his employment duties; (B) the plea of guilty or *nolo contendere* to, or conviction for, the commission of a felony offense by a Participant; (C) a material breach by a Participant of a fiduciary duty owed to the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (D) a material breach by a Participant of any nondisclosure, non-solicitation or non-competition obligation owed to the Company or any of its Affiliates; or (E) before a Change in Control, such other events as shall be determined by the Committee and set forth in a Participant’s Award Agreement. Notwithstanding the general rule of Section 2(c), following a Change in Control, any determination by the Committee as to whether “Cause” exists shall be subject to *de novo* review.
- (i) “Change in Control” has the meaning set forth in Section 10(b).
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- (j) “Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, and any successor thereto.
- (k) “Commission” means the Securities and Exchange Commission or any successor agency.
- (l) “Committee” has the meaning set forth in Section 2(a).
- (m) “Common Stock” means common stock, par value \$.001 per share, of the Company.
- (n) “Company” means IAC/InterActiveCorp, a Delaware corporation or its successor.
- (o) “Disability” means (i) “Disability” as defined in any Individual Agreement to which the Participant is a party, (ii) if there is no such Individual Agreement or it does not define “Disability,” (A) permanent and total disability as determined under the Company’s long-term disability plan applicable to the Participant, or (B) if there is no such plan applicable to the Participant or the Committee determines otherwise in an applicable Award Agreement, “Disability” as determined by the Committee. Notwithstanding the forgoing, with respect to an Incentive Stock Option, “Disability” shall mean Permanent and Total Disability as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code, with respect to each Award that constitutes a “nonqualified deferred compensation plan” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, the foregoing definition shall apply for purposes of vesting of such Award, provided that such Award shall not be settled until the earliest of: (i) the Participant’s “disability” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, (ii) the Participant’s “separation from service” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and (iii) the date such Award would otherwise be settled pursuant to the terms of the Award Agreement.
- (p) “Disaffiliation” means a Subsidiary’s or Affiliate’s ceasing to be a Subsidiary or Affiliate for any reason (including, without limitation, as a result of a public offering, or a spinoff or sale by the Company, of the stock of the Subsidiary or Affiliate) or a sale of a division of the Company and its Affiliates.
- (q) “EBITA” means for any period, operating profit (loss) plus (i) amortization, including goodwill impairment, (ii) amortization of non-cash distribution and marketing expense and non-cash compensation expense, (iii) disengagement expenses, (iv) restructuring charges, (v) non-cash write-downs of assets or goodwill, (vi) charges relating to disposal of lines of business, (vii) litigation settlement amounts and (viii) costs incurred for proposed and completed acquisitions.
- (r) “EBITDA” means for any period, operating profit (loss) plus (i) depreciation and amortization, including goodwill impairment, (ii) amortization of cable distribution fees, (iii) amortization of non-cash distribution and marketing expense and non-cash compensation expense, (iv) disengagement expenses, (v) restructuring charges, (vi) non-cash write-downs of assets or goodwill, (vii) charges relating to disposal of lines of business, (viii) litigation settlement amounts and (ix) costs incurred for proposed and completed acquisitions.

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- (s) “Eligible Individuals” means directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates.
- (t) “Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended from time to time, and any successor thereto.
- (u) “Fair Market Value” means, if the Common Stock is listed on a national securities exchange, as of any given date, the closing price for the Common Stock on such date on the Applicable Exchange, or if Shares were not traded on the Applicable Exchange on such measurement date, then on the next preceding date on which Shares were traded, all as reported by such source as the Committee may select. If the Common Stock is not listed on a national securities exchange, Fair Market Value shall be determined by the Committee in its good faith discretion, in compliance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code.
- (v) “Free-Standing SAR” has the meaning set forth in Section 5(b).
- (w) “Grant Date” means (i) the date on which the Committee by resolution selects an Eligible Individual to receive a grant of an Award and determines the number of Shares to be subject to such Award or the formula for earning a number of shares or cash amount, or (ii) such later date as the Committee shall provide in such resolution.
- (x) “Group” shall have the meaning given in Section 13(d)(3) and 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act.
- (y) “Incentive Stock Option” means any Option that is designated in the applicable Award Agreement as an “incentive stock option” within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code, and that in fact so qualifies.
- (z) “Individual Agreement” means an employment, consulting or similar agreement between a Participant and the Company or one of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates.
- (aa) “Nonqualified Option” means any Option that is not an Incentive Stock Option.
- (bb) “Option” means an Award granted under Section 5.
- (cc) “Participant” means an Eligible Individual to whom an Award is or has been granted.
- (dd) “Performance Goals” means the performance goals established by the Committee in connection with the grant of Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units or Bonus Awards or other stock-based awards. In the case of Qualified-Performance Based Awards that are intended to qualify under Section 162(m)(4), (i) such goals shall be based on the attainment of one or any combination of the following: specified levels of earnings per share from continuing operations, net profit after tax, EBITDA, EBITA, gross profit, cash generation, unit volume, market share, sales, asset quality, earnings per share, operating income, revenues, return on assets, return on operating assets, return on equity, profits, total shareholder return (measured in terms of stock price appreciation and/or dividend growth), cost saving levels, marketing-spending efficiency, core non-interest income, change in working capital, return on capital, and/or stock price, with
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respect to the Company or any Subsidiary, Affiliate, division or department of the Company that are intended to qualify under Section 162(m)(4)(c) of the Code and (ii) such Performance Goals shall be set by the Committee within the time period prescribed by Section 162(m) of the Code and related regulations. Such Performance Goals also may be based upon the attaining of specified levels of Company, Subsidiary, Affiliate or divisional performance under one or more of the measures described above relative to the performance of other entities, divisions or subsidiaries.

- (ee) “Plan” means this IAC/InterActiveCorp Amended and Restated 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan, as set forth herein and as hereafter amended from time to time.
- (ff) “Plan Year” means the calendar year or, with respect to Bonus Awards, the Company’s fiscal year if different.
- (gg) “Qualified Performance-Based Award” means an Award intended to qualify for the Section 162(m) Exemption, as provided in Section 11.
- (hh) “Restricted Stock” means an Award granted under Section 6.
- (ii) “Restricted Stock Units” means an Award granted under Section 7.
- (jj) “Resulting Voting Power” shall mean the outstanding combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (or equivalent governing body, if applicable) of the entity resulting from a Business Combination (including, without limitation, an entity which as a result of such transaction owns the Corporation or all or substantially all of the Corporation’s assets either directly or through one or more subsidiaries).
- (kk) “Retirement” means retirement from active employment with the Company, a Subsidiary or Affiliate at or after the Participant’s attainment of age 65.
- (ll) “Section 162(m) Exemption” means the exemption from the limitation on deductibility imposed by Section 162(m) of the Code that is set forth in Section 162(m)(4)(C) of the Code.
- (mm) “Share” means a share of Common Stock.
- (nn) “Specified Employee” shall mean any individual who is a “key employee” (as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code without regard to paragraph (5) thereof) with respect to the Company and its Affiliates, as determined by the Company (or the Affiliate, in the event that the Affiliate and the

Company are not considered a single employer under Sections 414(b) or 414(c) of the Code) in accordance with its uniform policy with respect to all arrangements subject to Section 409A of the Code, based upon the twelve (12) month period ending on each December 31st. All individuals who are determined to be key employees under Section 416(i)(1)(A)(i), (ii) or (iii) of the Code (without regard to paragraph (5) thereof) on December 31st shall be treated as Specified Employees for purposes of the Plan during the twelve (12) month period that begins on the following April 1st.

(oo) “Stock Appreciation Right” has the meaning set forth in Section 5(b).

(pp) “Subsidiary” means any corporation, partnership, joint venture or other entity during any period in which at least a 50% voting or profits interest is owned, directly or indirectly, by the Company or any successor to the Company.

(qq) “Tandem SAR” has the meaning set forth in Section 5(b).

(rr) “Term” means the maximum period during which an Option or Stock Appreciation Right may remain outstanding, subject to earlier termination upon Termination of Employment or otherwise, as specified in the applicable Award Agreement.

(ss) “Termination of Employment” means the termination of the applicable Participant’s employment with, or performance of services for, the Company and any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, if a Participant’s employment with, or membership on a board of directors of, the Company and its Affiliates terminates but such Participant continues to provide services to the Company and its Affiliates in a non-employee director capacity or as an employee, as applicable, such change in status shall not be deemed a Termination of Employment. A Participant employed by, or performing services for, a Subsidiary or an Affiliate or a division of the Company and its Affiliates shall be deemed to incur a Termination of Employment if, as a result of a Disaffiliation, such Subsidiary, Affiliate, or division ceases to be a Subsidiary, Affiliate or division, as the case may be, and the Participant does not immediately thereafter become an employee of, or member of the board of directors of, the Company or another Subsidiary or Affiliate. Temporary absences from employment because of illness, vacation or leave of absence and transfers among the Company and its Subsidiaries and Affiliates shall not be considered Terminations of Employment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to any Award that constitutes a “nonqualified deferred compensation plan” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, “Termination of Employment” shall mean a “separation from service” as defined under Section 409A of the Code.

SECTION 2. Administration.

(a) Committee. The Plan shall be administered by the Compensation and Human Resources Committee of the Board or such other committee of the Board as the Board may from time to time designate (the “Committee”), which shall be composed of not less than two directors, and shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Board. The Committee shall, subject to Section 11, have plenary authority to grant Awards pursuant to the terms of the Plan to Eligible Individuals. Among other things, the Committee shall have the authority, subject to the terms of the Plan:

(i) to select the Eligible Individuals to whom Awards may from time to time be granted;

(ii) to determine whether and to what extent Incentive Stock Options, Nonqualified Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, other stock-based awards, or any combination thereof, are to be granted hereunder;

(iii) to determine the number of Shares to be covered by each Award granted hereunder;

(iv) to determine the terms and conditions of each Award granted hereunder, based on such factors as the Committee shall determine;

(v) subject to Section 12, to modify, amend or adjust the terms and conditions of any Award, at any time or from time to time;

(vi) to adopt, alter and repeal such administrative rules, guidelines and practices governing the Plan as it shall from time to time deem advisable;

(vii) to interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan and any Award issued under the Plan (and any agreement relating thereto);

(viii) to establish any “blackout” period that the Committee in its sole discretion deems necessary or advisable; and

(ix) to otherwise administer the Plan.

(b) Procedures.

(i) The Committee may act only by a majority of its members then in office, except that the Committee may, except to the extent prohibited by applicable law or the listing standards of the Applicable Exchange and subject to Section 11, allocate all or any portion of its responsibilities and powers to any one or more of its members and may delegate all or any part of its responsibilities and powers to any person or persons selected by it.

(ii) Subject to Section 11(c), any authority granted to the Committee may also be exercised by the full Board. To the extent that any permitted action taken by the Board conflicts with action taken by the Committee, the Board action shall control.

(c) Discretion of Committee. Subject to Section 1(g), any determination made by the Committee or by an appropriately delegated officer pursuant to delegated authority under the provisions of the Plan with respect to any Award shall be made in the sole discretion of the Committee or such delegate at the time of the grant of the Award or, unless in contravention of any express term of the Plan, at any time thereafter. All decisions made by the Committee or any appropriately delegated officer pursuant to the provisions of the Plan shall be final and binding on all persons, including the Company, Participants, and Eligible Individuals.

(d) Award Agreements. The terms and conditions of each Award, as determined by the Committee, shall be set forth in an Award Agreement, which shall be delivered to the Participant receiving such Award upon, or as promptly as is reasonably practicable following, the grant of such Award. The effectiveness of an Award shall not be subject to the Award Agreement's being signed by the Company and/or the Participant receiving the Award unless specifically so provided in the Award Agreement. Award Agreements may be amended only in accordance with Section 12 hereof. Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan or an Award Agreement to the contrary, in the event that any term of an Award Agreement conflicts with any

provision of the Plan that specifically pertains to Section 409A of the Code, the provision of the Plan shall govern.

SECTION 3. Common Stock Subject to Plan.

(a) Plan Maximums. The maximum number of Shares that may be delivered pursuant to Awards under the Plan shall be 25,000,000. Shares subject to an Award under the Plan may be authorized and unissued Shares or may be treasury Shares.

(b) Individual Limits. No Participant may be granted Awards covering in excess of 10,000,000 Shares during the term of the Plan.

(c) Rules for Calculating Shares Delivered.

(i) To the extent that any Award is forfeited, or any Option and the related Tandem SAR (if any) or Free-Standing SAR terminates, expires or lapses without being exercised, or any Award is settled for cash, the Shares subject to such Awards not delivered as a result thereof shall again be available for Awards under the Plan.

(ii) If the exercise price of any Option and/or the tax withholding obligations relating to any Award are satisfied by delivering Shares to the Company (by either actual delivery or by attestation), only the number of Shares issued net of the Shares delivered or attested to shall be deemed delivered for purposes of the limits set forth in Section 3(a). To the extent any Shares subject to an Award are withheld to satisfy the exercise price (in the case of an Option) and/or the tax withholding obligations relating to such Award, such Shares shall not be deemed to have been delivered for purposes of the limits set forth in Section 3(a).

(d) Adjustment Provision. In the event of a merger, consolidation, acquisition of property or shares, stock rights offering, liquidation, Disaffiliation, or similar event affecting the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (each, a "Corporate Transaction"), the Committee or the Board may in its discretion make such substitutions or adjustments as it deems appropriate and equitable to (i) the aggregate number and kind of Shares or other securities reserved for issuance and delivery under the Plan, (ii) the various maximum limitations set forth in Sections 3(a) and 3(b) upon certain types of Awards and upon the grants to individuals of certain types of Awards, (iii) the number and kind of Shares or other securities subject to outstanding Awards; and (iv) the exercise price of outstanding Options and Stock Appreciation Rights. In the event of a stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, separation, spinoff, reorganization, extraordinary dividend of cash or other property, share combination, or recapitalization or similar event affecting the capital structure of the Company (each, a "Share Change"), the Committee or the Board shall make such substitutions or adjustments as it deems appropriate and equitable to (i) the aggregate number and kind of Shares or other securities reserved for issuance and delivery under the Plan (*provided*, that, there will be no adjustment under this clause (i) with respect to the reverse stock split that is subject to approval by the stockholders of the Company on the date the Plan is subject to approval by the stockholders of the Company), (ii) the various maximum limitations set forth in Sections 3(a) and 3(b) upon certain types of Awards and upon the grants to individuals of certain types of Awards, (iii) the number and kind of Shares or other securities subject to outstanding Awards; and (iv) the exercise price of outstanding Options and Stock

Appreciation Rights. In the case of Corporate Transactions, such adjustments may include, without limitation, (1) the cancellation of outstanding Awards in exchange for payments of cash, property or a combination thereof having an aggregate value equal to the value of such Awards, as determined by the Committee or the Board in its sole discretion (it being understood that in the case of a Corporate Transaction with respect to which shareholders of Common Stock receive consideration other than publicly traded equity securities of the ultimate surviving entity, any such determination by the Committee that the value of an Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall for this purpose be deemed to equal the excess, if any, of the value of the consideration being paid for each Share pursuant to such Corporate Transaction over the exercise price of such Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall conclusively be deemed valid); (2) the substitution of other property (including, without limitation, cash or other securities of the Company and securities of entities other than the Company) for the Shares subject to outstanding Awards; and (3) in connection with any Disaffiliation, arranging for the assumption of Awards, or replacement of Awards with new awards based on other property or other securities (including, without limitation, other securities of the Company and securities of entities other than the Company), by the affected Subsidiary, Affiliate, or division or by the entity that controls such Subsidiary, Affiliate, or division following such Disaffiliation (as well as any corresponding adjustments to Awards that remain based upon Company securities). The Committee may adjust in its sole discretion the Performance Goals applicable to any Awards to reflect any Share Change and any Corporate Transaction and any unusual or non-recurring events and other extraordinary items, impact of charges for restructurings, discontinued operations, and the cumulative effects of accounting or tax changes, each as defined by generally accepted accounting principles or as identified in the Company's financial statements, notes to the financial statements, management's discussion and analysis or the Company's other SEC filings, *provided* that in the case of Performance Goals applicable to any Qualified Performance-Based Awards, such adjustment does not violate Section 162(m) of the Code. Any adjustment under this Section 3(d) need not be the same for all Participants.

(e) Section 409A. Notwithstanding the foregoing: (i) any adjustments made pursuant to Section 3(d) to Awards that are considered "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code shall be made in compliance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code; (ii) any adjustments made pursuant to Section 3(d) to Awards that are not considered "deferred compensation" subject to Section 409A of the Code shall be made in such a manner as to ensure that after such adjustment, the Awards either (A) continue not to be subject to Section 409A of the Code or (B) comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code; and (iii) in any event, neither the Committee nor the Board shall have the authority to make any adjustments pursuant to Section 3(d) to the extent the existence of such authority would cause an Award that is not intended to be subject to Section 409A of the Code at the Grant Date to be subject thereto.

SECTION 4. Eligibility.

Awards may be granted under the Plan to Eligible Individuals; provided, however, that Incentive Stock Options may be granted only to employees of the Company and its subsidiaries or parent corporation (within the meaning of Section 424(f) of the Code).

SECTION 5. Options and Stock Appreciation Rights.

(a) Types of Options. Options may be of two types: Incentive Stock Options and Nonqualified Options. The Award Agreement for an Option shall indicate whether the Option is intended to be an Incentive Stock Option or a Nonqualified Option.

(b) Types and Nature of Stock Appreciation Rights. Stock Appreciation Rights may be “Tandem SARs,” which are granted in conjunction with an Option, or “Free-Standing SARs,” which are not granted in conjunction with an Option. Upon the exercise of a Stock Appreciation Right, the Participant shall be entitled to receive an amount in cash, Shares, or both, in value equal to the product of (i) the excess of the Fair Market Value of one Share over the exercise price of the applicable Stock Appreciation Right, multiplied by (ii) the number of Shares in respect of which the Stock Appreciation Right has been exercised. The applicable Award Agreement shall specify whether such payment is to be made in cash or Common Stock or both, or shall reserve to the Committee or the Participant the right to make that determination prior to or upon the exercise of the Stock Appreciation Right.

(c) Tandem SARs. A Tandem SAR may be granted at the Grant Date of the related Option. A Tandem SAR shall be exercisable only at such time or times and to the extent that the related Option is exercisable in accordance with the provisions of this Section 5, and shall have the same exercise price as the related Option. A Tandem SAR shall terminate or be forfeited upon the exercise or forfeiture of the related Option, and the related Option shall terminate or be forfeited upon the exercise or forfeiture of the Tandem SAR.

(d) Exercise Price. The exercise price per Share subject to an Option or Free-Standing SAR shall be determined by the Committee and set forth in the applicable Award Agreement, and shall not be less than the Fair Market Value of a share of the Common Stock on the applicable Grant Date. In no event may any Option or Free-Standing SAR granted under this Plan be amended, other than pursuant to Section 3(d), to decrease the exercise price thereof or otherwise be subject to any action that would be treated, for accounting purposes, as a “repricing” of such Option or Free-Standing SAR, unless such amendment, cancellation, or action is approved by the Company’s shareholders.

(e) Term. The Term of each Option and each Free-Standing SAR shall be fixed by the Committee, but shall not exceed ten years from the Grant Date in the case of an Incentive Stock Option.

(f) Vesting and Exercisability. Except as otherwise provided herein, Options and Free-Standing SARs shall be exercisable at such time or times and subject to such terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Committee. If the Committee provides that any Option or Free-Standing SAR will become exercisable only in installments, the Committee may at any time waive such installment exercise provisions, in whole or in part, based on such factors as the Committee may determine. In addition, the Committee may at any time accelerate the exercisability of any Option or Free-Standing SAR.

(g) Method of Exercise. Subject to the provisions of this Section 5, Options and Free-Standing SARs may be exercised, in whole or in part, at any time during the applicable Term by giving written notice of exercise to the Company or through the procedures established with the Company’s appointed third-party Option administrator specifying the number of Shares as to which the Option or Free-Standing SAR is being exercised; provided, however, that, unless otherwise permitted by the Committee, any such exercise must be with respect to a portion of the applicable Option or Free-Standing SAR relating to no less than the lesser of the number of Shares then subject to such Option or Free-Standing SAR or 100 Shares. In the case of the exercise of an Option, such notice shall be accompanied by payment in full of the purchase price (which shall equal the product of such number of Shares multiplied by the applicable exercise price) by certified or bank check or such other instrument as the Company may accept. If approved by the Committee, payment, in full or in part, may also be made as follows:

(i) Payments may be made in the form of unrestricted Shares (by delivery of such Shares or by attestation) of the same class as the Common Stock subject to the Option already owned by the Participant (based on the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the date the Option is exercised); provided, however, that, in the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the right to make a payment in the form of already owned Shares of the same class as the Common Stock subject to the Option may be authorized only at the time the Option is granted.

(ii) To the extent permitted by applicable law, payment may be made by delivering a properly executed exercise notice to the Company, together with a copy of irrevocable instructions to a broker to deliver promptly to the Company the amount of sale or loan proceeds necessary to pay the purchase price, and, if requested, the amount of any federal, state, local or foreign withholding taxes. To facilitate the foregoing, the Company may, to the extent permitted by applicable law, enter into agreements for coordinated procedures with one or more brokerage firms. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Committee may also provide for Company loans to be made for purposes of the exercise of Options.

(iii) Payment may be made by instructing the Committee to withhold a number of Shares having a Fair Market Value (based on the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the date the applicable Option is exercised) equal to the product of (A) the exercise price multiplied by (B) the number of Shares in respect of which the Option shall have been exercised.

(h) Delivery; Rights of Shareholders. No Shares shall be delivered pursuant to the exercise of an Option until the exercise price therefor has been fully paid and applicable taxes have been withheld. The applicable Participant shall have all of the rights of a shareholder of the Company holding the class or series of Common Stock that is subject to the Option or Stock Appreciation Right (including, if applicable, the right to vote the applicable Shares and the right to receive dividends), when the Participant (i) has given written notice of exercise, (ii) if requested, has given the representation described in Section 14(a), and (iii) in the case of an Option, has paid in full for such Shares.

(i) Terminations of Employment. Subject to Section 10(c), a Participant’s Options and Stock Appreciation Rights shall be forfeited upon such Participant’s Termination of Employment, except as set forth below:

(i) Upon a Participant's Termination of Employment by reason of death, any Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by the Participant that was exercisable immediately before the Termination of Employment may be exercised at any time until the earlier of (A) the first anniversary of the date of such death and (B) the expiration of the Term thereof;

(ii) Upon a Participant's Termination of Employment by reason of Disability or Retirement, any Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by the Participant that was exercisable immediately before the Termination of Employment may be exercised at any time until the earlier of (A) the first anniversary of such Termination of Employment and (B) the expiration of the Term thereof;

(iii) Upon a Participant's Termination of Employment for Cause, any Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by the Participant shall be forfeited, effective as of such Termination of Employment;

(iv) Upon a Participant's Termination of Employment for any reason other than death, Disability, Retirement or for Cause, any Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by the Participant that was exercisable immediately before the Termination of Employment may be exercised at any time until the earlier of (A) the 90th day following such Termination of Employment and (B) expiration of the Term thereof; and

(v) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this Section 5(i), if a Participant dies after such Participant's Termination of Employment but while any Option or Stock Appreciation Right remains exercisable as set forth above, such Option or Stock Appreciation Right may be exercised at any time until the later of (A) the earlier of (1) the first anniversary of the date of such death and (2) expiration of the Term thereof and (B) the last date on which such Option or Stock Appreciation Right would have been exercisable, absent this Section 5(i)(v).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Committee shall have the power, in its discretion, to apply different rules concerning the consequences of a Termination of Employment; provided, however, that if such rules are less favorable to the Participant than those set forth above, such rules are set forth in the applicable Award Agreement. If an Incentive Stock Option is exercised after the expiration of the exercise periods that apply for purposes of Section 422 of the Code, such Option will thereafter be treated as a Nonqualified Option.

(j) Nontransferability of Options and Stock Appreciation Rights. No Option or Free-Standing SAR shall be transferable by a Participant other than (i) by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, or (ii) in the case of a Nonqualified Option or Free-Standing SAR, pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order or as otherwise expressly permitted by the Committee including, if so permitted, pursuant to a transfer to the Participant's family members or to a charitable organization, whether directly or indirectly or by means of a trust or partnership or otherwise. For purposes of this Plan, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, "family member" shall have the meaning given to such term in General Instructions A.1(a)(5) to Form S-8 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and any successor thereto. A Tandem SAR shall be transferable only with the related Option as permitted by the preceding sentence. Any Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall be exercisable, subject to the terms of this Plan, only by the applicable Participant, the guardian or legal representative of such Participant, or any

person to whom such Option or Stock Appreciation Right is permissibly transferred pursuant to this Section 5(j), it being understood that the term "Participant" includes such guardian, legal representative and other transferee; provided, however, that the term "Termination of Employment" shall continue to refer to the Termination of Employment of the original Participant.

SECTION 6. Restricted Stock.

(a) Nature of Awards and Certificates. Shares of Restricted Stock are actual Shares issued to a Participant, and shall be evidenced in such manner as the Committee may deem appropriate, including book-entry registration or issuance of one or more stock certificates. Any certificate issued in respect of Shares of Restricted Stock shall be registered in the name of the applicable Participant and shall bear an appropriate legend referring to the terms, conditions, and restrictions applicable to such Award, substantially in the following form:

"The transferability of this certificate and the shares of stock represented hereby are subject to the terms and conditions (including forfeiture) of the IAC/InterActiveCorp Amended and Restated 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan and an Award Agreement. Copies of such Plan and Agreement are on file at the offices of IAC/InterActiveCorp, 555 West 18th Street, New York, New York."

The Committee may require that the certificates evidencing such shares be held in custody by the Company until the restrictions thereon shall have lapsed and that, as a condition of any Award of Restricted Stock, the applicable Participant shall have delivered a stock power, endorsed in blank, relating to the Common Stock covered by such Award.

(b) Terms and Conditions. Shares of Restricted Stock shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(i) The Committee may, prior to or at the time of grant, designate an Award of Restricted Stock as a Qualified Performance-Based Award, in which event it shall condition the grant or vesting, as applicable, of such Restricted Stock upon the attainment of Performance Goals. If the Committee does not designate an Award of Restricted Stock as a Qualified Performance-Based Award, it may also condition the grant or vesting thereof upon the attainment of Performance Goals. Regardless of whether an Award of Restricted Stock is a Qualified Performance-Based Award, the Committee may also condition the grant or vesting thereof upon the continued service of the Participant. The conditions for grant or vesting and the other provisions of Restricted Stock Awards (including without limitation any applicable Performance Goals) need not be the same with respect to each recipient. Subject to Section 11(b), the Committee may at any time, in its sole discretion, accelerate or waive, in whole or in part, any of the foregoing restrictions.

(ii) Subject to the provisions of the Plan and the applicable Award Agreement, during the period, if any, set by the Committee, commencing with the date of such Restricted Stock Award for which such Participant's continued service is required (the "Restriction

Period"), and until the later of (A) the expiration of the Restriction Period and (B) the date the applicable Performance Goals (if any) are satisfied, the Participant shall not be permitted to sell, assign, transfer, pledge or otherwise encumber Shares of Restricted Stock.

(iii) Except as provided in this Section 6 and in the applicable Award Agreement, the applicable Participant shall have, with respect to the Shares of Restricted Stock, all of the rights of a stockholder of the Company holding the class or series of Common Stock that is the subject of the Restricted Stock, including, if applicable, the right to vote the Shares and the right to receive any cash dividends. If so determined by the Committee in the applicable Award Agreement and subject to Section 14(e), (A) cash dividends on the class or series of Common Stock that is the subject of the Restricted Stock Award shall be automatically reinvested in additional Restricted Stock, held subject to the vesting of the underlying Restricted Stock, and (B) subject to any adjustment pursuant to Section 3(d), dividends payable in Common Stock shall be paid in the form of Restricted Stock of the same class as the Common Stock with which such dividend was paid, held subject to the vesting of the underlying Restricted Stock.

(iv) Except as otherwise set forth in the applicable Award Agreement, upon a Participant's Termination of Employment for any reason during the Restriction Period or before the applicable Performance Goals are satisfied, all Shares of Restricted Stock still subject to restriction shall be forfeited by such Participant; provided, however, that subject to Section 11(b), the Committee shall have the discretion to waive, in whole or in part, any or all remaining restrictions with respect to any or all of such Participant's Shares of Restricted Stock.

(v) If and when any applicable Performance Goals are satisfied and the Restriction Period expires without a prior forfeiture of the Shares of Restricted Stock for which legended certificates have been issued, unlegended certificates for such Shares shall be delivered to the Participant upon surrender of the legended certificates.

SECTION 7. Restricted Stock Units.

(a) Nature of Award. Restricted Stock Units are Awards denominated in Shares that will be settled, subject to the terms and conditions of the Restricted Stock Units, either by delivery of Shares to the Participant or by the payment of cash based upon the Fair Market Value of a specified number of Shares.

(b) Terms and Conditions. Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(i) The Committee may, in connection with the grant of Restricted Stock Units, designate them as Qualified Performance-Based Awards, in which event it shall condition the grant or vesting thereof upon the attainment of Performance Goals. If the Committee does not designate Restricted Stock Units as Qualified Performance-Based Awards, it may also condition the grant or vesting thereof upon the attainment of Performance Goals. Regardless of whether Restricted Stock Units are Qualified Performance-Based Awards, the Committee may also condition the vesting thereof upon the continued service of the Participant. The conditions for grant or vesting and the other provisions of Restricted Stock Awards (including without limitation any applicable Performance Goals) need not be the same with respect to each

recipient. Subject to Section 11(b), the Committee may at any time, in its sole discretion, accelerate or waive, in whole or in part, any of the foregoing restrictions. Except as otherwise provided in Section 7(b)(iv) or in the applicable Award Agreement, an Award of Restricted Stock Units shall be settled as and when the Restricted Stock Units vest (but no in event later than two and a half months after the end of the fiscal year in which the Restricted Stock Units vest).

(ii) Subject to the provisions of the Plan and the applicable Award Agreement, during the period, if any, set by the Committee, commencing with the date of such Restricted Stock Units Award for which such Participant's continued service is required (the "Restriction Period"), and until the later of (A) the expiration of the Restriction Period and (B) the date the applicable Performance Goals (if any) are satisfied, the Participant shall not be permitted to sell, assign, transfer, pledge or otherwise encumber Restricted Stock Units.

(iii) The Award Agreement for Restricted Stock Units shall specify whether, to what extent and on what terms and conditions the applicable Participant shall be entitled to receive current or deferred payments of cash, Common Stock or other property corresponding to the dividends payable on the Common Stock (subject to Section 14(e) below).

(iv) Except as otherwise set forth in the applicable Award Agreement, upon a Participant's Termination of Employment for any reason during the Restriction Period or before the applicable Performance Goals are satisfied, all Restricted Stock Units still subject to restriction shall be forfeited by such Participant; provided, however, that subject to Section 11(b), the Committee shall have the discretion to waive, in whole or in part, any or all remaining restrictions with respect to any or all of such Participant's Restricted Stock Units, provided, however, if any of such Participant's Restricted Stock Units constitute a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, settlement of such Restricted Stock Units shall not occur until the earliest of (1) the date such Restricted Stock Units would otherwise be settled pursuant to the terms of the Award Agreement and (2) the Participant's "separation of service" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code.

SECTION 8. Other Stock-Based Awards.

Other Awards of Common Stock and other Awards that are valued in whole or in part by reference to, or are otherwise based upon or settled in, Common Stock, including (without limitation), unrestricted stock, performance units, dividend equivalents, and convertible debentures, may be granted under the Plan.

SECTION 9. Bonus Awards.

(a) Determination of Awards. The Committee shall determine the total amount of Bonus Awards for each Plan Year or such shorter performance period as the Committee may establish in its sole discretion. Prior to the beginning of the Plan Year or such shorter performance period as the Committee may establish in its sole discretion (or such later date as may be prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service under Section 162(m) of the Code), the Committee shall establish Performance Goals for Bonus Awards for the Plan Year or such shorter period; provided, that such Performance Goals may be established at a later date for

Participants who are not Covered Employees within the meaning of Section 162(m)(3) of the Code. Bonus amounts payable to any individual Participant with respect to a Plan Year will be limited to a maximum of \$10 million. For performance periods that are shorter than a Plan Year, such \$10 million

maximum may be pro-rated if so determined by the Committee.

(b) Payment of Awards. Bonus Awards under the Plan shall be paid in cash or in shares of Common Stock (valued at Fair Market Value as of the date of payment) as determined by the Committee, as soon as practicable following the close of the Plan Year or such shorter performance period as the Committee may establish. It is intended that a Bonus Award will be paid no later than the fifteenth (15th) day of the third month following the later of: (i) the end of the Participant's taxable year in which the requirements for such Bonus Award have been satisfied by the Participant or (ii) the end of the Company's fiscal year in which the requirements for such Bonus Award have been satisfied by the Participant. To the extent provided by the Committee, a Participant may elect to defer receipt of amounts payable under a Bonus Award for a specified period, or until a specified event, subject in each case to the Committee's approval and in accordance with the terms of plans and arrangements that comply with Section 409A that may be established from time to time. The Bonus Award for any Plan Year or such shorter performance period to any Participant may be reduced or eliminated by the Committee in its discretion.

SECTION 10. Change in Control Provisions.

(a) Impact of Event/Single Trigger. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable Award Agreement and subject to Sections 3(d), 3(e) and 14(k), notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, immediately upon the occurrence of a Change in Control, with respect to Awards held by officers of the Company (and not the Company's Subsidiaries) with a title of Senior Vice President or above as of immediately prior to the Change in Control, and with respect to all other Participants solely to the extent provided in the applicable Award Agreement:

- (i) any Options and Stock Appreciation Rights outstanding which are not then exercisable and vested shall become fully exercisable and vested;
- (ii) the restrictions and deferral limitations applicable to any Restricted Stock shall lapse, and such Restricted Stock shall become free of all restrictions and become fully vested and transferable; and
- (iii) all Restricted Stock Units shall be considered to be earned and payable in full, and any restrictions shall lapse, and such Restricted Stock Units shall be settled as promptly as is practicable in the form set forth in the applicable Award Agreement; provided, however, that with respect to any Restricted Stock Unit that constitute a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, the settlement of such Restricted Stock Units pursuant to this Section 10(a)(iii) shall not occur until the earliest of (1) the Change in Control if such Change in Control constitutes a "change in the ownership of the corporation," a "change in effective control of the corporation" or a "change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the corporation," within the meaning of Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code, (2) the date such Restricted Stock Units would otherwise be

settled pursuant to the terms of the Award Agreement and (3) the Participant's "separation of service" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code.

(b) Definition of Change in Control. For purposes of the Plan, unless otherwise provided in an option agreement or other agreement relating to an Award, a "Change in Control" shall mean the happening of any of the following events:

- (i) The acquisition by any individual, entity or Group (a "Person"), other than Barry Diller, Liberty Media Corporation, their respective Affiliates, any Group including any of the foregoing, or the Corporation, of Beneficial Ownership of equity securities of the Corporation representing more than 50% of the voting power of the then outstanding equity securities of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (the "Outstanding Corporation Voting Securities"); provided, however, that (A) for purposes of this subsection any Group including Liberty Media Corporation or its Affiliates (but excluding Barry Diller) shall be excluded only so long as they own over 50% of the aggregate economic ownership held by such Group, and (B) any acquisition that would constitute a Change of Control under this subsection (i) that is also a Business Combination shall be determined exclusively under subsection (iii) below; or
- (ii) Individuals who, as of the Effective Date, constitute the Board (the "Incumbent Directors") cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board; constitute the Board (the "Incumbent Directors") cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board; provided, however, that any individual becoming a director subsequent to the Effective Date, whose election, or nomination for election by the Corporation's shareholders, was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the Incumbent Directors at such time, or whose election was not opposed by Barry Diller voting as a stockholder so long as he is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (or senior executive officer) of the Corporation, shall become an Incumbent Director, but excluding, for this purpose, any such individual whose initial assumption of office occurs as a result of an actual or threatened election contest with respect to the election or removal of directors or other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents by or on behalf of a Person other than the Board; or
- (iii) Consummation of a reorganization, merger, consolidation, sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation, the purchase of assets or stock of another entity, or other similar corporate transaction (a "Business Combination"), in each case, unless immediately following such Business Combination, (A) more than 50% of the Resulting Voting Power shall reside in Outstanding Corporation Voting Securities retained by the Corporation's stockholders in the Business Combination and/or voting securities received by such stockholders in the Business Combination on account of Outstanding Corporation Voting Securities, and (B) at least a majority of the members of the board of directors (or equivalent governing body, if applicable) of the entity resulting from such Business Combination were Incumbent Directors at the time of the initial agreement, or action of the Board, providing for such Business Combination; or
- (iv) Approval by the stockholders of the Corporation of a complete liquidation or dissolution of the Corporation.

(c) Impact of Event/Double Trigger. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable Award Agreement and subject to Sections 3(d), 3(e) and 14(k), notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, upon a Participant's Termination of Employment, during the two-year period following a Change in Control, by the Company other than for Cause or Disability or by the Participant for Good Reason (as defined below):

- (i) any Options and Stock Appreciation Rights outstanding as of such Termination of Employment which were outstanding as of the date of such Change in Control (including any Options and Stock Appreciation Rights that became vested pursuant to Section 10(a)) shall be fully exercisable and vested and shall remain exercisable until the later of (i) the last date on which such Option or Stock Appreciation Right would be exercisable in the

absence of this Section 10(c) and (ii) the earlier of (A) the first anniversary of such Change in Control and (B) expiration of the Term of such Option or Stock Appreciation Right;

(ii) the restrictions and deferral limitations applicable to any Restricted Stock shall lapse, and such Restricted Stock outstanding as of such Termination of Employment which were outstanding as of the date of such Change in Control shall become free of all restrictions and become fully vested and transferable; and

(iii) all Restricted Stock Units outstanding as of such Termination of Employment which were outstanding as of the date of such Change in Control shall be considered to be earned and payable in full, and any restrictions shall lapse and such Restricted Stock Units shall be settled as promptly as is practicable in the form set forth in the applicable Award Agreement.

(d) For purposes of this Section 10, “Good Reason” means (i) “Good Reason” as defined in any Individual Agreement or Award Agreement to which the applicable Participant is a party, or (ii) if there is no such Individual Agreement or if it does not define Good Reason, without the Participant’s prior written consent: (A) a material reduction in the Participant’s rate of annual base salary from the rate of annual base salary in effect for such Participant immediately prior to the Change in Control, (B) a relocation of the Participant’s principal place of business more than 35 miles from the city in which such Participant’s principal place of business was located immediately prior to the Change in Control or (C) a material and demonstrable adverse change in the nature and scope of the Participant’s duties from those in effect immediately prior to the Change in Control. In order to invoke a Termination of Employment for Good Reason, a Participant shall provide written notice to the Company of the existence of one or more of the conditions described in clauses (A) through (C) within 90 days following the Participant’s knowledge of the initial existence of such condition or conditions, and the Company shall have 30 days following receipt of such written notice (the “Cure Period”) during which it may remedy the condition. In the event that the Company fails to remedy the condition constituting Good Reason during the Cure Period, the Participant must terminate employment, if at all, within 90 days following the Cure Period in order for such Termination of Employment to constitute a Termination of Employment for Good Reason.

SECTION 11. Qualified Performance-Based Awards; Section 16(b).

(a) The provisions of this Plan are intended to ensure that all Options and Stock Appreciation Rights granted hereunder to any Participant who is or may be a “covered employee” (within the meaning of Section 162(m)(3) of the Code) in the tax year in which such Option or Stock Appreciation Right is expected to be deductible to the Company qualify for the Section 162(m) Exemption, and all such Awards shall therefore be considered Qualified Performance-Based Awards and this Plan shall be interpreted and operated consistent with that intention (including, without limitation, to require that all such Awards be granted by a committee composed solely of members who satisfy the requirements for being “outside directors” for purposes of the Section 162(m) Exemption (“Outside Directors”). When granting any Award other than an Option or Stock Appreciation Right, the Committee may designate such Award as a Qualified Performance-Based Award, based upon a determination that (i) the recipient is or may be a “covered employee” (within the meaning of Section 162(m)(3) of the Code) with respect to such Award, and (ii) the Committee wishes such Award to qualify for the Section 162(m) Exemption, and the terms of any such Award (and of the grant thereof) shall be consistent with such designation (including, without limitation, that all such Awards be granted by a committee composed solely of Outside Directors).

(b) Each Qualified Performance-Based Award (other than an Option or Stock Appreciation Right) shall be earned, vested and payable (as applicable) only upon the achievement of one or more Performance Goals, together with the satisfaction of any other conditions, such as continued employment, as the Committee may determine to be appropriate, and no Qualified Performance-Based Award may be amended, nor may the Committee exercise any discretionary authority it may otherwise have under this Plan with respect to a Qualified Performance-Based Award under this Plan, in any manner that would cause the Qualified Performance-Based Award to cease to qualify for the Section 162(m) Exemption; provided, however, that (i) the Committee may waive, either in connection with the grant of the applicable Award or by amendment thereafter, that achievement of such Performance Goals will be waived upon the death or Disability of the Participant or under any other circumstance with respect to which the existence of such possible waiver will not cause the Award to fail to qualify for the Section 162(m) Exemption as of the Grant Date, and (ii) the provisions of Section 10 shall apply notwithstanding this Section 11(b).

(c) The full Board shall not be permitted to exercise authority granted to the Committee to the extent that the grant or exercise of such authority would cause an Award designated as a Qualified Performance-Based Award not to qualify for, or to cease to qualify for, the Section 162(m) Exemption.

(d) The provisions of this Plan are intended to ensure that no transaction under the Plan is subject to (and not exempt from) the short-swing recovery rules of Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act (“Section 16(b)”). Accordingly, the composition of the Committee shall be subject to such limitations as the Board deems appropriate to permit transactions pursuant to this Plan to be exempt (pursuant to Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act) from Section 16(b), and no delegation of authority by the Committee shall be permitted if such delegation would cause any such transaction to be subject to (and not exempt from) Section 16(b).

SECTION 12. Term, Amendment and Termination.

(a) Effectiveness. The Plan shall be effective as of the date (the “Effective Date”) it is adopted by the Board, subject to the approval by the holders of at least a majority of the voting power represented by outstanding capital stock of the Company that is entitled generally to vote in the election of directors.

(b) Termination. The Plan will terminate on the tenth anniversary of the Effective Date. Awards outstanding as of such date shall not be affected or impaired by the termination of the Plan.

(c) Amendment of Plan. The Board may amend, alter, or discontinue the Plan, but no amendment, alteration or discontinuation shall be made which would materially impair the rights of the Participant with respect to a previously granted Award without such Participant’s consent, except such an amendment made to comply with applicable law (including without limitation Section 409A of the Code), stock exchange rules or accounting rules. In addition, no such amendment shall be made without the approval of the Company’s stockholders to the extent such approval is required by applicable law or the listing standards of the Applicable Exchange.

(d) Amendment of Awards. Subject to Section 5(d), the Committee may unilaterally amend the terms of any Award theretofore granted, prospectively or retroactively, but no such amendment shall cause a Qualified Performance-Based Award to cease to qualify for the Section 162(m) Exemption or without the Participant's consent materially impair the rights of any Participant with respect to an Award, except such an amendment made to cause the Plan or Award to comply with applicable law (including without limitation Section 409A of the Code), stock exchange rules or accounting rules.

SECTION 13. Unfunded Status of Plan.

It is presently intended that the Plan constitute an "unfunded" plan for incentive and deferred compensation. Solely to the extent permitted under Section 409A of the Code, the Committee may authorize the creation of trusts or other arrangements to meet the obligations created under the Plan to deliver Common Stock or make payments; provided, however, that the existence of such trusts or other arrangements is consistent with the "unfunded" status of the Plan. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, with respect to any Award that constitutes a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, no trust shall be funded with respect to any such Award if such funding would result in taxable income to the Participant by reason of Section 409A(b) of the Code and in no event shall any such trust assets at any time be located or transferred outside of the United States, within the meaning of Section 409A(b) of the Code.

SECTION 14. General Provisions.

(a) Conditions for Issuance. The Committee may require each person purchasing or receiving Shares pursuant to an Award to represent to and agree with the Company in writing that such person is acquiring the Shares without a view to the distribution thereof. The certificates for such Shares may include any legend which the Committee deems appropriate to reflect any restrictions on transfer. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or

agreements made pursuant thereto, the Company shall not be required to issue or deliver any certificate or certificates for Shares under the Plan prior to fulfillment of all of the following conditions: (i) listing or approval for listing upon notice of issuance, of such Shares on the Applicable Exchange; (ii) any registration or other qualification of such Shares of the Company under any state or federal law or regulation, or the maintaining in effect of any such registration or other qualification which the Committee shall, in its absolute discretion upon the advice of counsel, deem necessary or advisable; and (iii) obtaining any other consent, approval, or permit from any state or federal governmental agency which the Committee shall, in its absolute discretion after receiving the advice of counsel, determine to be necessary or advisable.

(b) Additional Compensation Arrangements. Nothing contained in the Plan shall prevent the Company or any Subsidiary or Affiliate from adopting other or additional compensation arrangements for its employees.

(c) No Contract of Employment. The Plan shall not constitute a contract of employment, and adoption of the Plan shall not confer upon any employee any right to continued employment, nor shall it interfere in any way with the right of the Company or any Subsidiary or Affiliate to terminate the employment of any employee at any time.

(d) Required Taxes. No later than the date as of which an amount first becomes includible in the gross income of a Participant for federal, state, local or foreign income or employment or other tax purposes with respect to any Award under the Plan, such Participant shall pay to the Company, or make arrangements satisfactory to the Company regarding the payment of, any federal, state, local or foreign taxes of any kind required by law to be withheld with respect to such amount. If determined by the Company, withholding obligations may be settled with Common Stock, including Common Stock that is part of the Award that gives rise to the withholding requirement. The obligations of the Company under the Plan shall be conditional on such payment or arrangements, and the Company and its Affiliates shall, to the extent permitted by law, have the right to deduct any such taxes from any payment otherwise due to such Participant. The Committee may establish such procedures as it deems appropriate, including making irrevocable elections, for the settlement of withholding obligations with Common Stock.

(e) Limitation on Dividend Reinvestment and Dividend Equivalents. Reinvestment of dividends in additional Restricted Stock at the time of any dividend payment, and the payment of Shares with respect to dividends to Participants holding Awards of Restricted Stock Units, shall only be permissible if sufficient Shares are available under Section 3 for such reinvestment or payment (taking into account then outstanding Awards). In the event that sufficient Shares are not available for such reinvestment or payment, such reinvestment or payment shall be made in the form of a grant of Restricted Stock Units equal in number to the Shares that would have been obtained by such payment or reinvestment, the terms of which Restricted Stock Units shall provide for settlement in cash and for dividend equivalent reinvestment in further Restricted Stock Units on the terms contemplated by this Section 14(e).

(f) Designation of Death Beneficiary. The Committee shall establish such procedures as it deems appropriate for a Participant to designate a beneficiary to whom any amounts payable in the event of such Participant's death are to be paid or by whom any rights of such eligible Individual, after such Participant's death, may be exercised.

(g) Subsidiary Employees. In the case of a grant of an Award to any employee of a Subsidiary of the Company, the Company may, if the Committee so directs, issue or transfer the Shares, if any, covered by the Award to the Subsidiary, for such lawful consideration as the Committee may specify, upon the condition or understanding that the Subsidiary will transfer the Shares to the employee in accordance with the terms of the Award specified by the Committee pursuant to the provisions of the Plan. All Shares underlying Awards that are forfeited or canceled should revert to the Company.

(h) Governing Law and Interpretation. The Plan and all Awards made and actions taken thereunder shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without reference to principles of conflict of laws. The captions of this Plan are not part of the provisions hereof and shall have no force or effect.

(i) Non-Transferability. Except as otherwise provided in Section 5(j) or by the Committee, Awards under the Plan are not transferable except by will or by laws of descent and distribution.

(j) Foreign Employees and Foreign Law Considerations. The Committee may grant Awards to Eligible Individuals who are foreign nationals, who are located outside the United States or who are not compensated from a payroll maintained in the United States, or who are otherwise subject to (or could cause the Company to be subject to) legal or regulatory provisions of countries or jurisdictions outside the United States, on such terms and conditions different from those specified in the Plan as may, in the judgment of the Committee, be necessary or desirable to foster and promote achievement of the purposes of the Plan, and, in furtherance of such purposes, the Committee may make such modifications, amendments, procedures, or subplans as may be necessary or advisable to comply with such legal or regulatory provisions.

(k) Section 409A of the Code.

(i) It is the intention of the Company that no Award shall be “deferred compensation” subject to Section 409A of the Code, unless and to the extent that the Committee specifically determines otherwise as provided in this Section 14(k), and the Plan and the terms and conditions of all Awards shall be interpreted accordingly.

(ii) The terms and conditions governing any Awards that the Committee determines will be subject to Section 409A of the Code, including any rules for elective or mandatory deferral of the delivery of cash or shares of Common Stock pursuant thereto and any rules regarding treatment of such Awards in the event of a Change in Control, shall be set forth in the applicable Award Agreement, and shall comply in all respects with Section 409A of the Code.

(iii) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, with respect to any Award that constitutes a “nonqualified deferred compensation plan,” any payments (whether in cash, Shares or other property) to be made with respect to the Award in connection with and upon the Participant’s Termination of Employment shall be delayed if the Participant is a Specified Employee until the earlier of (A) the first day of the seventh month following the Participant’s Termination of Employment and (B) the Participant’s death.

**IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AMENDED AND RESTATED
2000 STOCK AND ANNUAL INCENTIVE PLAN
(effective December 17, 2008)**

SECTION 1. Purpose; Definitions.

The purpose of the Plan is to give the Corporation a competitive advantage in attracting, retaining and motivating officers and employees and to provide the Corporation and its subsidiaries with a stock plan providing incentives more directly linked to the profitability of the Corporation and increases in shareholder value.

For purposes of the Plan, the following terms are defined as set forth below:

- (a) “Affiliate” means a corporation or other entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the Corporation.
- (b) “Award” means a Stock Appreciation Right, Stock Option, Restricted Stock, Performance Unit or Bonus Award.
- (c) “Award Cycle” shall mean a period of consecutive fiscal years or portion thereof designated by the Committee over which Performance Units are to be earned.
- (d) “Board” means the Board of Directors of the Corporation.
- (e) “Bonus Award” means an annual bonus award made pursuant to Section 10.
- (f) “Bonus Period” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 10(a).
- (g) “Cause” means, except as otherwise determined by the Committee pursuant to an Award agreement, the willful and continued failure on the part of a participant substantially to perform his employment duties in any material respect, or such other events as shall be determined by the Committee; provided, that “Cause” includes, without limitation: (i) the plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or conviction for, the commission of a felony offense by a participant; (ii) a material breach by a participant of a fiduciary duty owed to the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries; (iii) a material breach by a participant of any nondisclosure, non-solicitation or non-competition obligation owed to the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries; and (iv) the willful or gross neglect by a participant of his employment duties. The Committee shall have the sole discretion to determine whether “Cause” exists, and its determination shall be final.
- (h) “Change in Control” and “Change in Control Price” have the meanings set forth in Sections 11(b) and (c), respectively.

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- (i) “Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, and any successor thereto.
- (j) “Commission” means the Securities and Exchange Commission or any successor agency.
- (k) “Committee” means the Committee referred to in Section 2.
- (l) “Common Stock” means common stock, par value \$.001 per share, of the Corporation.
- (m) “Corporation” means IAC/InterActiveCorp (formerly USA Interactive), a Delaware corporation.
- (n) “Covered Employee” means, with respect to an Award, a participant designated prior to the grant of shares of Restricted Stock, Performance Units, Bonus Awards or Stock Options (if subject to Performance Goals) by the Committee who will be or may be a “covered employee” within the meaning of Section 162(m)(3) of the Code in the year in which the Corporation is expected to be entitled to a federal income tax deduction with respect to the Award.
- (o) “Disability” means, except as otherwise determined by the Committee in an Award Agreement, permanent and total disability as determined under procedures established by the Committee for purposes of the Plan. Notwithstanding the forgoing, with respect to an Incentive Stock Option, “Disability” shall mean Permanent and Total Disability as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code, and with respect to each Award that constitutes a “nonqualified deferred compensation plan” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, the foregoing definition shall apply for purposes of vesting of such Award, provided that such Award shall not be settled until the earliest of: (i) the Participant’s “disability” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, (ii) the Participant’s “separation from service” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and (iii) the date such Award would otherwise be settled pursuant to the terms of the Award Agreement.
- (p) “Early Retirement” means retirement from active employment with the Corporation, a subsidiary or Affiliate pursuant to the early retirement provisions of the applicable pension plan of such employer.
- (q) “EBITA” means for any period, operating profit (loss) plus (i) amortization, including goodwill impairment, (ii) amortization of non-cash distribution and marketing expense and non-cash compensation expense, (iii) disengagement expenses, (iv) restructuring charges, (v) non cash write-downs of assets or goodwill, (vi) charges relating to disposal of lines of business, (vii) litigation settlement amounts and (viii) costs incurred for proposed and completed acquisitions.

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(r) “EBITDA” means for any period, operating profit (loss) plus (i) depreciation and amortization, including goodwill impairment, (ii) amortization of cable distribution fees, (iii) amortization of non-cash distribution and marketing expense and non-cash compensation expense, (iv) disengagement expenses, (v) restructuring charges, (vi) non cash write-downs of assets or goodwill, (vii) charges relating to disposal of lines of business, (viii) litigation settlement amounts and (ix) costs incurred for proposed and completed acquisitions.

(s) “Effective Date” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 15.

(t) “Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended from time to time, and any successor thereto.

(u) “Fair Market Value” means, as of any given date, the last reported sales price of the Common Stock in the over-the-counter market, as reported by NASDAQ (or, if the Common Stock is listed on a national securities exchange, as reported in the principal consolidated transaction reporting system with respect to securities listed on the principal national security exchange on which the Common Stock is listed or admitted to trading) on the last preceding date or, if there are no reported sales on that date, on the last day prior to that date on which there are such reported sales.

(v) “Incentive Stock Option” means any Stock Option designated as, and qualified as, an “incentive stock option” within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code.

(w) “Nonqualified Stock Option” means any Stock Option that is not an Incentive Stock Option.

(x) “Normal Retirement” means retirement from active employment with the Corporation, a subsidiary or Affiliate at or after age 65.

(y) “Option Price” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5(a).

(z) “Performance Goals” means the performance goals established by the Committee in connection with the grant of Restricted Stock, Performance Units or Bonus Awards. In the case of Qualified-Performance Based Awards, (i) such goals shall be based on the attainment of one or any combination of the following: specified levels of earnings per share from continuing operations, EBITDA, EBITA, operating income, revenues, return on operating assets, return on equity, profits, total shareholder return (measured in terms of stock price appreciation and/or dividend growth), and/or stock price, with respect to the Corporation or such subsidiary, division or department of the Corporation for or within which the participant performs services and that are intended to qualify under Section 162(m)(4)(c) of the Code and (ii) such Performance Goals shall be set by the Committee within the time period prescribed by Section 162(m) of the Code and related regulations. Such Performance Goals also may be based upon the attaining of

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specified levels of Corporation performance under one or more of the measures described above relative to the performance of other corporations.

(aa) “Performance Units” means an award made pursuant to Section 8.

(bb) “Plan” means the Amended and Restated IAC/InterActiveCorp 2000 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan, as set forth herein and as hereinafter amended from time to time.

(cc) “Plan Year” means the calendar year or, with respect to Bonus Awards, the Corporation’s fiscal year if different.

(dd) “Qualified Performance-Based Award” means an Award designated as such by the Committee at the time of grant, based upon a determination that (i) the recipient is or may be a “covered employee” within the meaning of Section 162(m)(3) of the Code in the year in which the Corporation would expect to be able to claim a tax deduction with respect to such Awards and (ii) the Committee wishes such Award to qualify for the Section 162(m) Exemption.

(ee) “Restricted Stock” means an award granted under Section 7.

(ff) “Retirement” means Normal or Early Retirement.

(gg) “Section 162(m) Exemption” means the exemption from the limitation on deductibility imposed by Section 162(m) of the Code that is set forth in Section 162(m)(4)(C) of the Code.

(hh) “Specified Employee” shall mean any individual who is a “key employee” (as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code without regard to paragraph (5) thereof) with respect to the Corporation and its Affiliates, as determined by the Corporation (or the Affiliate, in the event that the Affiliate and the Corporation are not considered a single employer under Sections 414(b) or 414(c) of the Code) in accordance with its uniform policy with respect to all arrangements subject to Section 409A of the Code, based upon the twelve (12) month period ending on each December 31st. All individuals who are determined to be key employees under Section 416(i)(1)(A)(i), (ii) or (iii) of the Code (without regard to paragraph (5) thereof) on December 31st shall be treated as Specified Employees for purposes of the Plan during the twelve (12) month period that begins on the following April 1st.

(ii) “Stock Appreciation Right” means a right granted under Section 6.

(jj) “Stock Option” means an option granted under Section 5.

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(kk) “Termination of Employment” means the termination of the participant’s employment with, or performance of services for, the Corporation and any of its subsidiaries or Affiliates. A participant employed by, or performing services for, a subsidiary or an Affiliate shall also be deemed to incur a

Termination of Employment if the subsidiary or Affiliate ceases to be such a subsidiary or an Affiliate, as the case may be, and the participant does not immediately thereafter become an employee of, or service-provider for, the Corporation or another subsidiary or Affiliate. Temporary absences from employment because of illness, vacation or leave of absence and transfers among the Corporation and its subsidiaries and Affiliates shall not be considered Terminations of Employment. For avoidance of doubt, a participant who is eligible to participate in the Plan and, without a break-in-service, becomes eligible to participate based upon providing another form of services to the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries or Affiliates (e.g., an employee becomes a director) shall not be treated as having a Termination of Employment under the Plan, except for any such participant who becomes eligible to participate based upon providing consulting services to the Corporation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to any Award that constitutes a “nonqualified deferred compensation plan” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, “Termination of Employment” shall mean a “separation from service” as defined under Section 409A of the Code.

In addition, certain other terms used herein have definitions given to them in the first place in which they are used.

SECTION 2. Administration.

The Plan shall be administered by the Compensation and Human Resources Committee or such other committee of directors as the Board may from time to time designate (the “Committee”), which shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Board.

The Committee shall have plenary authority to grant Awards pursuant to the terms of the Plan to officers and employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries and Affiliates.

Among other things, the Committee shall have the authority, subject to the terms of the Plan:

- (a) To select the officers and employees, to whom Awards may from time to time be granted;
- (b) Determine whether and to what extent Incentive Stock Options, Nonqualified Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock, Performance Units and Bonus Awards or any combination thereof are to be granted hereunder;

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- (c) Determine the number of shares of Common Stock to be covered by each Award granted hereunder;

(d) Determine the terms and conditions of any Award granted hereunder (including, but not limited to, the option price (subject to Section 5(a)), any vesting condition, restriction or limitation (which may be related to the performance of the participant, the Corporation or any subsidiary or Affiliate) and any vesting acceleration or forfeiture waiver regarding any Award and the shares of Common Stock relating thereto, based on such factors as the Committee shall determine;

(e) Modify, amend or adjust the terms and conditions of any Award, at any time or from time to time, including but not limited to Performance Goals; provided, however, that the Committee may not adjust upwards the amount payable to a designated Covered Employee with respect to a particular award upon the satisfaction of applicable Performance Goals;

(f) Determine to what extent and under what circumstances Common Stock and other amounts payable with respect to an Award shall be deferred; and

- (g) Determine under what circumstances an Award may be settled in cash or Common Stock under Sections 5(j), 8(b)(i), 10(b), and 11(a)(iii).

The Committee shall have the authority to adopt, alter and repeal such administrative rules, guidelines and practices governing the Plan as it shall from time to time deem advisable, to interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan and any Award issued under the Plan (and any agreement relating thereto) and to otherwise supervise the administration of the Plan.

The Committee may act only by a majority of its members then in office, except that the members thereof may, except to the extent prohibited by applicable law or the applicable rules of NASDAQ or a stock exchange, delegate to any one or more of its members or to an officer of the Corporation all or any part of its responsibilities or powers (provided that no such delegation may be made that would cause Awards or other transactions under the Plan to cease to be exempt from Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act or cause an Award designated as a Qualified Performance Based Award not to qualify for, or to cease to qualify for, the Section 162(m) Exemption). Any action permitted to be taken by the Committee under the Plan may be taken by the full Board in its discretion, and in such case the Board shall be treated as the Committee hereunder. Any such delegation may be revoked by the Committee at any time.

Any determination made by the Committee or pursuant to delegated authority pursuant to the provisions of the Plan with respect to any Award shall be made in the sole discretion of the Committee or such delegate at the time of the grant of the Award or, unless in contravention of any express term of the Plan, at any time thereafter. All decisions made by the Committee, the Board or any appropriately delegated officer

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pursuant to the provisions of the Plan shall be final and binding on all persons, including the Corporation and Plan participants.

SECTION 3. Common Stock Subject To Plan.

(a) The total number of shares of Common Stock reserved and available for grant under the Plan shall be 20,000,000. No participant may be granted Awards pursuant to the Plan covering in excess of 16,000,000 shares of Common Stock over the life of the Plan. Shares subject to an Award under the Plan may be authorized and unissued shares or may be treasury shares.

(b) If any Award is forfeited, or if any Stock Option (and related Stock Appreciation Right, if any) terminates, expires or lapses without being exercised, or if any Stock Appreciation Right is exercised for cash, shares of Common Stock subject to such Awards shall again be available for distribution

in connection with Awards under the Plan. If the Option Price of any Stock Option granted under the Plan is satisfied by delivering shares of Common Stock to the Corporation (by either actual delivery or by attestation), only the number of shares of Common Stock issued net of the shares of Common Stock delivered or attested to shall be deemed delivered for purposes of determining the maximum numbers of shares of Common Stock available for delivery pursuant to Awards other than Incentive Stock Options under the Plan. To the extent any shares of Common Stock subject to an Award are not delivered to a participant because such shares are used to satisfy an applicable tax-withholding obligation, such shares shall not be deemed to have been delivered for purposes of determining the maximum number of shares of Common Stock available for delivery under the Plan. The maximum number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued, pursuant to Stock Options intended to be Incentive Stock Options shall be 16,000,000 shares.

(c) In the event of a merger, consolidation, acquisition of property or shares, stock rights offering, liquidation, Disaffiliation, or similar event affecting the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (each, a "Corporate Transaction"), the Committee or the Board may in its discretion make such substitutions or adjustments as it deems appropriate and equitable to (i) the aggregate number and kind of Shares or other securities reserved for issuance and delivery under the Plan, (ii) the various maximum limitations set forth in Sections 3(a) and 3(b) upon certain types of Awards and upon the grants to individuals of certain types of Awards, (iii) the number and kind of Shares or other securities subject to outstanding Awards; and (iv) the exercise price of outstanding Options and Stock Appreciation Rights. In the event of a stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, separation, spinoff, reorganization, extraordinary dividend of cash or other property, share combination, or recapitalization or similar event affecting the capital structure of the Company (each, a "Share Change"), the Committee or the Board shall make such substitutions or adjustments as it deems appropriate and equitable to (i) the aggregate number and kind of Shares or other securities reserved for issuance and delivery under the Plan (*provided*, that, there will be no adjustment under this clause (i) with respect to

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the reverse stock split that is subject to approval by the stockholders of the Company on the date the Plan is subject to approval by the stockholders of the Company), (ii) the various maximum limitations set forth in Sections 3(a) and 3(b) upon certain types of Awards and upon the grants to individuals of certain types of Awards, (iii) the number and kind of Shares or other securities subject to outstanding Awards; and (iv) the exercise price of outstanding Options and Stock Appreciation Rights. In the case of Corporate Transactions, such adjustments may include, without limitation, (1) the cancellation of outstanding Awards in exchange for payments of cash, property or a combination thereof having an aggregate value equal to the value of such Awards, as determined by the Committee or the Board in its sole discretion (it being understood that in the case of a Corporate Transaction with respect to which stockholders of Common Stock receive consideration other than publicly traded equity securities of the ultimate surviving entity, any such determination by the Committee that the value of an Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall for this purpose be deemed to equal the excess, if any, of the value of the consideration being paid for each Share pursuant to such Corporate Transaction over the exercise price of such Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall conclusively be deemed valid); (2) the substitution of other property (including, without limitation, cash or other securities of the Company and securities of entities other than the Company) for the Shares subject to outstanding Awards; and (3) in connection with any Disaffiliation, arranging for the assumption of Awards, or replacement of Awards with new awards based on other property or other securities (including, without limitation, other securities of the Company and securities of entities other than the Company), by the affected Subsidiary, Affiliate, or division or by the entity that controls such Subsidiary, Affiliate, or division following such Disaffiliation (as well as any corresponding adjustments to Awards that remain based upon Company securities). The Committee may adjust in its sole discretion the Performance Goals applicable to any Awards to reflect any Share Change and any Corporate Transaction and any unusual or non-recurring events and other extraordinary items, impact of charges for restructurings, discontinued operations, and the cumulative effects of accounting or tax changes, each as defined by generally accepted accounting principles or as identified in the Company's financial statements, notes to the financial statements, management's discussion and analysis or the Company's other SEC filings, *provided* that in the case of Performance Goals applicable to any Qualified Performance-Based Awards, such adjustment does not violate Section 162(m) of the Code. Any adjustment under this Section 3(d) need not be the same for all Participants.

(d) Notwithstanding the foregoing: (i) any adjustments made pursuant to Section 3(c) to Awards that are considered "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code shall be made in compliance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code; (ii) any adjustments made pursuant to Section 3(c) to Awards that are not considered "deferred compensation" subject to Section 409A of the Code shall be made in such a manner as to ensure that after such adjustment, the Awards either (A) continue not to be subject to Section 409A of the Code or (B) comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code; and (iii) in any event, neither the Committee

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nor the Board shall have the authority to make any adjustments pursuant to Section 3(c) to the extent the existence of such authority would cause an Award that is not intended to be subject to Section 409A of the Code at the grant date to be subject thereto.

SECTION 4. Eligibility.

Persons who serve or agree to serve as officers, employees, directors or consultants of the Corporation (including prospective officers, employees or consultants), its subsidiaries and Affiliates who are responsible for or contribute to the management, growth and profitability of the business of the Corporation, its subsidiaries and Affiliates are eligible to be granted Awards under the Plan.

SECTION 5. Stock Options.

Stock Options may be granted alone or in addition to other Awards granted under the Plan and may be of two types: Incentive Stock Options and Nonqualified Stock Options. Any Stock Option granted under the Plan shall be in such form as the Committee may from time to time approve.

The Committee shall have the authority to grant any participant Incentive Stock Options, Nonqualified Stock Options or both types of Stock Options (in each case with or without Stock Appreciation Rights); provided, however, that grants hereunder are subject to the aggregate limit on grants to individual participants set forth in Section 3. Incentive Stock Options may be granted only to employees of the Corporation and its "subsidiaries" and "parent", if any (within the meaning of Section 424(f) of the Code). To the extent that any Stock Option is not designated as an Incentive Stock Option or even if so designated does not qualify as an Incentive Stock Option, it shall constitute a Nonqualified Stock Option.

Stock Options shall be evidenced by option agreements, the terms and provisions of which may differ. An option agreement shall indicate on its face whether it is intended to be an agreement for an Incentive Stock Option or a Nonqualified Stock Option. The grant of a Stock Option shall occur on the date

the Committee by resolution selects an individual to be a participant in any grant of a Stock Option, determines the number of shares of Common Stock to be subject to such Stock Option to be granted to such individual and specifies the terms and provisions of the Stock Option. The Corporation shall notify a participant of any grant of a Stock Option, and a written option agreement or agreements shall be duly executed and delivered by the Corporation to the participant. Such grant shall become effective upon the date of grant (subject to conditions set forth therein), and the execution of the option agreement(s) may occur following the grant of the Stock Option.

Stock Options granted under the Plan shall be subject to the following terms and conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions as the Committee shall deem desirable:

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(a) Option Price. The option price per share of Common Stock purchasable under a Stock Option shall be determined by the Committee and set forth in the option agreement (the "Option Price"), and shall not be less than the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock subject to the Stock Option on the date of grant.

(b) Option Term. The term of each Stock Option shall be fixed by the Committee, but no Incentive Stock Option shall be exercisable more than 10 years after the date the Incentive Stock Option is granted.

(c) Exercisability. Except as otherwise provided herein, Stock Options shall be exercisable at such time or times and subject to such terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Committee. If the Committee provides that any Stock Option is exercisable only in installments, the Committee may at any time waive such installment exercise provisions, in whole or in part, based on such factors as the Committee may determine. In addition, the Committee may at any time accelerate the exercisability of any Stock Option.

(d) Method of Exercise. Subject to the provisions of this Section 5, Stock Options may be exercised, in whole or in part, at any time during the option term by giving written notice of exercise to the Corporation specifying the number of shares of Common Stock subject to the Stock Option to be purchased.

Such notice shall be accompanied by payment in full of the purchase price by certified or bank check or such other instrument as the Corporation may accept. If approved by the Committee, payment, in full or in part, may also be made in the form of unrestricted Common Stock already owned by the optionee of the same class as the Common Stock subject to the Stock Option (based on the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the date the Stock Option is exercised); provided, however, that, in the case of an Incentive Stock Option the right to make a payment in the form of already owned shares of Common Stock of the same class as the Common Stock subject to the Stock Option may be authorized only at the time the Stock Option is granted.

In the discretion of the Committee and to the extent permitted by applicable law, payment for any shares subject to a Stock Option may also be made by delivering a properly executed exercise notice to the Corporation, together with a copy of irrevocable instructions to a broker to deliver promptly to the Corporation the amount of sale or loan proceeds from shares of Common Stock owned by the optionee necessary to pay the Option Price, and, if requested, to pay the amount of any federal, state, local or foreign withholding taxes. To facilitate the foregoing, the Corporation may enter into agreements for coordinated procedures with one or more brokerage firms.

In addition, in the discretion of the Committee, payment for any shares subject to a Stock Option may also be made by instructing the Committee to withhold a number of such shares having a Fair Market Value on the date of exercise equal to the aggregate Option Price of such Stock Option.

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No shares of Common Stock shall be issued until full payment therefor has been made. An optionee shall have all of the rights of a shareholder of the Corporation holding the class or series of Common Stock that is subject to such Stock Option (including, if applicable, the right to vote the shares and the right to receive dividends), when the optionee has given written notice of exercise, has paid in full for such shares and, if requested, has given the representation described in Section 14(a).

(e) Nontransferability of Stock Options. No Stock Option shall be transferable by the optionee other than (i) by will or by the laws of descent and distribution; or (ii) in the case of a Nonqualified Stock Option, pursuant to (a) a qualified domestic relations order (as defined in the Code, or the regulations thereunder), (b) a gift to a "family member" of such optionee or other specified individuals or entities, whether directly or indirectly or by means of a trust, partnership, limited liability corporation or otherwise, if expressly permitted under the applicable option agreement or (c) a gift to a charitable organization, if expressly permitted under the applicable option agreement. All Stock Options shall be exercisable, subject to the terms of this Plan, during the optionee's lifetime, only by the optionee or any person to whom the Stock Option is transferred by will or the laws of descent and distribution or, in the case of a Nonqualified Stock Option, pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order or a gift permitted under the applicable option agreement. For purposes of this Section 5(e), "family member" shall have the meaning given to such term in General Instructions A.1(a)(5) to form S-8 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or any successor thereto, except as otherwise defined by the Committee. Such transferees may transfer a Stock Option only by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Notwithstanding any transfer under this Section 5(e), Termination of Employment under the Plan shall refer to Termination of Employment of the original participant.

(f) Termination by Death. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee (in the option agreement or otherwise), if an optionee's Termination of Employment is by reason of death, any Stock Option held by such optionee may thereafter be exercised, to the extent then exercisable, or on such accelerated basis as the Committee may determine, for a period of one year (or such other period as the Committee may specify in the option agreement) from the date of such death or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is the shorter.

(g) Termination by Reason of Disability. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee (in the option agreement or otherwise), if an optionee's Termination of Employment is by reason of Disability, any Stock Option held by such optionee may thereafter be exercised by the optionee, to the extent it was exercisable at the time of termination, or on such accelerated basis as the Committee may determine, for a period of 3 years from the date of such Termination of Employment or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is the shorter; provided, however, that if the optionee dies within such period, any unexercised Stock Option held by such optionee shall, notwithstanding the expiration of such period, continue to be exercisable

to the extent to which it was exercisable at the time of death for a period of 12 months from the date of such death or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is the shorter. In the event of Termination of Employment by reason of Disability, if an Incentive Stock Option is exercised after the expiration of the exercise periods that apply for purposes of Section 422 of the Code, such Stock Option will thereafter be treated as a Nonqualified Stock Option.

(h) Termination by Reason of Retirement. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee (in the option agreement or otherwise), if an optionee's Termination of Employment is by reason of Retirement, any Stock Option held by such optionee may thereafter be exercised by the optionee, to the extent it was exercisable at the time of such Retirement, or on such accelerated basis as the Committee may determine, for a period of 5 years from the date of such termination of employment or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is the shorter; provided, however, that if the optionee dies within such period any unexercised Stock Option held by such optionee shall, notwithstanding the expiration of such period, continue to be exercisable to the extent to which it was exercisable at the time of death for a period of 12 months from the date of such death or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is the shorter. In the event of Termination of Employment by reason of Retirement, if an Incentive Stock Option is exercised after the expiration of the exercise periods that apply for purposes of Section 422 of the Code, such Stock Option will thereafter be treated as a Nonqualified Stock Option.

(i) Other Termination. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee (in the option agreement or otherwise): (A) if an optionee incurs a Termination of Employment for Cause, all Stock Options held by such optionee shall thereupon terminate; and (B) if an optionee incurs a Termination of Employment for any reason other than death, Disability, Retirement or Cause, any Stock Option held by such optionee, to the extent then exercisable, or on such accelerated basis as the Committee may determine, may be exercised for the lesser of 3 months from the date of such Termination of Employment or the balance of such Stock Option's term; provided, however, that if the optionee dies within such three-month period, any unexercised Stock Option held by such optionee shall, notwithstanding the expiration of such 3-month period, continue to be exercisable to the extent to which it was exercisable at the time of death for a period of 12 months from the date of such death or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is the shorter. Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless otherwise determined by the Committee (in the option agreement or otherwise), if an optionee incurs a Termination of Employment at or after a Change in Control (as defined in Section 11(b)), other than by reason of death, Disability or Retirement, any Stock Option held by such optionee shall be exercisable for the lesser of (1) 6 months and one day from the date following such Termination of Employment, and (2) the balance of such Stock Option's term. In the event of Termination of Employment, if an Incentive Stock Option is exercised after the expiration of the exercise periods that

apply for purposes of Section 422 of the Code, such Stock Option will thereafter be treated as a Nonqualified Stock Option.

(j) Cashing Out of Stock Option. On receipt of written notice of exercise, the Committee may elect to cash out all or part of the portion of the shares of Common Stock for which a Stock Option is being exercised by paying the optionee an amount, in cash or Common Stock, equal to the excess of the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock over the Option Price times the number of shares of Common Stock for which the Option is being exercised on the effective date of such cash-out.

(k) Change in Control Cash-Out. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, during the 60-day period from and after a Change in Control (the "Exercise Period"), unless the Committee shall determine otherwise at the time of grant, an optionee shall have the right, whether or not the Stock Option is fully exercisable and in lieu of the payment of the Option Price for the shares of Common Stock being purchased under the Stock Option and by giving notice to the Corporation, to elect (within the Exercise Period) to surrender all or part of the Stock Option to the Corporation and to receive cash, within 10 days of such notice, in an amount equal to the amount by which the Change in Control Price per share of Common Stock on the date of such election shall exceed the Option Price per share of Common Stock under the Stock Option (the "Spread") multiplied by the number of shares of Common Stock granted under the Stock Option as to which the right granted under this Section 5(k) shall have been exercised. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the exercise of any right granted pursuant to this Section 5(k) would make a Change in Control transaction ineligible for pooling of interests accounting under APB No. 16 that but for this Section 5(k) would otherwise be eligible for such accounting treatment, the Committee shall have the ability to substitute the cash payable pursuant to this Section 5(k) with Common Stock (or shares of common stock of the entity surviving the Change in Control transaction, or its parent corporation, if applicable) with a Fair Market Value equal to the cash that would otherwise be payable hereunder.

SECTION 6. Stock Appreciation Rights.

(a) Grant and Exercise. Stock Appreciation Rights may be granted in conjunction with all or part of any Stock Option granted under the Plan. In the case of a Nonqualified Stock Option, such rights may be granted either at or after the time of grant of such Stock Option. In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, such rights may be granted only at the time of grant of such Stock Option. A Stock Appreciation Right shall terminate and no longer be exercisable upon the termination or exercise of the related Stock Option.

A Stock Appreciation Right may be exercised by an optionee in accordance with Section 6(b) by surrendering the applicable portion of the related Stock Option in accordance with procedures established by the Committee. Upon such exercise and surrender, the optionee shall be entitled to receive an amount determined in the manner

prescribed in Section 6(b). Stock Options which have been so surrendered shall no longer be exercisable to the extent the related Stock Appreciation Rights have been exercised.

(b) Terms and Conditions. Stock Appreciation Rights shall be subject to such terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Committee, including the following:

(i) Stock Appreciation Rights shall be exercisable only at such time or times and to the extent that the Stock Options to which they relate are exercisable in accordance with the provisions of Section 5 and this Section 6.

(ii) Upon the exercise of a Stock Appreciation Right, an optionee shall be entitled to receive an amount in cash, shares of Common Stock or both, in value equal to the excess of the Fair Market Value of one share of Common Stock over the Option Price per share specified in the related Stock Option multiplied by the number of shares in respect of which the Stock Appreciation Right shall have been exercised, with the Committee having the right to determine the form of payment.

(iii) Stock Appreciation Rights shall be transferable only to permitted transferees of the underlying Stock Option in accordance with Section 5(e).

(iv) Upon the exercise of a Stock Appreciation Right, the Stock Option or part thereof to which such Stock Appreciation Right is related shall be deemed to have been exercised for the purpose of the limitation set forth in Section 3 on the number of shares of Common Stock to be issued under the Plan, but only to the extent of the number of shares in respect of which the Stock Appreciation Right has been exercised.

SECTION 7. Restricted Stock.

(a) Administration. Shares of Restricted Stock may be awarded either alone or in addition to other Awards granted under the Plan. The Committee shall determine the officers and employees to whom and the time or times at which grants of Restricted Stock will be awarded, the number of shares to be awarded to any participant (subject to the aggregate limit on grants to individual participants set forth in Section 3), the conditions for vesting, the time or times within which such Awards may be subject to forfeiture and any other terms and conditions of the Awards, in addition to those contained in Section 7(c).

The Committee may, prior to or at the time of grant, condition the vesting of or grant of Restricted Stock upon the continued service of the participant, the attainment of Performance Goals, or both, and may designate an Award of Restricted Stock as a Qualified Performance-Based Award. The provisions of Restricted Stock Awards (including the applicable Performance Goals) need not be the same with respect to each recipient.

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(b) Awards and Certificates. Shares of Restricted Stock shall be evidenced in such manner as the Committee may deem appropriate, including book-entry registration or issuance of one or more stock certificates. Any certificate issued in respect of shares of Restricted Stock shall be registered in the name of such participant and shall bear an appropriate legend referring to the terms, conditions, and restrictions applicable to such Award, substantially in the following form:

“The transferability of this certificate and the shares of stock represented hereby are subject to the terms and conditions (including forfeiture) of the Amended and Restated IAC/InterActiveCorp 2000 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan and a Restricted Stock Agreement. Copies of such Plan and Agreement are on file at the offices of IAC/InterActiveCorp.”

The Committee may require that the certificates evidencing such shares be held in custody by the Corporation until the restrictions thereon shall have lapsed and that, as a condition of any Award of Restricted Stock, the participant shall have delivered a stock power, endorsed in blank, relating to the Common Stock covered by such Award.

(c) Terms and Conditions. Shares of Restricted Stock shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(i) Subject to the provisions of the Plan and the Restricted Stock Agreement referred to in Section 7(c)(vi), during the period, if any, set by the Committee, commencing with the date of such Award for which such participant’s continued service is required (the “Restriction Period”), and until the later of (i) the expiration of the Restriction Period and (ii) the date the applicable Performance Goals (if any) are satisfied, the participant shall not be permitted to sell, assign, transfer, pledge or otherwise encumber shares of Restricted Stock; provided, that, to the extent permitted by applicable law, the foregoing shall not prevent a participant from pledging Restricted Stock as security for a loan, the sole purpose of which is to provide funds to pay the Option Price for Stock Options. Within these limits, the Committee may provide for the lapse of restrictions based upon period of service in installments or otherwise and may accelerate or waive, in whole or in part, restrictions based upon period of service or upon performance; provided, however, that in the case of Restricted Stock subject to Performance Goals granted to a participant who is a Covered Employee, the applicable Performance Goals have been satisfied.

(ii) Except as provided in this paragraph (ii) and Section 7(c)(i) and the Restricted Stock Agreement, the participant shall have, with respect to the shares of Restricted Stock, all of the rights of a stockholder of the Corporation holding the class or series of Common Stock that is the subject of the Restricted Stock, including, if applicable, the right to vote the shares and the right to receive any cash dividends. If so determined by the Committee in the applicable Restricted Stock Agreement and subject to Section 14(e) of the Plan, (1) cash dividends on the class or series of Common Stock that is the subject of the Restricted Stock Award shall be automatically reinvested in

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additional Restricted Stock, held subject to the vesting of the underlying Restricted Stock, or held subject to meeting Performance Goals applicable only to dividends, (2) dividends payable in Common Stock shall be paid in the form of Restricted Stock of the same class as the Common Stock with which such dividend was paid, held subject to the vesting of the underlying Restricted Stock, or held subject to meeting Performance Goals applicable only to dividends and (3) dividends payable in shares of a subsidiary of the Corporation upon a spin-off transaction shall be held as restricted shares subject to the vesting provisions of the underlying Restricted Stock.

(iii) Except to the extent otherwise provided in the applicable Restricted Stock Agreement and Sections 7(c)(i), 7(c)(iv) and 11(a)(ii), upon a participant’s Termination of Employment for any reason during the Restriction Period or before the applicable Performance Goals are satisfied, all shares still subject to restriction shall be forfeited by the participant.

(iv) In the event of a participant's Retirement or a participant's involuntary Termination of Employment (other than for Cause), the Committee shall have the discretion to waive, in whole or in part, any or all remaining restrictions (other than, in the case of Restricted Stock with respect to which a participant is a Covered Employee, satisfaction of the applicable Performance Goals, unless the participant's employment is terminated by reason of death or Disability) with respect to any or all of such participant's shares of Restricted Stock.

(v) If and when the Restriction Period expires without a prior forfeiture of the Restricted Stock, unlegended certificates for such shares shall be delivered to the participant upon surrender of the legended certificates.

(vi) Each Award shall be confirmed by, and be subject to, the terms of a Restricted Stock Agreement.

SECTION 8. Performance Units.

(a) Performance Units may be awarded either alone or in addition to other Awards granted under the Plan. The Committee shall determine the officers and employees to whom and the time or times at which Performance Units shall be awarded, the number of Performance Units to be awarded to any participant (subject to the aggregate limit on grants to individual participants set forth in Section 3), the duration of the Award Cycle and any other terms and conditions of the Award, in addition to those contained in Section 8(b).

The Committee may condition the settlement of or grant of Performance Units upon the continued service of the participant, the attainment of Performance Goals, or both, and may designate an Award of Performance Units as a Qualified Performance-Based Award. The provisions of such Awards (including the applicable Performance Goals) need not be the same with respect to each recipient.

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(b) Terms and Conditions. Performance Units Awards shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(i) Subject to the provisions of the Plan and the Performance Units Agreement referred to in Section 8(b)(vi), Performance Units may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered during the Award Cycle. At the expiration of the Award Cycle, the Committee shall evaluate the Corporation's performance in light of the Performance Goals for such Award to the extent applicable, and shall determine the number of Performance Units granted to the participant which have been earned, and the Committee may then elect to deliver (1) a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the number of Performance Units determined by the Committee to have been earned, or (2) cash equal to the Fair Market Value of such number of shares of Common Stock to the participant. Except as otherwise provided in Section 8(b)(iii) or in the Award, a Performance Unit shall be settled if and when the Performance Units vest (but no in event later than two and a half months after the end of the fiscal year in which the Performance Units vest).

(ii) Except to the extent otherwise provided in the applicable Performance Unit Agreement and Sections 8(b)(iii) and 11(a)(iii), upon a participant's Termination of Employment for any reason during the Award Cycle or before any applicable Performance Goals are satisfied, the rights to the shares still covered by the Performance Units Award shall be forfeited by the participant.

(iii) Except to the extent otherwise provided in Section 11(a)(iii), upon a participant's Termination of Employment (other than for Cause), or in the event of a participant's Retirement, the Committee shall have the discretion to waive, in whole or in part, any or all remaining payment limitations (other than, in the case of Performance Units with respect to which a participant is a Covered Employee, satisfaction of any applicable Performance Goals, unless the participant's Termination of Employment is by reason of death or Disability) with respect to any or all of such participant's Performance Units; provided, however, if any of such participant's Performance Units constitute a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, settlement of such Performance Units shall not occur until the earliest of (1) date such Performance Units would otherwise be settled pursuant to the terms of the Performance Unit Agreement and (2) the Participant's "separation of service" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code.

(iv) Each Award shall be confirmed by, and be subject to, the terms of a Performance Unit Agreement.

(v) The Committee may determine in the applicable Performance Unit Agreement (or otherwise), whether and, the manner in which, dividend equivalents shall be payable on the shares of Common Stock with respect to which Performance Units have been awarded. In the event that the Committee determines to provide for the payment of dividend equivalents, such dividend equivalents shall be subject to vesting

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and payment restrictions (including the form of payment in cash or Common Stock) as provided in the underlying Performance Unit.

SECTION 9. Tax Offset Bonuses.

At the time an Award, other than a Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right, is made hereunder or at any time thereafter, the Committee may grant to the participant receiving such Award the right to receive a cash payment in an amount specified by the Committee, to be paid at such time or times (if ever) as the Award results in compensation income to the participant, for the purpose of assisting the participant to pay the resulting taxes, all as determined by the Committee and on such other terms and conditions as the Committee shall determine; provided that any such cash payment shall be structured either (i) to comply with Section 409A of the Code or (b) to be exempt from Section 409A of the Code.

SECTION 10. Bonus Awards.

(a) Determination of Awards. The Committee shall determine the Bonus Awards for each Plan Year or shorter period, if applicable (the "Bonus Period"). Prior to the beginning of the Bonus Period (or such later date as may be prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service under Section 162(m) of the Code), the Committee shall establish Performance Goals for Bonus Awards for the Bonus Period; provided, that such Performance Goals may be established at a later date for participants who are not Covered Employees. Bonus amounts payable to any individual participant with respect to any calendar year will be limited to a maximum of \$10 million.

(b) Payment of Awards. Bonus Awards under the Plan shall be paid in cash or in shares of Common Stock (valued at Fair Market Value as of the date of payment) as determined by the Committee. It is intended that a Bonus Award will be paid no later than the fifteenth (15th) day of the third month following the later of: (i) the end of the participant's taxable year in which the requirements for such Bonus Award have been satisfied by the participant or (ii) the end of the Corporation's fiscal year in which the requirements for such Bonus Award have been satisfied by the participant. To the extent provided by the Committee, a Participant may elect to defer receipt of amounts payable under a Bonus Award for a specified period, or until a specified event, subject in each case to the Committee's approval and in accordance with the terms of plans and arrangements that comply with Section 409A that may be established from time to time. The Bonus Award for any Plan Year or such shorter performance period to any Participant may be reduced or eliminated by the Committee in its discretion.

(c) Termination of Employment. A participant shall not be entitled to receive payment of a Bonus Award, unless the annual Performance Goals for the Bonus Period are satisfied or as otherwise set forth in Section 11, if at any time prior to the end of the Bonus Period the participant has a Termination Employment for any reason other than death or Disability.

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SECTION 11. Change In Control Provisions.

(a) Impact of Event. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, subject to Section 16, upon a Change in Control:

(i) Any Stock Options and Stock Appreciation Rights outstanding as of the date of such Change in Control, and which are not then exercisable and vested, shall become immediately fully exercisable and vested.

(ii) The restrictions and deferral limitations applicable to any Restricted Stock shall immediately lapse, and such Restricted Stock shall become free of all restrictions and become fully vested and transferable.

(iii) All Performance Units shall be considered to be immediately earned and payable in full, and any restrictions shall lapse and such Performance Units shall be settled in cash or shares of Common Stock, as determined by the Committee, as promptly as is practicable; provided, however, that with respect to any Performance Unit that constitutes a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, the settlement of such Performance Units pursuant to this Section 10(a)(iii) shall not occur until the earliest of (1) the Change in Control if such Change in Control constitutes a "change in the ownership of the corporation," a "change in effective control of the corporation" or a "change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the corporation," within the meaning of Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code, (2) the date such Performance Units would otherwise be settled pursuant to the terms of the Award Agreement and (3) the Participant's "separation of service" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code.

(iv) To the extent determined by the Committee, Bonus Awards may be paid in whole or in part to participants notwithstanding the attainment of Performance Goals.

(b) Definition of Change in Control. For purposes of the Plan, unless otherwise provided in an option agreement or other agreement relating to an Award, a "Change in Control" shall mean the happening of any of the following events:

(i) The acquisition by any individual entity or group (within the meaning of Section 13(d)(3) or 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act), other than Barry Diller, Liberty Media Corporation, and their respective Affiliates (a "Person") of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act) of equity securities of the Corporation representing more than 50% of the voting power of the then outstanding equity securities of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (the "Outstanding Corporation Voting Securities"); provided, however, that for purposes of this subsection (i), the following acquisitions shall not constitute a Change of Control: (A) any acquisition by the Corporation, (B) any acquisition by any employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored or maintained by the Corporation or any corporation

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controlled by the Corporation, or (C) any acquisition by any corporation pursuant to a transaction which complies with clauses (A), (B) and (C) of subsection (iii); or

(ii) Individuals who, as of the Effective Date, constitute the Board (the "Incumbent Board") cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board; provided, however, that any individual becoming a director subsequent to the Effective Date, whose election, or nomination for election by the Corporation's shareholders, was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the directors then comprising the Incumbent Board shall be considered as though such individual were a member of the Incumbent Board, but excluding, for this purpose, any such individual whose initial assumption of office occurs as a result of an actual or threatened election contest with respect to the election or removal of directors or other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents by or on behalf of a Person other than the Board; or

(iii) Consummation of a reorganization, merger or consolidation or sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation or the purchase of assets or stock of another entity (a "Business Combination"), in each case, unless immediately following such Business Combination, (A) all or substantially all of the individuals and entities who were the beneficial owners of the Outstanding Corporation Voting Securities immediately prior to such Business Combination will beneficially own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the then outstanding combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (or equivalent governing body, if applicable) of the entity resulting from such Business Combination (including, without limitation, an entity which as a result of such transaction owns the Corporation or all or substantially all of the Corporation's assets either directly or through one or more subsidiaries) in substantially the same proportions as their ownership, immediately prior to such Business Combination of the Outstanding Corporation Voting Securities, (B) no Person (excluding Barry Diller, Liberty Media Corporation, and their respective Affiliates, any employee benefit plan (or related trust) of the Corporation or such entity resulting from such Business Combination) will beneficially own, directly or indirectly, more than a majority of the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities of such entity except to the extent that such ownership of the Corporation existed prior to the Business Combination and (C) at least a majority of the members of the board of directors (or equivalent governing body, if applicable) of the entity resulting from such Business Combination will have been members of the Incumbent Board at the time of the initial agreement, or action of the Board, providing for such Business Combination; or

(c) Change in Control Price. For purposes of the Plan, “Change in Control Price” means the higher of (i) the highest reported sales price, regular way, of a share of Common Stock in any transaction reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Tape or other national exchange on which such shares are listed or on NASDAQ during the 60-day period prior to and including the date of a Change in Control or (ii) if the Change in Control is the result of a tender or exchange offer or a Business Combination, the highest price per share of Common Stock paid in such tender or exchange offer or Business Combination; provided, however, that in the case of Incentive Stock Options and Stock Appreciation Rights relating to Incentive Stock Options, the Change in Control Price shall be in all cases the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the date the right set forth in Section 5(k) is exercised. To the extent that the consideration paid in any such transaction described above consists all or in part of securities or other noncash consideration, the value of such securities or other noncash consideration shall be determined in the sole discretion of the Board in compliance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code.

SECTION 12. Term, Amendment And Termination.

The Plan will terminate 10 years after the Effective Date of the Plan; provided, that the Awards outstanding as of such date shall not be affected or impaired by the termination of the Plan.

The Board may amend, alter, or discontinue the Plan, but no amendment, alteration or discontinuation shall be made which would impair the rights of an optionee under a Stock Option or a recipient of a Stock Appreciation Right, Restricted Stock Award, Performance Unit Award or Bonus Award theretofore granted without the optionee’s or recipient’s consent, except as required by applicable law (including without limitation Section 409A of the Code), NASDAQ or stock exchange rules, tax rules or accounting rules. In addition, no such amendment shall be made without the approval of the Corporation’s stockholders to the extent such approval is required by applicable law, NASDAQ or stock exchange rules or by agreement. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the Committee or Board may amend or alter the Plan (or set up a program under the Plan) in such manner as may be necessary so as to have the Plan conform to local rules and regulations in any jurisdiction outside the United States.

The Committee may amend the terms of any Stock Option or other Award theretofore granted, but no such amendment shall impair the rights of any holder of such Award without the holder’s consent, except as required by applicable law (including without limitation Section 409A of the Code), NASDAQ or stock exchange rules, tax rules or accounting rules. No amendment of the Plan or any Award shall cause a Qualified Performance-Based Award to cease to qualify for the Section 162(m) Exemption (taking into consideration the deferral of any vesting, settlement or payment of an Award until a participant is no longer a Covered Employee). Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan or an Award Agreement to the contrary, in the event that any term

of any agreements or other documents evidencing Awards under this Plan conflicts with any provision of the Plan that specifically pertains to Section 409A of the Code, the provision of the Plan shall govern.

Subject to the above provisions, the Board shall have authority to amend the Plan to take into account changes in law and tax and accounting rules as well as other developments, and to grant Awards which qualify for beneficial treatment under such rules without stockholder approval.

SECTION 13. Unfunded Status Of Plan.

It is presently intended that the Plan constitute an “unfunded” plan for incentive and deferred compensation. The Committee may authorize the creation of trusts or other arrangements to meet the obligations created under the Plan to deliver Common Stock or make payments; provided, however, that the existence of such trusts or other arrangements shall be consistent with the “unfunded” status of the Plan. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, with respect to any Award that constitutes a “nonqualified deferred compensation plan” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, no trust shall be funded with respect to any such Award if such funding would result in taxable income to the participant by reason of Section 409A(b) of the Code and in no event shall any such trust assets at any time be located or transferred outside of the United States, within the meaning of Section 409A(b) of the Code.

SECTION 14. General Provisions.

(a) The Committee may require each person purchasing or receiving shares pursuant to an Award to represent to and agree with the Corporation in writing that such person is acquiring the shares without a view to the distribution thereof. The certificates for such shares may include any legend which the Committee deems appropriate to reflect any restrictions on transfer.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or agreements made pursuant thereto, the Corporation shall not be required to issue or deliver any certificate or certificates for shares of Common Stock under the Plan prior to fulfillment of all of the following conditions:

(1) Listing or approval for listing upon notice of issuance, of such shares on NASDAQ or on the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., or such other securities exchange as may at the time be the principal market for the Common Stock;

(2) Any registration or other qualification of such shares of the Corporation under any state or federal law or regulation or the maintaining in effect of any such registration or other qualification which the Committee shall, in its absolute discretion upon the advice of counsel, deem necessary or advisable; and

(3) Obtaining any other consent, approval, or permit from any state or federal governmental agency which the Committee shall, in its absolute discretion after receiving the advice of counsel, determine to be necessary or advisable.

(b) Nothing contained in the Plan shall prevent the Corporation or any subsidiary or Affiliate from adopting other or additional compensation arrangements for its employees.

(c) Adoption of the Plan shall not confer upon any employee any right to continued employment, nor shall it interfere in any way with the right of the Corporation or any subsidiary or Affiliate to terminate the employment of any employee at any time.

(d) No later than the date as of which an amount first becomes includible in the gross income of the participant for federal income tax purposes with respect to any Award under the Plan, the participant shall pay to the Corporation, or make arrangements satisfactory to the Corporation regarding the payment of, any federal, state, local or foreign taxes of any kind required by law to be withheld with respect to such amount. Unless otherwise determined by the Corporation, withholding obligations may be settled with Common Stock, including Common Stock that is part of the Award that gives rise to the withholding requirement. The obligations of the Corporation under the Plan shall be conditional on such payment or arrangements, and the Corporation and its subsidiaries and Affiliates shall, to the extent permitted by law, have the right to deduct any such taxes from any payment otherwise due to the participant. The Committee may establish such procedures as it deems appropriate, including making irrevocable elections, for the settlement of withholding obligations with Common Stock.

(e) Reinvestment of dividends in additional Restricted Stock or Performance Units at the time of any dividend payment with respect to Restricted Stock or Performance Units, respectively, shall only be permissible if sufficient shares of Common Stock are available under Section 3 for such reinvestment (taking into account then outstanding Stock Options and other Awards).

(f) The Committee shall establish such procedures as it deems appropriate for a participant to designate a beneficiary to whom any amounts payable in the event of the participant's death are to be paid or by whom any rights of the participant, after the participant's death, may be exercised.

(g) In the case of a grant of an Award to any employee of a subsidiary or other Affiliate of the Corporation, the Corporation may, if the Committee so directs, issue or transfer the shares of Common Stock, if any, covered by the Award to the subsidiary or such other Affiliate, for such lawful consideration as the Committee may specify, upon the condition or understanding that the subsidiary will transfer the shares of Common Stock to the employee in accordance with the terms of the Award specified by the Committee pursuant to the provisions of the Plan.

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(h) The Plan and all Awards made and actions taken thereunder shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without reference to principles of conflict of laws.

(i) In the event an Award is granted to a participant who is employed or providing services outside the United States and who is not compensated from a payroll maintained in the United States, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify the provisions of the Plan as they pertain to such individual to comply with applicable foreign law or to recognize differences in local law, currency or tax policy. The Committee may also impose conditions on the exercise or vesting of Awards in order to minimize the Corporation's obligations with respect to tax equalization for participants on assignments outside their home country.

SECTION 15. Effective Date Of Plan

The Plan shall be effective as of March 11, 2003, the date it was approved by the Board (the "Effective Date"), subject to later approval by the Corporation's stockholders.

SECTION 16. Section 409A of the Code.

(a) It is the intention of the Corporation that no Award shall be "deferred compensation" subject to Section 409A of the Code, unless and to the extent that the Committee specifically determines otherwise as provided in this Section 14(k), and the Plan and the terms and conditions of all Awards shall be interpreted accordingly.

(b) The terms and conditions governing any Awards that the Committee determines will be subject to Section 409A of the Code, including any rules for elective or mandatory deferral of the delivery of cash or shares of Common Stock pursuant thereto and any rules regarding treatment of such Awards in the event of a Change in Control, shall be set forth in the applicable Award agreement, and shall comply in all respects with Section 409A of the Code.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, with respect to any Award that constitutes a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan," any payments (whether in cash, Shares or other property) to be made with respect to the Award in connection with and upon the participant's Termination of Employment shall be delayed if the participant is a Specified Employee until the earlier of (i) the first day of the seventh month following the participant's Termination of Employment and (ii) the participant's death.

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SECTION 17. Electronic Distribution and Acceptance of Award Agreements.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Plan with respect to requirements for written agreements or other documents evidencing Awards and the execution thereof by the Corporation, the Committee or, except to the extent prohibited under applicable law, its delegate(s) may establish that such agreements or other documents evidencing Awards under this Plan be in electronic form and may, but need not, require as a condition to any such agreement's or document's effectiveness that such agreement or document be executed by the participant, including by electronic indication of acceptance, and that such participant agree to such further terms and conditions as specified in such agreement or document.

2000 IAC/InterActiveCorp

Fee Deferral Plan for Non-Employee Directors

(Formerly, Called "USA Networks, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors")

Amended and Restated Effective December 17, 2008

1. **PURPOSE.** The purpose of the 2000 IAC/InterActiveCorp Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors (formerly, called the "USA Networks, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors") (the "Plan") is to provide non-employee directors of IAC/InterActiveCorp (or any successor thereto) (the "Company") with an opportunity to defer Director Fees (as defined in paragraph 4(b) below).

2. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The Plan became effective upon approval by both the Board of Directors and the stockholders of the Company.

3. **ELIGIBILITY.** Any member (a "Director") of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") who is not an employee of the Company or of any subsidiary or affiliate of the Company is eligible to participate in the Plan

4. **ELECTION TO DEFER COMPENSATION.**

a. **TIME OF ELIGIBILITY.** An election to defer compensation shall be made by a nominee for election as a Director who is not then serving as a Director prior to the time of election to the Board for the relevant elected term and prior to the right to receive any compensation with respect to such term provided that such election shall only apply to compensation earned for services performed after the date of such election. A Director who has not previously elected to defer receipt of compensation or who has subsequently discontinued such election may elect to defer compensation by giving notice prior to November 1 of each year, but any such election shall only be effective for compensation payable during the calendar year following such notice and thereafter. An election shall continue in effect until the end of the participant's service as a Director or until the end of the calendar year during which the Director gives the Company written notice of the discontinuance of the election, whichever shall occur first. Such a notice of discontinuance shall operate prospectively from the first day of the calendar year following the giving of notice referred to in the preceding sentence, and compensation payable during any subsequent calendar year shall not be deferred (absent any timely future deferral election), but compensation theretofore deferred shall continue to be withheld and shall be paid in accordance with the notice of election pursuant to which it was withheld.

b. **AMOUNT OF DEFERRAL.** A participant may elect to defer receipt of all or a specified portion of the annual retainer fee receivable by such Director for service as a Director of the Company and all meeting attendance fees (which shall include compensation and audit committee meeting attendance fees) receivable by such Director that are otherwise payable to the participant in cash (the "Director Fees").

c. **MANNER OF ELECTING DEFERRAL.** A participant shall elect to defer Director Fees by giving written notice to the Company in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A. Such notice shall include:

- (i) the percentage or amount of annual fees to be deferred (the "Deferred Fees");
- (ii) an allocation of the deferral between the "Cash Fund" or "Share Units"; and

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(iii) in the case of a participant's initial election only, an election of a lump-sum payment or of a number of annual installments (not to exceed five) for the payment of the Deferred Fees (plus the amounts (if any) credited under Section 5), with such lump-sum payment or the first installment payment occurring on the later of (A) the calendar year following the calendar year in which the participant's Separation from Service occurs (but not earlier than January 15th of such year) or (B) the first day of the seventh month following the date on which the participant's Separation from Service occurs (and otherwise in compliance with applicable law), with any successive annual installment payments to be made not earlier than January 15th of each such year. Any payment election made by a participant in connection with his or her initial election to participate in the Plan shall apply to all Deferred Fees, whether covered by the initial deferral election or a subsequent deferral election; *provided, however*, that this paragraph 4(c)(iii) shall not preclude subsequent modifications to the payment election described immediately above that are made in connection with a participant's Separation from Service and in compliance with paragraph (d) below.

d. **CHANGE IN DEFERRAL.** A participant may change his or her payment election in accordance with the following requirements:

- (i) Subject to clauses (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph (d), such election may not take effect until the twelve (12) month anniversary of the date the election is made and filed with the Secretary of the Company using a form prescribed by the Company;
- (ii) Such lump-sum payment or the first installment payment shall not be made less than five (5) years after the date that the participant's Deferred Fees (plus the amounts (if any) credited under Section 5) would have been paid pursuant to paragraph (c)(iii) above (or such later year if a prior modification was made pursuant to this paragraph); and
- (iii) Any new election shall not be effective unless made at least twelve (12) months prior to the year in which the payment of the Deferred Fees (plus the amounts (if any) credited under Section 5) would otherwise commence.

5. **DEFERRED COMPENSATION ACCOUNT.** The Company shall establish a book-entry account for each participant to record the participant's Deferred Fees (the "Account").

a. For Deferred Fees allocated by the participant to the Cash Fund:

(i) at the time the Director Fees would otherwise have been payable, the Account will be credited with the amount of the Deferred Fees, receipt of which the participant has elected to defer, and

(ii) at the end of each calendar year or terminal portion of a year, the Account will be credited with deemed interest, at an annual rate equivalent to the weighted average prime or base lending rate of JP Morgan Chase Bank (including any successor thereto or such other financial institution that may be selected from

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time to time by the Secretary of the Company in accordance with paragraph 10 of the Plan and in accordance with applicable law) for the relevant year or portion thereof (the "Interest Equivalents"), upon the average daily balance in the Account during such year or portion thereof.

b. For Deferred Fees allocated by the participant to Share Units:

(i) at the time the Director Fees would otherwise have been payable, (A) the Account will be credited with the amount of the Deferred Fees, receipt of which the participant has elected to defer and (B) such amount of Deferred Fees shall be converted on such date in book entry to a number of "Share Units" (computed to the nearest 1/1000 of a share) equal to the number of shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share ("Common Stock"), of the Company that could have been purchased on such date with such amount of Deferred Fees, using the closing price for the Common Stock on such date (or, if such date is not a trading day, on the next preceding trading day) on The Nasdaq Stock Market's National Market System ("Nasdaq") or, if the Common Stock is not then listed or quoted on Nasdaq, the principal stock exchange on which the Common Stock is then traded;

(ii) on each date on which a cash dividend is paid on the Common Stock, the Account will be credited with the number of Share Units (computed to the nearest 1/1000 of a share) which theoretically could have been purchased with the amount of dividends payable on the number of shares of Common Stock equal to the number of Share Units in the participant's Account immediately prior to the payment of such cash dividend; the number of additional Share Units shall be calculated as in paragraph 5(b)(i) above, provided that, with respect to the payment of any other dividends, the Share Units in the Account shall be adjusted in the manner provided in paragraph 7(d); and

(iii) on the date of the occurrence of any event described in paragraph 7(d) below, the Account will be credited with the number of Shares Units necessary for an equitable adjustment, which adjustment shall be determined in accordance with paragraphs 7(d) and 10 of the Plan and in accordance with applicable law.

c. Unless otherwise determined by the Secretary of the Company in accordance with paragraph 10 of the Plan and in accordance with applicable law, Deferred Fees shall be payable (and related amounts credited to participant Accounts) on a quarterly basis. Each payment shall be classified as a "separate payment" under Section 409A of the Code.

6. VALUE OF DEFERRED COMPENSATION ACCOUNTS. The value of each participant's Account on any date shall consist of (a) in the case of the Cash Fund, the sum of the Deferred Fees credited in accordance with paragraph 5 above and the Interest Equivalents credited through such date, if any, and (b) in the case of the Share Units, the market value of the corresponding number of shares of Common Stock on such date, determined using the closing

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price for the Common Stock on such date (or, if such date is not a trading day, on the next preceding trading day) on Nasdaq, or if the Common Stock is not then listed or quoted on Nasdaq, the principal stock exchange on which the Common Stock is then traded. A participant's Account shall be credited with Interest Equivalents or additional Share Units, if any, as applicable for so long as there is an outstanding balance credited to the Participant's Account.

7. PAYMENT OF DEFERRED COMPENSATION. No payment may be made from a participant's Account except as follows:

a. The balance of Deferred Fees and Interest Equivalents in a participant's Account credited to the Cash Fund shall be paid in cash in the manner elected in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 4(c) above. If annual installments are elected, the amount of the first payment shall be a fraction of the balance in the participant's Account as of the December 31 of the year preceding such payment, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the total number of annual installments elected. The amount of each subsequent payment shall be a fraction of the balance in the participant's Account as of December 31 of the year preceding each subsequent payment, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the total number of installments elected minus the number of installments previously paid. Each payment pursuant to this paragraph 7(a) shall include Interest Equivalents, but only on the amount being paid, from the preceding December 31 to the date of payment.

b. The balance in a participant's Account credited to Share Units shall be paid in the number of actual shares of Common Stock equal to the whole number of Share Units in the participant's Account. If annual installments are elected, the whole number of shares of Common Stock in the first payment shall be a fraction of the number of Share Units in the participant's Account as of December 31 of the year preceding such payment, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the total number of annual installments elected. The whole number of shares of Common Stock in each subsequent payment shall be a fraction of the Share Units in the participant's Account as of December 31 of the year preceding each subsequent payment, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the total number of installments elected minus the number of installments previously paid. If annual installments are elected, cash payments in lieu of fractional shares of Common Stock issuable in respect of fractional Share Units, if applicable, shall be made with the last payment.

c. Notwithstanding the election of the participant pursuant to paragraph 4(c), in the event of a participant's death, Disability or to comply with ethics laws or conflicts of interest laws in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(j)(4)(iii) (an "Conflict Event"), the balance in the participant's Account (in the case of the Cash Fund, including Interest Equivalents in relation to the elapsed portion of the year in which the participant's death, Disability or Conflict Event occurs, if any) shall be determined as of the date of death, Disability or Conflict Event, and such balance shall be paid in one lump-sum payment in cash in the case of the Cash Fund or in actual shares of Common Stock in the case of Share Units to the participant or the participant's estate, as the case may be, as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter (an otherwise in compliance with

applicable law) but in no event later than the later of the last day of such calendar year in which the death, Conflict Event or Disability occurred or ninety (90) days following the occurrence of the death, conflict of interest or disability.

d. In the event of any merger, consolidation, acquisition of property or shares, stock rights offering, liquidation, disaffiliation, or similar event affecting the Company or any of its subsidiaries, the Board or the Compensation and Human Resources Committee (or such other Committee as the Board may from time to time designate) (the "Committee") may make such equitable substitutions or adjustments in the aggregate number of Share Units in a participant's Account, in the form or type of property represented by such Share Units and in the number and kind of shares reserved for issuance as the Board or the Committee deems appropriate. In the event of a stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, separation, spinoff, reorganization, extraordinary dividend of cash or other property, share combination, or recapitalization or similar event affecting the capital structure of the Company, the Committee or the Board shall make such substitutions or adjustments as it deems appropriate and equitable to the aggregate number of Share Units in a participant's Account, in the form or type of property represented by such Share Units and in the number and kind of shares reserved for issuance. Any successor corporation or other acquirer of the Company shall be required to assume the Company's obligations hereunder and substitute an appropriate number of shares of stock or other equity measure of such successor entity for Share Units.

8. **PARTICIPANT'S RIGHTS UNSECURED.** The right of a participant to receive any unpaid portion of the participant's Account, whether the Cash Fund or Share Units, shall be an unsecured claim against the general assets of the Company.

9. **NONASSIGNABILITY.** The right of a participant to receive any unpaid portion of the participant's Account shall not be assigned, transferred, pledged or encumbered or be subject in any manner to alienation or anticipation.

10. **ADMINISTRATION.** This Plan shall be administered by the Secretary of the Company, who shall have the authority to adopt rules and regulations for carrying out the Plan and to interpret, construe and implement the provisions thereof.

11. **STOCK SUBJECT TO PLAN.** The total number of Share Units that may be credited to the Accounts of all eligible Directors, and, subject to Section 7(d) of the Plan, the total number of shares of Common Stock reserved and available for issuance, under the Plan shall be 100,000.

12. **CONDITIONS UPON ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK.** Shares of Common Stock shall not be issued pursuant to the Plan unless the issuance and delivery of such shares pursuant hereto shall comply with all relevant provisions of law, including, without limitation, the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and the requirements of any stock exchange upon which the shares of Common Stock may then be listed, and shall be further subject to the approval of counsel for the Company with respect to such compliance.

13. **AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION.** This Plan may be amended, modified or terminated at any time by the Board of Directors of the Company; provided, however, that no such amendment, modification or termination shall, without the consent of a participant, adversely affect such participant's rights with respect to amounts theretofore accrued to the participant's Account and any amendment or termination of the Plan shall be effected in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code.

14. **SECTION 409A OF THE CODE.**

a. The terms and conditions of the Plan are intended to comply (and shall be interpreted in accordance) with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations thereunder.

b. For purposes of this Plan, "Separation from Service" shall mean a "separation from service," as defined in Section 409A of the Code.

c. No action shall be taken under the Plan that will cause any Account to fail to comply in any respect with Section 409A of the Code without the written consent of the participant.

d. Any adjustments to Share Units and/or cash payments made pursuant to paragraph 7(d) shall be made (i) in compliance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and (ii) in such a manner as to ensure that after such adjustment and/or cash payment the Share Units or Deferred Fees comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code.

e. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, if the participant is a Specified Employee at the time of his or her Separation from Service, any payment to be made to a participant upon his or her Separation from Service shall be delayed until the earlier of (i) first day of the seventh month following his or her Separation from Service or (ii) death. For purposes of this Plan, "Specified Employee" shall mean any Participant who is a "key employee" (as defined in Code Section 416(i) without regard to paragraph (5) thereof), as determined by the Company in accordance with its uniform policy with respect to all arrangements subject to Code Section 409A, based upon the twelve (12) month period ending on each December 31st. All participants who are determined to be key employees under Code Section 416(i)(1)(A)(i), (ii) or (iii) (without regard to paragraph (5) thereof) on December 31st shall be treated as Specified Employees for purposes of the Plan during the twelve (12) month period that begins on the following April 1st.

f. For purposes of this Plan, “Disability” shall mean a disability within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code.

2007 IAC/InterActiveCorp Deferred
Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors

Amended and Restated as of December 17, 2008

**IAC/InterActiveCorp
Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors**

1. **PURPOSE.** The purpose of the IAC/InterActiveCorp Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors (the “Plan”) is to provide non-employee directors of IAC/InterActiveCorp (or any successor thereto) (the “Company”) with an opportunity to defer Director Fees (as defined in paragraph 4(b) below).

2. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The Plan became effective on May 30, 2007.

3. **ELIGIBILITY.** Any member of the Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”) who is not an employee of the Company or of any subsidiary or affiliate of the Company is eligible to participate in the Plan.

4. **ELECTION TO DEFER COMPENSATION.**

(a) **Time of Eligibility.** An election to defer Director Fees by a newly elected director shall be made by such director within the 30-day period following his or her election to the Board, which election shall only apply to Director Fees earned for services performed *after* the date of such election. A director who has either (i) not previously elected to defer Director Fees or (ii) discontinued (or wishes to modify) a prior election to defer Director Fees may elect to defer Director Fees (or modify an existing deferral election) by giving written notice to the Company on or prior to November 1 of each year (or such other date as may be determined from time to time by the Secretary of the Company in accordance with paragraph 10 of the Plan and in compliance with applicable law). Any such election shall only apply to Director Fees earned for services performed during the calendar year following such written notice. The effectiveness of a given election shall continue until the participant’s Separation from Service, as defined in Section 14 of the Plan, or until the end of the calendar year during which the participant gives the Company written notice of its discontinuance or modification, whichever shall occur first. Any notice of discontinuance or modification shall operate prospectively from the first day of the calendar year following the receipt of such written notice by the Secretary of the Company, and Director Fees payable during any subsequent calendar year shall either be paid (absent any timely future deferral election) or deferred in accordance with the terms of the discontinuance or modified election, as applicable; *provided, however*, that Director Fees theretofore deferred shall continue to be withheld and shall be paid in accordance with the notice of election pursuant to which they were withheld. All written notices regarding deferral elections and/or the discontinuance or modification of prior deferral elections shall be made on a form prescribed by the Company.

(b) **Amount of Deferral.** A participant may elect to defer receipt of all or a specified portion of the cash fees receivable by such participant for services performed as a director of the Company (which amounts shall include fees for services as a member of one or more Committee(s) of the Board and meeting attendance fees, if any (among other fees), as and if applicable from time to time) that are otherwise payable to the participant in cash (the “Director Fees”).

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(c) **Manner of Electing Deferral.** A participant shall elect to defer Director Fees by giving written notice to the Company in a form prescribed by the Company. Such notice shall include:

- (i) the percentage or amount of Director Fees to be deferred (the “Deferred Fees”);
- (ii) the allocation of the Deferred Fees between the “Cash Fund” or “Share Units,” and

(iii) in the case of a participant’s initial election only, an election of a lump-sum payment or of a number of annual installments (not to exceed five) for the payment of the Deferred Fees (plus the amounts (if any) credited under Section 5), with such lump-sum payment or the first installment payment occurring on the later of (A) the calendar year following the calendar year in which the participant’s Separation from Service occurs (but not earlier than January 15th of such year) or (B) the first day of the seventh month following the date on which the participant’s Separation from Service occurs (and otherwise in compliance with applicable law), with any successive annual installment payments to be made not earlier than January 15th of each such year. Any payment election made by a participant in connection with his or her initial election to participate in the Plan shall apply to all Deferred Fees, whether covered by the initial deferral election or a subsequent deferral election; *provided, however*, that this paragraph 4(c)(iii) shall not preclude subsequent modifications to the payment election described immediately above that are made in connection with a participant’s Separation from Service and in compliance with paragraph (d) below.

(d) **Change in Deferral.** A participant may change his or her payment election in accordance with the following requirements:

- (i) Subject to clauses (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph (d), such election may not take effect until the twelve (12) month anniversary of the date the election is made and filed with the Secretary of the Company using a form prescribed by the Company;
- (ii) Such lump-sum payment or the first installment payment shall not be made less than five (5) years after the date that the participant’s Deferred Fees (plus the amounts (if any) credited under Section 5) would have been paid pursuant to paragraph (c)(iii) above (or such later year if a prior modification was made pursuant to this paragraph); and

(iii) Any new election shall not be effective unless made at least twelve (12) months prior to the year in which the payment of the Deferred Fees (plus the amounts (if any) credited under Section 5) would otherwise commence.

5. **DEFERRED COMPENSATION ACCOUNT.** The Company shall establish a book-entry account for each participant to record the participant's Deferred Fees (the "Account").

(a) For Deferred Fees allocated by the participant to the Cash Fund:

(i) at the time the Director Fees would otherwise have been payable, the Account will be credited with the amount of the Deferred Fees, receipt of which the participant has elected to defer, and

(ii) at the end of each calendar year or terminal portion of a year, the Account will be credited with deemed interest, at an annual rate equivalent to the weighted average prime or base lending rate of JP Morgan Chase Bank (including any successor thereto or such other financial institution that may be selected from time to time by the Secretary of the Company in accordance with paragraph 10 of the Plan and in accordance with applicable law) for the relevant year or portion thereof (the "Interest Equivalents"), upon the average daily balance in the Account during such year or portion thereof.

(b) For Deferred Fees allocated by the participant to Share Units:

(i) at the time the Director Fees would otherwise have been payable, (A) the Account will be credited with the amount of the Deferred Fees, receipt of which the participant has elected to defer and (B) such amount of Deferred Fees shall be converted on such date in book entry to a number of "Share Units" (computed to the nearest 1/1000 of a share) equal to the number of shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share ("Common Stock"), of the Company that could have been purchased on such date with such amount of Deferred Fees, using the closing price for the Common Stock on such date (or, if such date is not a trading day, on the next preceding trading day) on The Nasdaq Stock Market's National Market System ("Nasdaq") or, if the Common Stock is not then listed or quoted on Nasdaq, the principal stock exchange on which the Common Stock is then traded;

(ii) on each date on which a cash dividend is paid on the Common Stock, the Account will be credited with the number of Share Units (computed to the nearest 1/1000 of a share) which theoretically could have been purchased with the amount of dividends payable on the number of shares of Common Stock equal to the number of Share Units in the participant's Account immediately prior to the payment of such cash dividend; the number of additional Share Units shall be calculated as in paragraph 5(b)(i) above, provided that, with respect to the payment of any other dividends, the Share Units in the Account shall be adjusted in the manner provided in paragraph 7(d); and

(iii) on the date of the occurrence of any event described in paragraph 7(d) below, the Account will be credited with the number of Shares Units necessary for an equitable adjustment, which adjustment shall be determined in

accordance with paragraphs 7(d) and 10 of the Plan and in accordance with applicable law.

(c) Unless otherwise determined by the Secretary of the Company in accordance with paragraph 10 of the Plan and in accordance with applicable law, Deferred Fees shall be payable (and related amounts credited to participant Accounts) on a quarterly basis. Each payment shall be classified as a "separate payment" under Section 409A of the Code.

6. **VALUE OF DEFERRED COMPENSATION ACCOUNTS.** The value of each participant's Account on any date shall consist of (a) in the case of the Cash Fund, the sum of the Deferred Fees credited in accordance with paragraph 5 above and the Interest Equivalents credited through such date, if any, and (b) in the case of the Share Units, the market value of the corresponding number of shares of Common Stock on such date, determined using the closing price for the Common Stock on such date (or, if such date is not a trading day, on the next preceding trading day) on Nasdaq, or if the Common Stock is not then listed or quoted on Nasdaq, the principal stock exchange on which the Common Stock is then traded. A participant's Account shall be credited with Interest Equivalents or additional Share Units, if any, as applicable for so long as there is an outstanding balance credited to the Participant's Account.

7. **PAYMENT OF DEFERRED COMPENSATION.** No payment shall be made from a participant's Account except as follows:

(a) The balance of Deferred Fees and Interest Equivalents in a participant's Account credited to the Cash Fund shall be paid in cash in the manner elected in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 4(c) above. If annual installments are elected, the amount of the first payment shall be a fraction of the balance in the participant's Account as of the December 31 of the year preceding such payment, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the total number of annual installments elected. The amount of each subsequent payment shall be a fraction of the balance in the participant's Account as of December 31 of the year preceding each subsequent payment, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the total number of installments elected minus the number of installments previously paid. Each payment pursuant to this paragraph 7(a) shall include Interest Equivalents, but only on the amount being paid, from the preceding December 31 to the date of payment.

(b) The balance in a participant's Account credited to Share Units shall be paid in the number of actual shares of Common Stock equal to the whole number of Share Units in the participant's Account. If annual installments are elected, the whole number of shares of Common Stock in the first payment shall be a fraction of the number of Share Units in the participant's Account as of December 31 of the year preceding such payment, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the total number of annual installments elected. The whole number of shares of Common Stock in each subsequent payment shall be a fraction of the Share Units in the participant's Account as of December 31 of the year preceding each subsequent payment, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the total number of installments elected minus the

number of installments previously paid. If annual installments are elected, cash payments in lieu of fractional shares of Common Stock issuable in respect of fractional Share Units, if applicable, shall be made with the last payment.

(c) Notwithstanding the election of the participant pursuant to paragraph 4(c), in the event of a participant's death, Disability or to comply with ethics laws or conflicts of interest laws in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(j)(4)(iii) (an "Conflict Event"), the balance in the participant's Account (in the case of the Cash Fund, including Interest Equivalents in relation to the elapsed portion of the year in which the participant's death, Disability or Conflict Event occurs, if any) shall be determined as of the date of death, Disability or Conflict Event, and such balance shall be paid in one lump-sum payment in cash in the case of the Cash Fund or in actual shares of Common Stock in the case of Share Units to the participant or the participant's estate, as the case may be, as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter (an otherwise in compliance with applicable law) but in no event later than the later of the last day of such calendar year in which the death, Conflict Event or Disability occurred or ninety (90) days following the occurrence of the death, conflict of interest or disability.

(d) In the event of any merger, consolidation, acquisition of property or shares, stock rights offering, liquidation, disaffiliation, or similar event affecting the Company or any of its subsidiaries, the Board or the Compensation and Human Resources Committee (or such other Committee as the Board may from time to time designate) (the "Committee") may make such equitable substitutions or adjustments in the aggregate number of Share Units in a participant's Account, in the form or type of property represented by such Share Units and in the number and kind of shares reserved for issuance as the Board or the Committee deems appropriate. In the event of a stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, separation, spinoff, reorganization, extraordinary dividend of cash or other property, share combination, or recapitalization or similar event affecting the capital structure of the Company, the Committee or the Board shall make such substitutions or adjustments as it deems appropriate and equitable to the aggregate number of Share Units in a participant's Account, in the form or type of property represented by such Share Units and in the number and kind of shares reserved for issuance. Any successor corporation or other acquirer of the Company shall be required to assume the Company's obligations hereunder and substitute an appropriate number of shares of stock or other equity measure of such successor entity for Share Units.

8. PARTICIPANT'S RIGHTS UNSECURED. The right of a participant to receive any unpaid portion of the participant's Account, whether the Cash Fund or Share Units, shall be an unsecured claim against the general assets of the Company.

9. NONASSIGNABILITY. The right of a participant to receive any unpaid portion of the participant's Account shall not be assigned, transferred, pledged or encumbered or be subject in any manner to alienation or anticipation.

10. ADMINISTRATION. This Plan shall be administered by the Secretary of the Company, who shall have the authority to adopt rules and regulations for carrying out the Plan and to interpret, construe and implement the provisions thereof.

11. STOCK SUBJECT TO PLAN. The total number of Share Units that may be credited to the Accounts of all eligible directors, and, subject to Section 7(d) of the Plan, the total number of shares of Common Stock reserved and available for issuance, under the Plan shall be 100,000.

12. CONDITIONS UPON ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK. Shares of Common Stock shall not be issued pursuant to the Plan unless the issuance and delivery of such shares pursuant hereto shall comply with all relevant provisions of law, including, without limitation, the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and the requirements of any stock exchange upon which the shares of Common Stock may then be listed, and shall be further subject to the approval of counsel for the Company with respect to such compliance.

13. AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION. This Plan may be amended, modified or terminated at any time by the Committee or the Board; *provided, however*, that no such amendment, modification or termination shall, without the consent of a participant, adversely affect such participant's rights with respect to amounts theretofore accrued to the participant's Account and any amendment or termination of the Plan shall be effected in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code.

14. SECTION 409A OF THE CODE.

(a) The terms and conditions of the Plan are intended to comply (and shall be interpreted in accordance) with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations thereunder.

(b) For purposes of this Plan, "Separation from Service" shall mean a "separation from service," as defined in Section 409A of the Code.

(c) No action shall be taken under the Plan that will cause any Account to fail to comply in any respect with Section 409A of the Code without the written consent of the participant.

(d) Any adjustments to Share Units and/or cash payments made pursuant to paragraph 7(d) shall be made (i) in compliance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and (ii) in such a manner as to ensure that after such adjustment and/or cash payment the Share Units or Deferred Fees comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, if the participant is a Specified Employee at the time of his or her Separation from Service, any payment to be made to a participant upon his or her Separation from Service shall be delayed until the earlier of (i) first day of the seventh month following his or her Separation from Service or (ii) death. For purposes of this Plan, "Specified Employee" shall mean any Participant who is a "key employee" (as defined in Code Section 416(i) without regard to paragraph (5) thereof), as determined by the Company in accordance with its uniform policy with respect to all arrangements subject to Code Section 409A, based upon the twelve (12) month period ending on each December 31st. All participants who are determined to be key employees under Code Section 416(i)(1)(A)(i), (ii) or (iii)

(without regard to paragraph (5) thereof) on December 31st shall be treated as Specified Employees for purposes of the Plan during the twelve (12) month period that begins on the following April 1st.

- (f) For purposes of this Plan, "Disability" shall mean a disability within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code.

AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (“Agreement”) is entered into by and between Thomas J. McInerney (“Executive”) and IAC/InterActiveCorp, a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), and is effective as of December 30, 2008 (the “Effective Date”).

WHEREAS, the Company desires to establish its right to the services of Executive, in the capacity described below, on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, and Executive is willing to accept such employment on such terms and conditions.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual agreements hereinafter set forth, Executive and the Company have agreed and do hereby agree as follows:

1A. EMPLOYMENT. During the Term (as defined below), the Company shall employ Executive, and Executive shall be employed, as Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer. During Executive’s employment with the Company, Executive shall do and perform all services and acts necessary or advisable to fulfill the duties and responsibilities as are commensurate and consistent with Executive’s position and shall render such services on the terms set forth herein. During Executive’s employment with the Company, Executive shall report directly to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, or such person as may from time to time be designated by the Company (hereinafter referred to as the “Reporting Officer”). Executive shall have such powers and duties with respect to the Company as may reasonably be assigned to Executive by the Reporting Officer, to the extent consistent with Executive’s position. Executive agrees to devote all of Executive’s working time, attention and efforts to the Company and to perform the duties of Executive’s position in accordance with the Company’s policies as in effect from time to time. Executive’s principal place of employment shall be the Company’s offices located in New York, New York.

2A. TERM. This Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and shall continue for a period of one (1) year. This agreement shall automatically be renewed for successive one-year periods in perpetuity unless one party hereto provides written notice to the other, at least ninety (90) days prior to the end of the then current one-year employment period, that it elects not to extend this Agreement, which notice shall be irrevocable (any such notice, a “Non-Renewal Notice”). The period beginning on the date hereof and ending on the first anniversary hereof or, if the Agreement is renewed pursuant to the prior sentence, the last day of the last one-year renewal period, shall be referred to hereinafter as the “Term”.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 2A, Executive’s employment hereunder may be terminated in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of the Standard Terms and Conditions attached hereto.

3A. COMPENSATION.

(a) BASE SALARY. During the period that Executive is employed with the Company hereunder, the Company shall pay Executive an annual base salary (the “Base Salary”), payable in equal biweekly installments (or, if different, in accordance with the Company’s payroll practice as in effect from time to time). The Base Salary may be increased from time to time in the discretion of the Compensation and Human Resources Committee of the Company (the “Compensation Committee”). For all purposes under this Agreement, the term “Base Salary” shall refer to the Base Salary as in effect from time to time.

(b) DISCRETIONARY BONUS AND EQUITY AWARDS. During the period that Executive is employed with the Company hereunder, Executive shall be eligible to receive discretionary annual bonuses and equity awards.

(c) BENEFITS. From the Effective Date through the date of termination of Executive’s employment with the Company for any reason, Executive shall be entitled to participate in any welfare, health and life insurance, pension benefit and incentive programs as may be adopted from time to time by the Company on the same basis as that provided to similarly situated employees of the Company. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Executive shall be entitled to the following benefits:

(i) Reimbursement for Business Expenses. During the period that Executive is employed with the Company hereunder, the Company shall reimburse Executive for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by Executive in performing Executive’s duties for the Company, on the same basis as similarly situated employees and in accordance with the Company’s policies as in effect from time to time.

(ii) Vacation. During the period that Executive is employed with the Company hereunder, Executive shall be entitled to paid vacation each year, in accordance with the plans, policies, programs and practices of the Company applicable to similarly situated employees of the Company generally.

4A. NOTICES. All notices and other communications under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be given by first-class mail, certified or registered with return receipt requested, or by hand delivery, or by overnight delivery by a nationally recognized carrier, in each case to the applicable address set forth below, and any such notice is deemed effectively given when received by the recipient (of if receipt is refused by the recipient, when so refused):

If to the Company:	IAC/InterActiveCorp 152 West 57 th Street, 42 nd Floor New York, NY 10019 Attention: SVP, Human Resources
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With a copy to:	Pamela Seymon Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz
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If to Executive: At the most recent address for Executive on record at the Company.

Either party may change such party's address for notices by notice duly given pursuant hereto.

5A. GOVERNING LAW; JURISDICTION. This Agreement and the legal relations thus created between the parties hereto (including, without limitation, any dispute arising out of or related to this Agreement) shall be governed by and construed under and in accordance with the internal laws of the State of New York without reference to its principles of conflicts of laws. Any dispute between the parties hereto arising out of or related to this Agreement will be heard exclusively and determined before an appropriate federal court located in the State of New York, or an appropriate New York state court, and each party hereto submits itself and its property to the exclusive jurisdiction of the foregoing courts with respect to such disputes. The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that this Agreement was executed and delivered in the State of New York, that the Company is headquartered in New York City and that, in the course of performing duties hereunder for the Company, Executive shall have multiple contacts with the business and operations of the Company, as well as other businesses and operations in the State of New York, and that for those and other reasons this Agreement and the undertakings of the parties hereunder bear a reasonable relation to the State of New York. Each party hereto (i) agrees that service of process may be made by mailing a copy of any relevant document to the address of the party set forth above, (ii) waives to the fullest extent permitted by law any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the courts referred to above on the grounds of inconvenient forum or otherwise as regards any dispute between the parties hereto arising out of or related to this Agreement, (iii) waives to the fullest extent permitted by law any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue in the courts referred to above as regards any dispute between the parties hereto arising out of or related to this Agreement and (iv) agrees that a judgment or order of any court referred to above in connection with any dispute between the parties hereto arising out of or related to this Agreement is conclusive and binding on it and may be enforced against it in the courts of any other jurisdiction.

6A. COUNTERPARTS. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original but all of which together will constitute one and the same instrument.

7A. STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS. Executive expressly understands and acknowledges that the Standard Terms and Conditions attached hereto are incorporated herein by reference, deemed a part of this Agreement and are binding and enforceable provisions of this Agreement. References to "this Agreement" or the use of the term "hereof" shall refer to this Agreement and the Standard Terms and Conditions attached hereto, taken as a whole.

8A. SECTION 409A OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. This Agreement is not intended to constitute a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the rules and regulations issued thereunder ("Section 409A"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if this Agreement or any benefit paid to Executive hereunder is subject to Section 409A and if the Executive is a "Specified Employee" (as defined under Section 409A) as of the date of Executive's termination of employment hereunder, then the payment of benefits, if any, scheduled to be paid by the Company to Executive hereunder during the first six (6) month period following the date of a termination of employment hereunder shall not be paid until the earlier of seven (7) months following the date of such termination of employment or Executive's death (along with interest for the period of such delay at the then applicable borrowing rate of the Company as of the commencement of such delay). In no event shall the Company be required to pay Executive any "gross-up" or other payment with respect to any taxes or penalties imposed under Section 409A with respect to any benefit paid to Executive hereunder. The Company agrees to take any reasonable steps requested by Executive to avoid adverse tax consequences to Executive as a result of any benefit to Executive hereunder being subject to Section 409A, provided that Executive shall, if requested, reimburse the Company for any incremental costs (other than incidental costs) associated with taking such steps.

For purposes of this Agreement and the Standard Terms and Conditions, a "Separation from Service" occurs when Executive dies, retires or otherwise has a termination of employment with the Company that constitutes a "separation from service" within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(h)(1), without regard to the optional alternative definitions available thereunder.

To the extent that any reimbursement pursuant to this Agreement or the Standard Terms and Conditions is taxable to Executive, Executive shall provide the Company with documentation of the related expenses promptly so as to facilitate the timing of the reimbursement payment contemplated by this subsection, and any reimbursement payment due to Executive pursuant to such provision shall be paid to Executive on or before the last day of Executive's taxable year following the taxable year in which the related expense was incurred. Such reimbursement obligations pursuant to this Agreement are not subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit and the amount of such benefits that Executive receives in one taxable year shall not affect the amount of such benefits that Executive receives in any other taxable year.

[The Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed and delivered by its duly authorized officer and Executive has executed and delivered this Agreement on December 30, 2008.

IAC/InterActiveCorp

/s/ Authorized Signatory
By: Authorized Signatory

/s/ Thomas J. McNerney

STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. TERMINATION OF EXECUTIVE'S EMPLOYMENT.

(a) DEATH. In the event Executive's employment hereunder is terminated by reason of Executive's death, the Company shall pay Executive's designated beneficiary or beneficiaries, within thirty (30) days of Executive's death in a lump sum in cash, (i) Executive's Base Salary through the end of the month in which death occurs and (ii) any Accrued Obligations (as defined in paragraph 1(f) below).

(b) DISABILITY. If, as a result of Executive's incapacity due to physical or mental illness ("Disability"), Executive shall have been absent from the full-time performance of Executive's duties with the Company for a period of four (4) consecutive months and, within thirty (30) days after written notice is provided to Executive by the Company (in accordance with Section 4A hereof), Executive shall not have returned to the full-time performance of Executive's duties, Executive's employment under this Agreement may be terminated by the Company for Disability. During any period prior to such termination during which Executive is absent from the full-time performance of Executive's duties with the Company due to Disability, the Company shall continue to pay Executive's Base Salary at the rate in effect at the commencement of such period of Disability, offset by any amounts payable to Executive under any disability insurance plan or policy provided by the Company. Upon termination of Executive's employment due to Disability, the Company shall pay Executive within thirty (30) days of such termination (i) Executive's Base Salary through the end of the month in which termination occurs in a lump sum in cash, offset by any amounts payable to Executive under any disability insurance plan or policy provided by the Company; and (ii) any Accrued Obligations (as defined in paragraph 1(f) below).

(c) TERMINATION FOR CAUSE. Upon the termination of Executive's employment by the Company for Cause (as defined below), the Company shall have no further obligation hereunder, except for the payment of any Accrued Obligations (as defined in paragraph 1(f) below). As used herein, "Cause" shall mean: (i) the plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or conviction for, the commission of a felony offense by Executive; provided, however, that after indictment, the Company may suspend Executive from the rendition of services, but without limiting or modifying in any other way the Company's obligations under this Agreement; provided, further, that Executive's employment shall be immediately reinstated if the indictment is dismissed or otherwise dropped and there is not otherwise grounds to terminate Executive's employment for Cause; (ii) a material breach by Executive of a fiduciary duty owed to the Company, provided that the Reporting Officer determines, in his/her good faith discretion, that such material breach undermines his/her confidence in Executive's fitness to continue in his position, as evidenced in writing from the Reporting Officer (it being understood that the determination as to whether such material breach occurred is not in the good faith discretion of the Reporting Officer); (iii) a material breach by Executive of any of the covenants made by Executive in Section 2 hereof, provided, however, that in the event such material breach is curable, Executive shall have failed to remedy such material breach within ten (10) days of Executive having received a written demand for cure by the Reporting Officer, which demand

specifically identifies the manner in which the Company believes that Executive has materially breached any of the covenants made by Executive in Section 2 hereof; (iv) Executive's continued willful or gross neglect of the material duties required by this Agreement following receipt of written notice signed by the Reporting Officer which specifically identifies the nature of such willful or gross neglect and a reasonable opportunity to cure, (v) a knowing and material violation by Executive of any material Company policy pertaining to ethics, wrongdoing or conflicts of interest, and (vi) any act or omission which occurred prior to the Effective Date and which would have constituted "Cause" under the previous employment agreement between Executive and the Company (the "Previous Employment Agreement").

(d) TERMINATION BY THE COMPANY OTHER THAN FOR DEATH, DISABILITY OR CAUSE OR RESIGNATION BY EXECUTIVE FOR GOOD REASON. If Executive's employment hereunder is terminated prior to the expiration of the Term by the Company for any reason other than Executive's death, Disability or Cause, or if Executive terminates his employment hereunder prior to the expiration of the Term for Good Reason, then:

- (i) the Company shall continue to pay to Executive the Base Salary for twelve (12) months from the date of such termination (the "Severance Period") in the time and manner set forth below;
- (ii) the Company shall pay Executive within thirty (30) days of the date of such termination in a lump sum in cash any Accrued Obligations (as defined in paragraph 1(f) below);
- (iii) any compensation awards of Executive based on, or in the form of, Company equity (e.g. restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock options or similar instruments) that are outstanding and unvested at the time of such termination but which would, but for a termination of employment, have vested during the Severance Period shall vest in the time and manner set forth below; provided that any outstanding award with a vesting schedule that would, but for a termination of employment, have resulted in a smaller percentage (or none) of the award being vested through the end of the Severance Period than if it vested annually pro rata over its vesting period shall, for purposes of this provision, be treated as though it vested annually pro rata over its vesting period (e.g., if 100 RSUs were granted 2.7 years prior to the date of termination and vested pro rata on the first five anniversaries of the grant date and 100 RSUs were granted 1.7 years prior to the date of termination and vested on the fifth anniversary of the grant date, then on the date of termination 20 RSUs from the first award and 40 RSUs from the second award would vest in the time and manner set forth below); and provided further that any amounts that would vest under this provision but for the fact that outstanding performance conditions have not been satisfied shall vest only if, and at such point as, such performance conditions are satisfied; and
- (iv) any then vested options of Executive (including options vesting as a result of (iii) above) to purchase Company equity, shall remain exercisable through the date that is eighteen months following the date of such termination or, if earlier, through the scheduled expiration date of such options.

The payment to Executive of the severance benefits described in this Section 1(d) generally (including any accelerated vesting) shall be subject to Executive's execution and non-revocation of a general release of the Company and its affiliates, in a form substantially similar to that used for similarly situated executives of the Company and its affiliates (the "Release"), such general release to be delivered to Executive within 5 days of notice of termination and executed and promptly delivered to the Company (and in no event later than 21 days following Executive's receipt of the Release, or such longer period as may be required by applicable law) and Executive's compliance with the restrictive covenants set forth in Section 2 hereof. Executive acknowledges and agrees that the severance benefits described in this Section 1(d) constitutes good and valuable consideration for such release. Any severance benefits due to Executive pursuant to Section 1(d)(i) shall be paid in equal biweekly installments (or, if different, in accordance with the Company's payroll practice as in effect from time to time) over the course of the Severance Period beginning on the first business day of the second month following the month in which Executive's Separation from Service (as such term is defined below) took place (along with interest for the period of such delay at the then applicable borrowing rate of the Company as of the commencement of such delay). Any severance benefits due to Executive pursuant to Section 1(d)(iii) shall vest and be paid/settled as promptly as practicable following the Company's receipt of an executed Release and the expiration of all revocation periods required by applicable law (and in any event within the short term deferral period).

For purposes of this Agreement, "Good Reason" shall mean actions taken by the Company resulting in a material negative change in the employment relationship. For these purposes, a "material negative change in the employment relationship" shall include, without limitation, the occurrence of any of the following without Executive's prior written consent: (A) a material diminution in the authorities, duties or responsibilities of the person to whom the Executive is required to report, (B) the material reduction in Executive's title, duties or level of responsibilities as of the Effective Date, excluding for this purpose any such reduction that is an isolated and inadvertent action not taken in bad faith or that is authorized pursuant to this Agreement, but including any circumstances under which the Company is no longer publicly traded and is controlled by another company, (C) any material reduction in Executive's Base Salary, (D) the relocation of Executive's principal place of employment outside of the metropolitan area of Executive's principal place of employment as of the Effective Date, or (E) any other action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of the Agreement, provided that in no event shall Executive's resignation be for "Good Reason" unless (x) an event or circumstance constituting "Good Reason" shall have occurred and Executive provides the Company with written notice thereof within thirty (30) days after Executive has knowledge of the occurrence or existence of such event or circumstance, which notice specifically identifies the event or circumstance that Executive believes constitutes Good Reason, (y) the Company fails to correct the circumstance or event so identified within thirty (30) days after the receipt of such notice, and (z) Executive resigns within ninety (90) days after the date of delivery of the notice referred to in clause (x) above.

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(e) MITIGATION; OFFSET. If Executive obtains other employment during the period of time in which the Company is required to make payments to Executive pursuant to Section 1(d)(i) above, the amount of any such remaining payments or benefits to be provided to Executive shall be reduced by the amount of compensation and benefits earned by Executive from such other employment through the end of such period (provided that for purposes of calculating which portion of the payments made under 1(d)(i) are subject to reduction, any delay in the Company making payments by virtue of Section 8A shall not be taken into account). For purposes of this Section 1(e), Executive shall have an obligation to inform the Company regarding Executive's employment status following termination and during the period of time in which the Company is making payments to Executive under Section 1(d)(i) above.

(f) ACCRUED OBLIGATIONS. As used in this Agreement, "Accrued Obligations" shall mean the sum of (i) any portion of Executive's accrued but unpaid Base Salary through the date of death or termination of employment for any reason, as the case may be; and (ii) any compensation previously earned but deferred by Executive (together with any interest or earnings thereon) that has not yet been paid.

(g) NOTICE OF NON-RENEWAL. If the Company delivers a Non-Renewal Notice to Executive then, provided Executive's employment hereunder continues through the expiration date then in effect, effective as of such expiration date the Company and Executive shall have the same rights and obligations hereunder as they would if the Company had terminated Executive's employment hereunder prior to the end of the Term for any reason other than Executive's death, Disability or Cause. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the delivery of a Non-Renewal Notice by Executive to the Company in and of itself be deemed to be a resignation by Executive for Good Reason.

(h) EXTENDED EXERCISE PERIOD. In the event Executive's employment with the Company terminates for any reason, all Executive's stock options which were outstanding as of the Effective Date and which are vested as of the date of such termination shall remain exercisable until the date that is eighteen months following the date of such termination or, if earlier, the date of such options' expiration.

2. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION; NON-COMPETITION; NON-SOLICITATION; AND PROPRIETARY RIGHTS.

(a) CONFIDENTIALITY. Executive acknowledges that, while employed by the Company, Executive has occupied and will occupy a position of trust and confidence. The Company has provided and shall provide Executive with "Confidential Information" as referred to below. Executive shall not, except as Executive in good faith deems appropriate to perform Executive's duties hereunder or as required by applicable law, without limitation in time, communicate, divulge, disseminate, disclose to others or otherwise use, whether directly or indirectly, any Confidential Information regarding the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates. "Confidential Information" shall mean information about the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, and their respective businesses, employees, consultants, contractors, clients and customers that is not disclosed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates for financial reporting purposes or otherwise generally made available to the public (other than

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by Executive's breach of the terms hereof or the terms of any previous confidentiality obligation by Executive to the Company) and that was learned or developed by Executive in the course of employment by the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, including (without limitation) any proprietary knowledge, trade secrets, data, formulae, information and client and customer lists and all papers, resumes, and records (including computer records) of the documents containing such Confidential Information. Executive acknowledges that such Confidential Information is specialized, unique in nature and of great value to the Company and its subsidiaries or affiliates, and that such information gives the Company and its subsidiaries or affiliates a competitive advantage. Executive agrees to deliver or return to the Company, at the Company's request at any time or upon termination or expiration of Executive's employment or as soon thereafter as possible, all documents, computer tapes and disks, records, lists, data, drawings, prints, notes and written information (and all copies thereof) furnished by the Company and its subsidiaries or affiliates or prepared by Executive in the course of Executive's employment by the Company and its subsidiaries or affiliates. As used in this Agreement, "subsidiaries" and "affiliates" shall mean any company controlled by, controlling or under common control with the Company.

(b) NON-COMPETITION. In consideration of this Agreement, and for other good and valuable consideration provided hereunder, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by Executive, Executive hereby agrees and covenants that, during Executive's employment with the Company and for a period of (12) twelve months thereafter, Executive shall not, without the prior written consent of the Company, directly or indirectly, engage in or become associated with a Competitive Activity. For purposes of this Section 2(b), (i) a "Competitive Activity" means any business or other endeavor involving products or services that are the same or similar to products or services (the "Company Products or Services") that any business of the Company is engaged in providing as of the date hereof or at any time during the Term, provided such business or endeavor is in the United States, or in any foreign jurisdiction in which the Company provides, or has provided during the Term, the relevant Company Products or Services, and (ii) Executive shall be considered to have become "associated with a Competitive Activity" if Executive becomes directly or indirectly involved as an owner, principal, employee, officer, director, independent contractor, representative, stockholder, financial backer, agent, partner, member, advisor, lender, consultant or in any other individual or representative capacity with any individual, partnership, corporation or other organization that is engaged in a Competitive Activity. Notwithstanding anything else in this Section 2(b), (i) Executive may become employed by a partnership, corporation or other organization that is engaged in a Competitive Activity so long as Executive has no direct or indirect responsibilities or involvement in the Competitive Activity, (ii) Executive may own, for investment purposes only, up to five percent (5%) of the outstanding capital stock of any publicly-traded corporation engaged in a Competitive Activity if the stock of such corporation is either listed on a national stock exchange or on the NASDAQ National Market System and if Executive is not otherwise affiliated with such corporation, (iii) if Executive's employment hereunder is terminated by the Company for any reason other than Executive's death, Disability or Cause, or by Executive for Good Reason, then the restrictions contained in this Section 2(b) shall lapse, and (iv) Executive shall only be subject to the restrictions contained in this Section 2(b) to the extent the activity that would

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otherwise be prohibited by this section poses a reasonable competitive threat to the Company, which determination shall be made by the Company in good faith.

(c) NON-SOLICITATION OF EMPLOYEES. Executive recognizes that he possesses and will possess Confidential Information about other employees, consultants and contractors of the Company and its subsidiaries or affiliates relating to their education, experience, skills, abilities, compensation and benefits, and inter-personal relationships with suppliers to and customers of the Company and its subsidiaries or affiliates. Executive recognizes that the information he possesses and will possess about these other employees, consultants and contractors is not generally known, is of substantial value to the Company and its subsidiaries or affiliates in developing their respective businesses and in securing and retaining customers, and has been and will be acquired by Executive because of Executive's business position with the Company. Executive agrees that, during Executive's employment with the Company, and for a period of eighteen (18) months thereafter, Executive will not, directly or indirectly, solicit or recruit any employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates (or any individual who was an employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates at any time during the six (6) months prior to such act of hiring, solicitation or recruitment) for the purpose of being employed by Executive or by any business, individual, partnership, firm, corporation or other entity on whose behalf Executive is acting as an agent, representative or employee and that Executive will not convey any such Confidential Information or trade secrets about other employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates to any other person except within the scope of Executive's duties hereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Executive is not precluded from soliciting any individual who (i) initiates discussions regarding employment on his or her own, (ii) responds to any public advertisement or general solicitation, or (iii) has been terminated by the Company prior to the solicitation.

(d) NON-SOLICITATION OF BUSINESS PARTNERS. During Executive's employment with the Company, and for a period of twelve (12) months thereafter, Executive shall not, without the prior written consent of the Company, persuade or encourage any business partners or business affiliates of the Company or its subsidiaries or affiliates to cease doing business with the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates or to engage in any business competitive with the Company or its subsidiaries or affiliates.

(e) PROPRIETARY RIGHTS; ASSIGNMENT. All Employee Developments are and shall be made for hire by Executive for the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates. "Employee Developments" means any discovery, invention, design, method, technique, improvement, enhancement, development, computer program, machine, algorithm or other work or authorship that (i) relates to the business or operations of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, or (ii) results from or is suggested by any undertaking assigned to Executive or work performed by Executive for or on behalf of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, whether created alone or with others, during or after working hours (including before the Effective Date). All Confidential Information and all Employee Developments shall remain the sole property of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates. Executive has not acquired and shall not acquire any proprietary interest in any Confidential Information or Employee Developments developed or acquired during the Term or during Executive's

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employment with the Company before the Effective Date. To the extent Executive may, by operation of law or otherwise, acquire any right, title or interest in or to any Confidential Information or Employee Development, Executive hereby assigns to the Company all such proprietary rights. Executive shall, both during and after the Term, upon the Company's request, promptly execute and deliver to the Company all such assignments, certificates and instruments, and shall promptly perform such other acts, as the Company may from time to time in its discretion deem necessary or desirable to evidence, establish, maintain, perfect, enforce or defend the Company's rights in Confidential Information and Employee Developments.

(f) COMPLIANCE WITH POLICIES AND PROCEDURES. During the period that Executive is employed with the Company hereunder, Executive shall adhere to the policies and standards of professionalism set forth in the Company's Policies and Procedures as they may exist from time to time.

(g) SURVIVAL OF PROVISIONS. The obligations contained in this Section 2 shall, to the extent provided in this Section 2, survive the termination or expiration of Executive's employment with the Company and, as applicable, shall be fully enforceable thereafter in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. If it is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in any state that any restriction in this Section 2 is excessive in duration or scope or is unreasonable or unenforceable under the laws of that state, it is the intention of the parties that such restriction may be modified or amended by the court to render it enforceable to the maximum extent permitted by the law of that state.

3. TERMINATION OF PRIOR AGREEMENTS/EXISTING CLAIMS. Except for any agreements relating to currently outstanding equity awards as of the date of this Agreement (which remain outstanding, but subject to the terms of this Agreement), this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement

between the parties and, as of the Effective Date, terminates and supersedes any and all prior agreements and understandings (whether written or oral) between the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement. Executive acknowledges and agrees that neither the Company nor anyone acting on its behalf has made, and is not making, and in executing this Agreement, Executive has not relied upon, any representations, promises or inducements except to the extent the same is expressly set forth in this Agreement. Executive hereby represents and warrants to the Company that Executive is not party to any contract, understanding, agreement or policy, whether or not written, with Executive's most-recent employer before the Company (the "Previous Employer") or otherwise, that would be breached by Executive's entering into, or performing services under, this Agreement. Executive further represents that, prior to the Effective Date, (i) he has disclosed in writing to the Company all material existing, pending or threatened claims against him, if any, as a result of his employment with the Previous Employer or his membership on any boards of directors and (ii) no breach by Executive of any of his covenants in Section 2 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of the Previous Employment Agreement has occurred.

4. **ASSIGNMENT; SUCCESSORS.** This Agreement is personal in its nature and none of the parties hereto shall, without the consent of the others, assign or transfer this Agreement or any rights or obligations hereunder, provided that the Company may assign this Agreement to any affiliate of the Company (which affiliate clearly has sufficient assets to satisfy the

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Company's obligations under this Agreement), and, in the event of the merger, consolidation, transfer, or sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company with or to any other individual or entity, this Agreement shall, subject to the provisions hereof, be binding upon and inure to the benefit of such successor and such successor shall discharge and perform all the promises, covenants, duties, and obligations of the Company hereunder, and in the event of any such assignment or transaction, all references herein to the "Company" shall refer to the Company's assignee or successor hereunder.

5. **WITHHOLDING.** The Company shall make such deductions and withhold such amounts from each payment and benefit made or provided to Executive hereunder, as may be required from time to time by applicable law, governmental regulation or order.

6. **HEADING REFERENCES.** Section headings in this Agreement are included herein for convenience of reference only and shall not constitute a part of this Agreement for any other purpose. References to "this Agreement" or the use of the term "hereof" shall refer to these Standard Terms and Conditions and the Employment Agreement attached hereto, taken as a whole.

7. **REMEDIES FOR BREACH.** Executive expressly agrees and understands that Executive will notify the Company in writing of any alleged breach of this Agreement by the Company, and the Company will have thirty (30) days from receipt of Executive's notice to cure any such breach. Executive expressly agrees and understands that in the event of any termination of Executive's employment by the Company during the Term, the Company's contractual obligations to Executive shall be fulfilled through compliance with its obligations under Section 1 of the Standard Terms and Conditions.

Executive expressly agrees and understands that the remedy at law for any breach by Executive of Section 2 of the Standard Terms and Conditions will be inadequate and that damages flowing from such breach are not usually susceptible to being measured in monetary terms. Accordingly, it is acknowledged that, upon Executive's violation of any provision of such Section 2, the Company shall be entitled to obtain from any court of competent jurisdiction immediate injunctive relief and obtain a temporary order restraining any threatened or further breach as well as an equitable accounting of all profits or benefits arising out of such violation. Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to limit the Company's remedies at law or in equity for any breach by Executive of any of the provisions of this Agreement, including Section 2, which may be pursued by or available to the Company.

8. **WAIVER; MODIFICATION.** Failure to insist upon strict compliance with any of the terms, covenants, or conditions hereof shall not be deemed a waiver of such term, covenant, or condition, nor shall any waiver or relinquishment of, or failure to insist upon strict compliance with, any right or power hereunder at any one or more times be deemed a waiver or relinquishment of such right or power at any other time or times. This Agreement shall not be modified in any respect except by a writing executed by each party hereto.

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9. **SEVERABILITY.** In the event that a court of competent jurisdiction determines that any portion of this Agreement is in violation of any law or public policy, only the portions of this Agreement that violate such law or public policy shall be stricken. All portions of this Agreement that do not violate any statute or public policy shall continue in full force and effect. Further, any court order striking any portion of this Agreement shall modify the stricken terms as narrowly as possible to give as much effect as possible to the intentions of the parties under this Agreement.

[The Signature Page Follows]

9

ACKNOWLEDGED AND AGREED:

Date: December 30, 2008

IAC/InterActiveCorp

/s/ Authorized Signatory

By: Authorized Signatory

/s/ Thomas J. McNerney

Pursuant to 17 CFR 240.24b-2, confidential information has been omitted in places marked "[**]" and has been filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to a Confidential Treatment Application filed with the Commission.

Google Services Agreement



Google Inc.
 1600 Amphitheatre Parkway
 Mountain View, CA 94043
 Tel: (650) 623-4000
 Fax: (650) 618-2678

Google SPD Rep: David Graham
Google SPD Director: Sanjay Kapoor
Google Sales Engineer: Julian Bill
Google Legal Contact: Beth Martin,
 Jennifer Nam, James Murdock

CUSTOMER (FULL LEGAL NAME): IAC/InterActiveCorp

Agreement Effective Date:
 January 1, 2008

	<u>Corporate Contact Information:</u>	<u>Billing Contact Information:</u>	<u>Legal Notices to:</u>
Attention:	Greg Blatt	As provided by IAC for each IAC Site Affiliate	Greg Blatt
Title:	EVP, General Counsel		EVP, General Counsel
Address, City, State, Postal Code, Country:	555 W. 18 th Street New York, NY 10011		555 W. 18 th Street New York, NY 10011
Phone:	212-314-7274		212-314-7274
Fax:			
Email:	blatt@iac.com		blatt@iac.com
Technical Contact:	Name: As provided by IAC for each IAC Site Affiliate	Email:	Tel:

Customer Wire Transfer Info (if applicable):

D&B DUNS Number:

VAT/Tax Number:

Initial Services Term: January 1, 2008 – December 31, 2012

[**]

[**]

[**]

[**]

[**]

[**]

[**]

ADSENSE SERVICES

<u>ADSENSE FOR SEARCH ("AFS")</u>	<u>AFS Revenue Share Percentage for Sites (%)</u>	<u>AFS Revenue Share Percentage for Syndicated Sites (%)</u>	<u>Specifications</u>
x AdSense for Search AFS Site: See Exhibit A.	[**]	[**]	Ads/Results Page Minimum Number: [**] See Exhibit B for other AFS Specifications

Confidential

<u>ADSENSE FOR CONTENT ("AFC")</u>	<u>AFC Revenue Share Percentage (%)</u>	<u>Specifications</u>
x AdSense for Content AFC Site: See Exhibit A	[**]	Ads/Results Page Minimum Number: [**] See Exhibit D for AFC Specifications

To Be Completed By Google Finance

Customer PO #:

Currency:

o Credit Check Complete

- x US Dollar
- o Japanese Yen
- o Other:

This Google Services Agreement (“**Agreement**”) is entered into by and between Google Inc., on behalf of itself and its Affiliates (“**Google**”) and IAC/InterActiveCorp, a corporation formed under the laws of Delaware (“**IAC**”). This Agreement, effective as of January 1, 2008 (“**Effective Date**”), sets forth the terms and conditions under which Google makes certain Services available to IAC and certain of its Affiliates.

1. General Definitions.

1.1 “**Above-the-fold**” means that portion of an Internet browser that is visible to any End User at a minimum resolution of 800 by 600 pixels without scrolling within the applicable Web page, as viewed through an Internet browser application considered among the top two (2) most widely used from time to time.

1.2 “**Ads**” or “**Advertising Results**” means advertisements served by Google under the Agreement.

1.3 “**AFC Ads**” means the advertisements provided by Google to the IAC Site Affiliates under this Agreement through Google’s AFC Service.

1.4 “**AFC Percentage**” means the percentage set forth under the title “AFC Revenue Share Percentage” on the Cover Page of this Agreement.

1.5 “**AFC Protocol**” means the protocol provided by Google for accessing the AFC Services, as such protocol may be updated by Google from time to time.

1.6 “**AFC Request**” means a request for AFC Ads (including requests for [**]) in connection with a pageview of a page on which AFC Ads are to be displayed.

1.7 “**AFC Results Set**” means the set of AFC Ads transmitted by Google in response to an AFC Request.

1.8 “**AFC Revenues**” for any period during the Services Term means ad revenues that are recognized by Google in such period and attributed to AFC Ads displayed on the AFC Sites in such period in accordance with the requirements of this Agreement. [**]

1.9 “**AFC Service**” means [**] the AdSense for Content Service.

1.10 “**Affiliate**” means, with respect to either party, any corporation, firm, partnership, person or other entity, whether de jure or de facto, which directly or indirectly owns, is owned by or is under common ownership with such party, and any person, firm, partnership, corporation or other entity actually controlled by, controlling or under common control with such party. [**]

1.11 “**AFS Ads**” means the advertisements provided by Google to the IAC Site Affiliates under this Agreement through Google’s AFS Service.

1.12 “**AFS Percentage for Sites**” means the percentage set forth under the title “AFS Revenue Share Percentage for Sites” on the Cover Page of this Agreement.

1.13 “**AFS Percentage for [**]**” means the percentage set forth under the title “AFS Revenue Share Percentage for [**]” on the Cover Page of this Agreement.

1.14 “**AFS Protocol**” means the protocol provided by Google for accessing the AFS Services, as such protocol may be updated by Google from time to time.

1.15 “**AFS Query**” means a query sent to Google by the IAC Site Affiliates to be processed by Google’s AFS Service as permitted herein.

1.16 “**AFS Results Set**” means the set of AFS Ads transmitted by Google to the IAC Site Affiliates in response to an AFS Query.

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1.17 “**AFS Revenues**” for any period during the Services Term means ad revenues from Sites [**] that are recognized by Google in such period and attributed to AFS Ads displayed on the AFS Sites [**], in such period in accordance with the requirements of this Agreement. [**].

1.18 “**AFS Service**” means, [**] the AdSense for Search Service.

1.19 [**]

1.20 [**]

1.21 “**Brand Features**” means the trade names, trademarks, service marks, logos, domain names, and other distinctive brand features of each party, respectively, as secured by such party from time to time.

1.22 [**]

1.23 “**Client Application**” means any application, plug-in, helper, component or other executable code that runs on user’s computer; examples of Client Applications include those that provide instant messaging, chat, email, data, file viewing, media playing, file sharing, games, internet navigation, search and other services. [**]

1.24 “**Client ID**” means a unique alphanumeric code provided to and used by the IAC Site Affiliates as permitted herein.

1.25 “**Customer Content**” means any editorial, text, graphic, audiovisual, and other content that is served to End Users of the Sites, [**] and that is not provided by Google.

1.26 “**Destination Page**” means any Web page which may be accessed by clicking on any portion of an Advertising Result.

1.27 [***]

1.28 “**End Users**” of a particular Site [***] means individual, human end users who visit or use the applicable Site [***].

1.29 “**Google Administrative Console**” means a password protected area of Google’s website which allows the IAC Site Affiliates to view reports and update contact information [***].

1.30 “**Google Protocols**” means any of Google’s then current protocols for accessing and implementing the Services.

1.31 “**IAC Site Affiliates**” means, at any given time, those of IAC’s Affiliates which (i) operate and manage the day-to-day activities of one or more of the Sites, or (ii) manage the provision of the [***] to one or more of the [***]. In the event IAC either (i) operates and manages the day-to-day activities of one or more of the Sites, or (ii) manages the provision of the [***] to one or more of the [***], then IAC shall also be included in the definition of IAC Site Affiliates.

1.32 “**IAC Party**” means IAC or any of its Affiliates and “**IAC Parties**” means IAC and its Affiliates.

1.33 “**Intellectual Property Rights**” means any and all rights existing from time to time under patent law, copyright law, semiconductor chip protection law, moral rights law, trade secret law, trademark law, unfair competition law, publicity rights law, privacy rights law, and any and all other proprietary rights, as well as, any and all applications, renewals, extensions, restorations and re-instatements thereof, now or hereafter in force and effect worldwide.

1.34 [***]

1.35 “**Query**” or “**Queries**” means the AFS Queries [***].

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1.36 “**Results Page**” means a Web page on which Google Advertising Results are displayed.

1.37 [***]

1.38 “**Services**” means the [***], AFS Service and AFC Service, collectively.

1.39 “**Site(s)**,” as that term is used in this Agreement, means the AFS Site(s) and AFC Site(s) collectively. The “**AFS Site(s)**” and “**AFC Site(s)**” are those websites as set forth in Exhibit A, as the same may be amended from time to time as follows. IAC may add to the list of AFS Sites and/or AFC Sites [***], provided that in each such case, the websites conform to the requirements set forth in this Agreement. With Google’s prior written approval, IAC may add to the list of AFS Sites and/or AFC Sites from time to time [***], provided that the websites conform to the requirements set forth in this Agreement. [***]

1.40 [***]

1.41 [***]

1.42 “**Valid IP Addresses**” means those Internet protocol addresses provided by the IAC Site Affiliates and approved by Google prior to implementation of the applicable Services. The list of Valid IP Addresses may be modified by the IAC Site Affiliates upon forty-eight (48) hours notice to Google via the online Google Administration Console [***] or such other URL as may be updated by Google from time to time.

1.43 [***]

2. AFS Service Provisions

2.1 **Scope of AdSense for Search Services.** Google will provide the IAC Site Affiliates with AFS Ads through its AFS Service for display on the AFS Sites [***] as permitted herein. The parties agree to work in good faith to ensure prompt implementation of the AFS Services on each AFS Site [***]

2.2 **Implementation of AFS Services.** Unless otherwise mutually agreed upon, the IAC Site Affiliates shall implement the AFS Services in a manner that conforms to the AFS Specifications set forth in the cover pages of this Agreement and conforms to Google’s brand treatment guidelines for AFS Services as updated by Google from time to time [***] or such other URL as Google may provide from time to time (“**AFS Guidelines**”), in each case [***] that [***] complies with the reasonable technical and implementation requirements provided by Google from time to time, including those instructions contained in the documentation setting forth the AFS Protocol.

2.3 **AFS Queries.** Unless (and then only to the extent) otherwise approved by Google in writing, IAC understands and agrees and the IAC Site Affiliates shall ensure that: (a) queries sent to Google for processing under its AFS Service [***], and (b) the IAC Site Affiliates shall send such AFS Queries to Google for processing under its AFS Services [***]. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, Google will have no obligation to process AFS Queries that are not sent in compliance with the requirements of this Agreement. [***]

2.4 [***]. Each IAC Site Affiliate shall deliver to Google all of the queries from its [***] and except as otherwise provided herein, display on AFS Sites [***] the number of AFS Ads as set forth on the cover page of the Agreement, as available (or more [***]). To the extent available, AFS Ads shall be provided to each IAC Site Affiliate by Google in response to each AFS Query submitted to Google as described herein. [***]

2.5 Operation of AFS Services. Each IAC Site Affiliate shall ensure that each AFS Query from its Sites will [***] request no fewer than the minimum number of AFS Ads per AFS Results Page stated in the Cover Page(s) of this Agreement. Upon Google's receipt of an AFS Query, Google shall transmit an AFS Results Set with the number of AFS Ads requested by an IAC Site Affiliate, to the extent available, via Google's network interface in accordance with the AFS Protocol. The IAC Site Affiliates shall then display, in each instance, the entire AFS Results Set that corresponds to such AFS Query on the applicable AFS Site [***] in the manner contemplated by this Agreement, without editing, filtering, reordering, truncating, adding content to or otherwise modifying such AFS Results Set, provided that [***].

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2.6 IAC Responsibilities. Google shall not be responsible for receiving queries directly from the IAC Site Affiliates' End Users, for transmission of data between the IAC Site Affiliates and Google's network interface or for displaying the Result Sets to the IAC Site Affiliates' End Users [***]. The IAC Site Affiliates, at their own expense, shall be responsible for providing customer support services to its End Users.

2.7 Labeling, Branding and Attribution. IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates shall ensure that each AFS Ad, or each cluster or grouping of AFS Ads, is unambiguously marked as [***] "Sponsored Listings," [***].

2.8 License to AFS Protocol. Google grants to IAC and the IAC Site Affiliates a limited, nonexclusive and non-sublicensable license during the Services Term to use the AFS Protocol solely for the purpose of transmitting AFS Queries and other required information and receiving AFS Result Sets, as applicable, solely to the extent permitted hereunder. Except to the limited extent expressly provided in this Agreement, Google does not grant, and no IAC Party shall acquire, any right, title or interest (including, without limitation, any implied license) in or to any Google Intellectual Property Rights; and all rights not expressly granted herein are reserved to Google.

3. AFC Service Provisions

3.1 Scope of AdSense for Content Services. [***]

3.2 Implementation of AFC Services. Unless otherwise agreed to by Google in writing, the IAC Site Affiliates shall implement AFC Services in a manner that conforms to the AFC Specifications set forth in the Cover Page(s) of this Agreement and conforms to Google's brand treatment guidelines for AFC Services as updated by Google from time to time [***] (collectively, the "AFC Guidelines") in each case, in a manner which [***] complies with the technical and implementation requirements provided by Google from time to time, including those instructions contained in the documentation setting forth the AFC Protocol.

3.3 AFC Requests. The IAC Site Affiliates shall request and display AFC Ads as provided herein. Each AFC Request must contain [***] provided and used as specified by Google. Upon Google's receipt of an AFC Request as described above, Google will transmit an AFC Results Set which includes the number of AFC Ads requested by IAC Site Affiliates, to the extent available, via Google's network interface in accordance with the AFC Protocol. The IAC Site Affiliates' code shall, in each instance, ensure the display of the entire AFC Results Set that corresponds to such AFC Request in the manner contemplated by this Agreement, without editing, filtering, reordering, truncating, adding content to or otherwise modifying such AFC Results Set. The IAC Site Affiliates will not send more than [***] per pageview unless otherwise authorized by Google. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, Google will have no obligation to process AFC Requests that are not sent in compliance with the requirements of this Agreement. [***]

3.4 Labeling; Branding and Attribution. IAC and the IAC Site Affiliates shall ensure that each AFC Ad, or each cluster or grouping AFC Results Set, is unambiguously identified with the label [***] "Sponsored Listings," [***] or other comparable designation as mutually agreed by the parties [***].

3.5 License to AFC Protocol. Google grants to IAC and the IAC Site Affiliates a limited, nonexclusive and non-sublicensable license during the Services Term to use the AFC Protocol solely for the purpose of transmitting AFC Requests and other required information and receiving AFC Results Sets solely to the extent permitted hereunder. Except to the limited extent expressly provided in this Agreement, Google does not grant, and no IAC Party shall acquire, any right, title or interest (including, without limitation, any implied license) in or to any Google Intellectual Property Rights; and all rights not expressly granted herein are reserved to Google.

4. Services Implementation. The IAC Site Affiliates shall implement the Services in accordance with this Agreement. If Google notifies an IAC Site Affiliate of an implementation problem on its Sites, [***]. The IAC Site Affiliates shall [***] implement adequate corrective modifications to solve any such implementation problem as reasonably required by Google. The IAC Site Affiliates shall [***] monitor and immediately disable any access or use by third parties that is not in compliance with this Agreement (including without limitation, spammers or any third party websites) (such access or use, "Unauthorized Use"). If Google notifies an IAC Site Affiliate of Unauthorized Use on its Sites, then IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliate shall immediately disable such Unauthorized Use.

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5. Ownership, Rights. The IAC Site Affiliates shall (i) own and control [***] percent [***] of the Site(s) [***], and (ii) otherwise have and maintain throughout the Services Term all rights, authorizations and licenses that are required with respect to the Site(s), [***] to permit Google to perform the Services contemplated under this Agreement.

6. Customer Content. Site [***] content controlled by the IAC Site Affiliates shall not contain any obscene, hate-related or excessively violent content or contain any other material, products or services that violate or encourage conduct that would violate any criminal laws, any other applicable laws, or any third party rights ("Unacceptable Content"). [***]

7. [***]

7.1 [***]

(a) [***]

(b) [***]

(c) [***]

7.2 [***]

(a) [***]

(b) [***]

(c) [***]

(d) [***]

8. [***]

8.1 [***]

8.1.1 [***]

8.1.2 [***]

8.2 [***]

8.3 [***]

9. **Beta Features.** Certain Services may include Beta Features [***]. Beta Features are provided “as is” and any use thereof shall be undertaken solely at IAC’s and/or an IAC Site Affiliate’s own risk. Google reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to include or cease providing Beta Features as part of any Services at any time.

10. **Prohibited Actions.** IAC and the IAC Site Affiliates shall not [***]:

10.1 edit, modify, truncate, filter or change the order of the information contained in any Advertising Results (either individually or collectively) [***];

10.2 frame any Results Page or Destination Page as a separate HTML document within a frame;

10.3 redirect an End User away from the Destination Page, provide a version of the Destination Page different from the page an End User would access by going directly to the Destination Page, intersperse any content between an Advertising Result and the corresponding Destination Page or implement any click tracking or other monitoring of Advertising Results [***];

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10.4 display any Advertising Results in pop-up, pop-under, exit windows, expanding buttons, or animation;

10.5 display any Advertising Results to any third parties other than End Users;

10.6 minimize, remove or otherwise inhibit the full and complete display of any Advertising Results, and the corresponding Destination Pages;

10.7 [***];

10.8 directly or indirectly access, launch and/or activate the Services through or from, or otherwise incorporate the Services in, any software application, website or other means other than the Sites [***];

10.9 transfer, sell, lease, syndicate, sub-syndicate, lend, or use for co-branding, timesharing, service bureau or other unauthorized purposes any Services or access thereto (including, but not limited to [***] Advertising Results, or any part, copy or derivative thereof) [***];

10.10 [***];

10.11 directly or indirectly generate queries, or impressions of or clicks on Search or Advertising Results, through any automated, deceptive, fraudulent or other invalid means (including, but not limited to, click spam, robots, macro programs, and Internet agents [***];

10.12 [***];

10.13 encourage or require End Users or any other persons, either with or without their knowledge, to click on Advertising Results or enter queries through offering incentives or any methods that are deceptive or fraudulent (each of the foregoing in subsections 10.11, 10.12 and 10.13 a “**Fraudulent Act**”) [***];

10.14 modify, adapt, translate, prepare derivative works from, decompile, reverse engineer, disassemble or otherwise attempt to derive source code from any Services, the Google Protocol, or any other Google technology, content, data, routines, algorithms, methods, ideas design, user interface techniques, software, materials, and documentation [***];

10.15 remove, deface, obscure, or alter Google’s copyright notice, trademarks or other proprietary rights notices affixed to or provided as a part of any Services, the Google Protocol, or any other Google technology, software, materials and documentation;

10.16 “crawl”, “spider”, index or in any non-transitory manner store or cache Advertising Results, or any part, copy or derivative thereof; or

10.17 create or attempt to create a substitute or similar service or product through use of or access to any of the Services or proprietary information related thereto [***].

10.18 [***]

11. [***]

12. [***] **Tracking.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, Google may track the performance of Ads displayed on the Sites [***].

13. Filters.

13.1 Initial Blocklist. IAC Site Affiliates may, at their option, provide Google with a list of URLs for URL Blocking (the “**Blocklist**”), which initial Blocklist for each Client ID is attached hereto as **Exhibit F**. [***] Google will use commercially reasonable efforts to exclude from Ads served under this Agreement Ads that contain the URLs set forth in **Exhibit F**; provided that in all cases, the parties

acknowledge and agree that there will be occasions where Ads are not excluded in accordance with this section despite the commercially reasonable efforts of Google [***].

13.2 Updates to Blocklist. IAC Site Affiliates may request that Google update the Blocklist no more than once every [***] days for Sites, and no more than once every [***] days for [***]. Google will add each set of URLs to the Blocklist [***] of Google’s receipt of such update request [***].

13.3 Other Filters. Certain Services may contain other filtering capability, including, without limitation, SafeSearch, Country Restrict, Language Restrict, and AdSafe. [***]. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if IAC or an IAC Site Affiliate elects to enable any such filters, (a) it is that party’s responsibility to enable such features in accordance with the instructions provided by Google in the applicable Service protocol, and (b) Google cannot and does not make any representation, warranty or covenant that all results will be limited to results elected by enabling such filter(s). For example, but without limiting the foregoing, if an IAC Site Affiliate elects SafeSearch, Country Restrict, Language Restrict and/or AdSafe, Google cannot ensure and does not make any representation, warranty or covenant that all results will be limited to the countries or languages selected or that all objectionable results will be prevented.

14. Updates or Modifications.

14.1 [***]

14.1.1 [***]

14.1.2 [***]

14.1.3 [***]

14.1.4 [***]

14.2 [***]

14.3 To the Sites. IAC and each IAC Site Affiliate may update the design, content or underlying technology of the Sites in a manner consistent with its obligations contained herein; provided that IAC and/or each IAC Site Affiliate agrees that it shall keep Google informed of all planned material updates to such Sites which can reasonably be expected to impact the Services.

15. Assignment of Client IDs. [***]

16. Test Queries.

16.1 Google Test Queries. During the Services Term, Google shall have the right to send uncompensated queries (to test both the AFS and AFC Services) using automated processes to the Sites, [***] in order to verify that Ads are being served in compliance with the terms of this Agreement, to monitor or optimize the Services, and to enable Google to respond to IAC’s and/or the IAC Site Affiliates’ requests to test products or services on the Sites, [***]. During each month of the Services Term, Google may (i) send uncompensated queries and if so, shall use commercially reasonable efforts to send an amount no greater than [***] percent [***] of the total number of Queries and AFC Requests, during such month; and (ii) conduct automated testing of the Sites, [***] from a block of pre-identified IP Addresses.

16.2 [***]

17. Reports. Google will provide each IAC Site Affiliate with up-to-date online status reports via the Google Administrative Console for each [***] IAC Site Affiliate. [***]

18. Data.

18.1 Definition of IAC Data. The parties agree that, as between IAC and Google, any data or information [***] prior to or during the Services Term, including, without limitation, data or information [***] but not data from [***]. In addition, as between Google and IAC, any data or information [***] under this Agreement [***].

18.2 Definition of Google Data. The parties agree that, as between IAC and Google, any data or information [***] without limitation, data or information from [***]

18.3 Permitted and Prohibited Uses.

18.3.1 IAC Data. [***]

18.3.2 Google Data. [***]

18.3.3 [***]

18.3.4 [***]

18.3.5 Legally Required Uses. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary herein, either party may use the [***] to the extent required by law, in order to comply with legal process, preventing fraud or imminent harm, and ensuring the security of its network and services.

19. [***]

20. Additional Features

20.1 [***]

20.2 [***]

20.3 [***] IAC and the IAC Site Affiliates shall comply with the Policy Guidelines [***] attached hereto as **Exhibit I.** [***] may be updated from time to time during the Services Term, as further described in the Guidelines [***].

20.4 [***]

20.5 [***]

20.6 [***]

21. Payment.

21.1 Fees and Payment Timeframes.

21.1.1 [***]

21.1.2 AdSense for Search. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, for each month during the Services Term, the fees shall be (i) the AFS Percentage for Sites of AFS Revenues from the Sites, and (ii) AFS Percentage for Syndicated Sites of AFS Revenues from the Syndicated Sites, attributable to such month. For each new AFS Site, Google's obligation to make payments under this Section shall not commence until Google's technical personnel provide written approval of an IAC Site Affiliate's initial implementation of the AFS Service on such new AFS Site, which shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. [***] For the avoidance of doubt, actual payments (i.e., which entity receives payment for which AFS Site) shall be in accordance with Section 21.3.

21.1.3 AdSense for Content. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, for each month during the Services Term, the fees shall be the AFC Percentage of AFC Revenues attributable to such month. For each new AFC Site, Google's obligation to make payments under this Section shall not commence until Google's technical personnel provide written approval of an IAC Site Affiliate's initial implementation of the AFC Service on such new AFC Site, which shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. [***] For the avoidance of doubt, actual payments (i.e., which entity receives payment for which AFC Site) shall be in accordance with Section 21.3.

21.2 Non-Qualifying Ads. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, Google shall not be liable for payment in connection with (a) any amounts which result from invalid queries, or invalid impressions of (or

clicks on) Ads, generated by any person, bot, automated program or similar device, including, without limitation, through any Fraudulent Act, in each case as reasonably determined by Google [***] or (b) impressions of Ads or clicks on Ads delivered through an implementation which is not initially approved by Google pursuant to this Agreement or subsequently fails to meet Google's implementation requirements and specifications, [***]. The number of Queries, and impressions of and clicks on Ads, as reported by Google, shall be the number used in calculating payments hereunder. [***]

21.3 Methods of Payment.

21.3.1 Payments to Google. All monthly payments due to Google shall be in the currency specified herein. Any charges for converting foreign currency shall be the responsibility of IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates and shall be invoiced accordingly. If paid in US dollars, payments to Google shall be made via wire transfer with the following instructions:

21.3.2 Payments to IAC. Payments to IAC, or the IAC Site Affiliate as applicable, shall be made monthly pursuant to the wire transfer instructions specified on the Cover Page of this Agreement. IAC may provide different payment instructions for different Sites [***]. For any Site which received Services prior to the Effective Date, Google shall make payments pursuant to the pre-existing payment instructions. In addition, Google may, at its option, offset any payment obligations to IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates that Google may incur hereunder against any product or service fees (including late fees) owed and not yet paid by IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates under this Agreement, in addition to whatever other rights and remedies Google may have hereunder. In addition, Google reserves the right to withhold and offset against its payment obligations hereunder, or require IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates to pay to Google (within thirty (30) days of any invoice therefor), any amounts Google may have overpaid to IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates in prior periods.

21.4 Taxes and Other Charges. All payments under the Agreement are exclusive of taxes imposed by any governmental entity. IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates shall pay any applicable taxes, including sales, use, personal property, value-added, excise, customs fees, import duties or stamp duties or other taxes and duties imposed by governmental entities of whatever kind and imposed with respect to the transactions for services provided under the Agreement, including penalties and interest, but specifically excluding taxes based upon Google's net income. When Google has the legal obligation to collect any applicable taxes, the appropriate amount shall be invoiced to and paid by IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates "net thirty (30) days" from the date of invoice or other notification. IAC and the IAC Site Affiliates shall promptly provide Google with such documentation as may be required by the applicable governmental entity in order for Google to process payments hereunder (including, without limitation, a valid certificate of exemption from obligation to pay taxes as authorized by the appropriate governmental entity), and Google may withhold any payments required to be made hereunder until IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates has provided such documentation. IAC and the IAC Site Affiliates shall promptly provide Google with original or certified copies of all tax payments or other sufficient evidence of tax payments at the time such payments are made pursuant to the Agreement.

21.5 Audit rights.

21.5.1 [***]

21.5.2 Google Audit Rights. Upon fifteen (15) business days prior written notice, Google, at its own expense, may retain a nationally recognized independent auditor (whose fees are not contingency based) to review and audit IAC's and/or an IAC Site Affiliate's relevant records to verify IAC's and/or an IAC Site Affiliate's compliance with the requirement to [***]. Such audit shall: (a) be subject to IAC's and/or an IAC Site Affiliate's reasonable security and confidentiality requirements; (b) occur no more than once every six (6) months and not during the first or last three (3) weeks of a calendar quarter, but if two (2) successive audits show that IAC and the IAC Site Affiliates are in compliance, then the frequency of audits shall occur no more than once every twelve (12) months, and (c) transpire during IAC's and/or an IAC Site Affiliate's normal business hours. If the audit results in showing non-compliance with [***], then IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates shall remedy and pay for the reasonable costs associated with such audit.

21.5.3 Officer's Certificate. At Google's written request, but no more often than once every calendar quarter during the Term, IAC shall provide Google with a written certificate signed by an authorized officer of IAC that certifies as of the date of such certificate the IAC Site Affiliates are compliance with [***].

21.6 [***]

22. Confidentiality; PR.

22.1 Confidential Information. Each party (the "Receiving Party") understands that the other party (the "Disclosing Party") has disclosed or may disclose information of a confidential nature including, without limitation, data or other materials that is (a) clearly and conspicuously marked as "confidential" or with a similar designation; (b) is identified by the Disclosing Party as confidential and/or proprietary before, during, or promptly after presentation or communication; or (c) is disclosed in a manner which the Discloser reasonably communicated, or the Receiving Party should reasonably have understood under the circumstances that the disclosure should be treated as confidential, whether or not the specific designation "confidential" or any similar designation is used ("Confidential Information").

22.2 Disclosure and Use. Except with the prior written consent of the Disclosing Party, neither party shall (i) disclose any Confidential Information other than to employees and contractors who have a need to know and any disclosure to contractors may only be to contractors who have signed a non-disclosure agreement to protect the confidential information of third parties; (ii) make copies or allow others to make copies of such Confidential Information except as is reasonably necessary for internal business purposes to fulfill the obligations of this Agreement; or (iii) remove or export any such Confidential Information from the country of the Receiving Party to the extent prohibited by applicable export laws. The Receiving Party shall treat the Confidential Information with at least the same degree of care and protection as it would use with respect to its own Confidential Information of a similar nature, but in no event less than a reasonable standard of care. The foregoing obligations shall survive for a period of [***] years following the termination or expiration of this Agreement, except in the case of source code, in which case the foregoing obligations shall be perpetual. In addition, nothing in this Agreement shall prohibit or limit either party's use or disclosure of information (a) previously known to it without obligation of confidence, (b) independently developed by or for it without use of or access to the other party's Confidential Information, (c) acquired by it from a third party which is not under an obligation of confidence with respect to such information, or (d) which is or becomes publicly available through no breach of this Agreement. A party may disclose Confidential Information that is required to be disclosed by operation of law, court order or other governmental demand provided the Disclosing Party is given prompt notice of such requirement and the scope of such disclosure is limited to the extent possible. Each party shall use Confidential Information of the other party solely for the purposes of fulfilling its obligations or exercising its rights under this Agreement or as expressly permitted in this Agreement.

22.3 Injunctive Relief. The parties acknowledge and agree that breach of this Section 22 may cause irreparable injury for which monetary damages are not an adequate remedy. Accordingly, each party may seek injunctive relief and any other available equitable remedies to enforce the provisions of this section, without posting a bond if otherwise required by law.

22.4 Confidentiality of Agreement. Each party agrees that the terms of this Agreement shall be deemed Confidential Information of the other party, provided that in addition to the permitted disclosures under Section 13.2, either party may disclose the terms of this Agreement (i) if required to do so by law or generally accepted accounting principles, (ii) as required to assert its rights hereunder, and (iii) to its own directors, employees, attorneys, accountants, and other advisors on a “need to know” basis and under an obligation of confidentiality no less stringent than set forth herein. Each party agrees that the Disclosing Party will be given prompt notice of any disclosure made pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) above, and that any such disclosure shall be limited to the extent possible. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that IAC is required to file a copy of this Agreement or a summary of this Agreement with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the parties shall create a mutually agreeable redacted Agreement or a mutually agreeable summary that complies with applicable laws and regulations.

22.5 PR. Neither party shall issue any press release or other public statement [***] in connection with this Agreement without the other party’s prior review and approval.

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23. Intellectual Property; Brand Feature Licenses.

23.1 Google Rights. As between the IAC Parties and Google, IAC agrees that no IAC Party will claim or acquire, based on this Agreement or use of the Services hereunder, any right, title or interest in the Services or to the Intellectual Property Rights associated with the Services, except for the limited use rights expressly set forth in this Agreement. The IAC Parties shall not modify, adapt, translate, prepare derivative works from, decompile, reverse engineer, disassemble or otherwise attempt to derive source code of the Services, any Google Protocols, Google Brand Features, or any other software, or documentation associated with the Services. The IAC Parties will not remove, obscure, or alter Google’s copyright notice, trademarks, or other proprietary rights notices affixed to or contained within any Google Services, software, or documentation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, to the extent that an IAC Party owns Intellectual Property Rights, this Agreement is not a grant of license to Google of any of those rights, nor does anything in this Agreement serve as a waiver of those rights.

23.2 IAC Rights. As between Google and the IAC Parties, Google agrees that it will not claim or acquire, based on this Agreement or provision of the Services hereunder, any right, title and interest in (i) the Intellectual Property Rights associated with the Customer Content; and (ii) the Customer Content, except for the limited use rights expressly set forth in this Agreement. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, to the extent that Google owns Intellectual Property Rights, this Agreement is not a grant of license to any IAC Party of any of those rights except as expressly provided for herein, nor does anything in this Agreement serve as a waiver of those rights.

23.3 Brand Feature License. Each party will submit all materials of any kind containing the other party’s Brand Features to the other party for approval prior to each distribution. Except as set forth in this Section, nothing in this Agreement shall grant or shall be deemed to grant to one party any right, title or interest in or to the other party’s Brand Features. All use by Google of any IAC or IAC Site Affiliate Brand Features (including any goodwill associated therewith) shall inure to the benefit of IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates and all use of Google’s Brand Features (including any goodwill associated therewith) shall inure to the benefit of Google. At no time during or after the Services Term shall one party assert rights in the Brand Features of the other party (except to the extent this restriction is prohibited by applicable law) or the registration thereof by the other party, nor shall either party attempt to register any Brand Features or domain names that are confusingly similar to those of the other party.

23.3.1 License to Google Brand Features. Subject to the limitations set forth herein, Google hereby grants IAC a nontransferable, nonexclusive license during the term to: (a) use Google’s name in securities filings and documents that are required by law; (b) use Google’s name in press releases (to the extent permitted under Section 22 (Confidentiality)); and (c) include Google’s Brand Features in presentations and marketing materials; provided that in each instance described in Sections 23.3.1(b) and 23.3.1(c) of IAC’s use and/or display of any Google Brand Feature, Google provides its advance written approval of all such advertising and messaging activities, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Unless otherwise permitted in advance by Google in writing, IAC shall not use or display any Google Brand Features, and unless otherwise permitted in advance by IAC in writing, Google shall not include any Google Brand Features in any Result Set or any Ad. For the avoidance of doubt, no IAC Party shall use any Google Brand Features in any manner in connection with [***].

23.3.2 License to IAC Brand Features. Except for the right to include IAC, its Affiliates (which use the Services under this Agreement) and the Sites on a list of customers who use the Services, this Agreement does not grant Google any rights to reference or use any IAC Party’s Brand Features. IAC’s and/or an IAC Site Affiliate’s license to Google shall be expressly limited to Google specifically referencing IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates as a customer only of the Services and shall not include any reference that IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates utilizes any other Google product or any reference that is ambiguous enough to cause confusion as to whether IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates uses any other Google product other than the Services pursuant to this Agreement.

24. Warranties, Disclaimers.

24.1 Google Warranties, Disclaimers. Google warrants that it has full power and authority to enter into this Agreement and perform its obligations hereunder. GOOGLE MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE, AND NONINFRINGEMENT.

24.2 IAC Warranties, Disclaimers. IAC warrants (i) that it has full power and authority to enter into this Agreement and perform its obligations hereunder, and (ii) IAC Parties shall use information

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provided by Google (including, without limitation, Results Sets) in a manner that complies with applicable laws. IAC AND THE IAC SITE AFFILIATES MAKE NO OTHER WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE, AND NONINFRINGEMENT.

25. Indemnification.

25.1 Google Indemnities. Google will defend (or at its option settle), indemnify and hold harmless IAC and its Affiliates (which are receiving the Services under this Agreement) and their respective officers, directors, employees and agents from and against any action, loss, cost, claim, demand, liability or expense, including reasonable attorney's fees, from a third party lawsuit or proceeding brought against IAC and/or the IAC Site Affiliates arising from a claim that: [***] the Services or any Google Brand Feature infringes any [***] copyright, trade secret or trademark of such third party (an "**IP Claim**"); [***].

25.2 [***].

25.3 IAC Indemnities. In addition to IAC's indemnification obligations in **Exhibit H** [***], IAC will defend (or at its option settle), indemnify and hold harmless Google and its Affiliates and their respective officers, directors, employees and agents from and against any action, loss, cost, claim, demand, liability, or expense, including reasonable attorney's fees, from any third party lawsuit or proceeding brought against Google arising from: (a) a claim that the use of the [***] Customer Content, Sites, [***] and/or IAC Party Brand Features infringe any patent, copyright, trade secret or trademark of such third party unless such claim is solely caused by IAC's and/or an IAC Parties' use of the Services in accordance with this Agreement; (b) An IAC Party's use of the Services in breach of the Agreement or use of the [***] other than as instructed by Google; and/or (c) an IAC Party's unauthorized use of information provided by Google violates applicable data protection laws.

25.4 General. Indemnification shall be provided for any claim covered under this section and shall be limited to (i) payment by the indemnifying party ("**Indemnitor**") of all damages and costs finally awarded (including reasonable attorney's fees) for such claim, or (ii) settlement costs approved in writing by the Indemnitor. The indemnification obligations set forth in this Agreement shall not apply to the extent Indemnitor has been prejudiced by the failure of the party seeking indemnification ("**Indemnitee**") to: (i) promptly notify the Indemnitor of such claim, (ii) provide the Indemnitor with reasonable information, assistance and cooperation in defending the lawsuit or proceeding, and (iii) give the Indemnitor full control and sole authority over the defense and settlement of such claim. The Indemnitee may join in defense with counsel of its choice at its own expense. Neither party shall agree to any settlement that admits wrongdoing by the other party or that imposes any non-monetary obligations, or any monetary obligations not indemnified by the other party, on the other party. The Indemnitor shall only reimburse the Indemnitee for expenses incurred by the Indemnitee with the Indemnitor's prior written approval.

25.5 IP Claims. [***]

25.6 THIS SECTION 25 STATES THE PARTIES' ENTIRE LIABILITY AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY WITH RESPECT TO VIOLATION OF A THIRD PARTY'S INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS [***].

26. Limitation of Liability.

26.1 Limitation.

26.1.1 SUBJECT TO SECTION 26.2, NEITHER PARTY WILL BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, EXEMPLARY OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO DAMAGES FOR LOST DATA OR LOST PROFITS, HOWEVER CAUSED AND UNDER ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CONTRACT OR TORT (INCLUDING PRODUCTS LIABILITY, STRICT LIABILITY AND NEGLIGENCE), AND WHETHER OR NOT SUCH PARTY WAS OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN AWARE OR ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE AND NOTWITHSTANDING THE FAILURE OF ESSENTIAL PURPOSE OF ANY LIMITED REMEDY STATED HEREIN.

26.1.2 SUBJECT TO SECTION 26.2, IN NO EVENT SHALL EITHER PARTY'S LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT EXCEED [***].

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26.2 Exclusions to Limitations. Unless and then only to the extent expressly stated in this Agreement, nothing in this Agreement shall exclude or limit, and Sections 26.1.1 and 26.1.2 do not limit, either party's liability for:

(a) amounts payable pursuant to Section 25 (Indemnification) provided, however, that in no event shall (i) Google's liability for any or all claims arising out of Google's indemnification obligations with regard to the [***] exceed [***] and (ii) Google's liability for any or all claims arising out of Google's indemnification obligations with regard to [***] exceed [***];

(b) amounts payable pursuant to the indemnification provisions set forth in **Exhibit H** [***];

(c) breaches of Section 23 (Intellectual Property, Brand Feature Licenses);

(d) breaches of Section 22 (Confidentiality); and

(e) any material breach (for which prompt notice has been given) by either party with respect to which the breaching party acts with [***], in each case in breach of the Agreement. This Section 26.2(e) shall only apply for damages that cannot be mitigated despite the non-breaching party's commercially reasonable efforts and if the non-breaching party terminates the Agreement, provided, however, that in no event shall either party's exposure under this Section exceed [***] with respect to the [***] immediately preceding the date on which a claim arising out of the AFS or AFC Services arises ([***], in which case the relevant measurement period shall be the most recent [***] prior to such material and negative impact). The non-breaching party may not seek damages incurred earlier than [***] prior to filing such claim under this Section. Any claim arising out of the [***] shall be not be subject to this Section 26.2(e).

(f) any material breach (for which prompt notice has been given) by either party with respect to which the breaching party [***]. This Section 26.2(f) shall only apply for damages that cannot be mitigated despite the non-breaching party's commercially reasonable efforts, provided, however, that in no event shall either party's exposure under this Section 26.2(f) exceed [***]. The non-breaching party may not seek damages incurred earlier than [***] prior to filing a claim under this Section. Any claim, other than claims addressed by subsections (a), (b), (c) and (d) above, arising out of the [***] shall be subject to this Section 26.2(f).

26.3 No Addition of Liabilities. The limitations of liabilities set forth in the Agreement shall not be additive. Each party's aggregate liability for all claims under the Agreement may never exceed the liability cap ascribed to those claims, and together may never exceed the highest applicable liability cap [***].

26.4 Allocation of Risk. The parties agree that this Section 26 represents a reasonable allocation of risk.

27. Term; Termination Provisions.

27.1 Services Term. The term of this Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and shall continue for the period of the Initial Services Term stated above, unless earlier terminated as provided in this Agreement. Thereafter, this Agreement may be renewed only upon a definitive written agreement signed by the parties. For purposes of this Agreement, the term of any renewal hereunder is referred to as the "**Renewal Term**," and the Initial Services Term, together with the Renewal Term, if any, may also be referred to as the "**Services Term**" or "**Term**."

27.2 General Termination Provisions. Either party may suspend performance, in whole or in part, or terminate this Agreement in full with written notice: (i) if the other party materially breaches the Agreement and fails to cure such breach within [***] after receiving written notice thereof; (ii) if the other party becomes insolvent or makes any assignment for the benefit of creditors or similar transfer evidencing insolvency, or suffers or permits the commencement of any form of insolvency or receivership proceeding, or has any petition under bankruptcy law filed against it, which petition is not dismissed within sixty (60) days of such filing, or has a trustee, administrator or receiver appointed for its business or assets or any part thereof; (iii) if the other party materially breaches the Agreement with respect to Section 23 (Intellectual Property; Brand Features License) and fails to cure such breach within [***] after receiving written notice thereof and such failure causes more than de minimus harm to the non-breaching party; (iv) if the other party materially breaches the Agreement with respect to Section 22 (Confidentiality); or (v) if the other party is in material breach (and has received notice thereof) of the Agreement with respect to [***].

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27.3 Google Right to Cease Providing Services to Certain Jurisdictions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in addition to the termination rights granted above in Section 27.2, Google may cease provision of the Services for use in a particular jurisdiction upon [***] written notice to IAC if Google reasonably determines that it would be illegal to continue providing the Services in light of applicable laws of that jurisdiction.

27.4 IAC Termination Rights. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in addition to the termination rights granted above in Section 27.2, IAC may terminate the Agreement if Google fails to cure any material breach of the [***] set forth in this Agreement within [***] calendar days after receipt of written notice from IAC of such breach.

27.5 Rights upon Termination. Upon the expiration or termination of the Agreement for any reason: (i) all rights and licenses granted by either party shall cease immediately; (ii) except as otherwise expressly permitted in Section [***] and [***], each party shall promptly return to the other party, or destroy and certify the destruction of, all Confidential Information of the other party; and (iii) each party's rights to use any of the other party's Brand Features, as permitted under the Agreement, shall cease immediately.

28. Miscellaneous Provisions.

28.1 Compliance with Laws. Each party shall comply with all laws, rules and regulations, if any, applicable to it in connection with the performance of its obligations under the Agreement.

28.2 Notices. All notices shall be in English and in writing and (a) if sent to IAC to the address identified on the Cover Page of this Agreement with a copy to IAC Legal, or as otherwise provided by IAC for various IAC Site Affiliates, and (b) if sent to Google to such address as provided at: www.google.com/corporate/address.html or as otherwise provided in writing for such notice purposes; provided, however, that all invoices and payments shall be sent to the attention of Google Finance, all legal notices shall be sent to the attention of the Google Legal Department, and all other correspondence shall be sent to the attention of the account manager specified by Google. Notice shall be deemed given (i) upon receipt when delivered personally, (ii) upon written verification of receipt from overnight courier, (iii) upon verification of receipt of registered or certified mail or (iv) upon verification of receipt via facsimile, provided that such notice is also sent simultaneously via first class mail. Either party may update addresses for purposes of notices with written notice to the other party.

28.3 Assignment.

28.3.1 Prohibited Assignment. Neither party shall assign or otherwise transfer its rights or obligations under the Agreement, in whole or in part, without the other party's prior written approval and any attempt to do so will be null and void. For purposes of this section, an assignment will be deemed to include, without limitation, any transaction in which another party or parties acquire the direct or indirect power to direct the management and policies of IAC or Google ("**Controlling Interest**"), whether by way of merger, consolidation, change of control, sale of all or substantially all of IAC's or Google's securities or assets, contract, management agreement or otherwise. [***]

28.3.2 [***]

28.3.3 [***]

28.4 [***]

28.5 Sale of an Asset. In the event IAC and/or an IAC Site Affiliate sells or transfers whether by way of merger, consolidation, change of control, sale of securities or assets, contract, management agreement or otherwise [***] any Site, then such website shall no longer constitute a Site under this Agreement [***].

28.6 Management Committee. [***]

28.7 Governing Law. The laws of California, excluding California's choice of law rules, and applicable federal U.S. laws shall govern the Agreement. Each party agrees to submit to the personal and exclusive jurisdiction of the courts located in Santa Clara County, California. The parties specifically exclude from application to the Agreement the United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of

Goods and the Uniform Computer Information Transactions Act. The parties agree to waive trial by jury. For any lawsuit for which there is concurrent jurisdiction in state and federal court, the parties agree to litigate in federal court, provided that in no event shall a party be required to split claims from a single lawsuit.

28.8 Equitable Relief. Either party may seek equitable relief, including temporary restraining orders or injunctions, in addition to all other remedies, for breach or threatened breach of an IAC Party's exclusivity obligations contained in this Agreement or either party's obligations contained in Sections 23 (Intellectual Property; Brand Feature License) or Section 22 (Confidentiality) of this Agreement.

28.9 Entire Agreement. The parties agree that the Amended and Restated Advertising Services Agreement between Google and Ask Jeeves, Inc. dated July 26, 2004 ("**Existing Agreement**") shall remain in effect until December 31, 2007 unless otherwise terminated as permitted in the Existing Agreement. As of January 1, 2008, this Agreement shall supersede any other prior or collateral agreements, whether oral or written, with respect to the subject matter hereof and this Agreement (including any exhibits and attachments thereto), and any terms located at Google URLs referenced pursuant to the Agreement (which are all incorporated herein by reference), shall constitute the entire agreement with respect to the subject matter hereof, and any terms contained in any related purchase order(s) or other documents pertaining to the subject matter of this Agreement shall be null and void. In the event of a conflict, inconsistency or contradiction between a term located at a Google URL incorporated by reference herein and a term in the body of this Agreement, the term of this Agreement shall control. The captions and headings used in this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

28.10 Amendments. Any amendments or modifications to the Agreement must (i) be in writing; (ii) refer to the Agreement; and (iii) be executed by an authorized representative of each party.

28.11 [*]**

28.12 No Waiver. The failure to require performance of any provision shall not affect a party's right to require performance at any time thereafter; nor shall waiver of a breach of any provision constitute a waiver of the provision itself.

28.13 Severability. If any provision is adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable, invalid or otherwise contrary to law, such provision shall be interpreted so as to best accomplish its intended objectives and the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

28.14 Survival. The following sections of this Agreement will survive any expiration or termination of this Agreement: Sections 18 (Data), 21 (Payment), 22 (Confidentiality; PR), 24 (Warranties; Disclaimers), 25 (Indemnification) to the extent a claim arises during the Services Term, 26 (Limitation of Liability) and 28 (Miscellaneous).

28.15 Independent Contractors. The parties hereto are and shall remain independent contractors and nothing herein shall be deemed to create any agency, partnership, or joint venture relationship between the parties. Neither party shall be deemed to be an employee or legal representative of the other nor shall either party have any right or authority to create any obligation on behalf of the other party.

28.16 No Third Party Beneficiaries. The Agreement is not intended to benefit, nor shall it be deemed to give rise to, any rights in any third party.

28.17 Force Majeure. Neither party shall be liable for failing or delaying performance of its obligations (except for the payment of money) resulting from any condition beyond its reasonable control, including but not limited to, governmental action, acts of terrorism, earthquake, fire, flood or other acts of God, labor conditions, power failures, and Internet disturbances.

28.18 IAC and IAC Site Affiliates. IAC's rights and remedies set forth in this Agreement are cumulative and not duplicative and may be enforced solely by IAC and not by an IAC Site Affiliate and IAC shall be liable for the performance of the IAC Site Affiliates under this Agreement.

28.19 Successors; Counterparts; Drafting; General. The Agreement (a) shall be binding on and inure to the benefit of each of the parties and their respective successors and assigns; (b) may be executed in counterparts, including facsimile counterparts, each of which will be deemed an original and all of which when taken together will constitute one and the same instrument; and (c) shall be construed as if both parties jointly wrote it.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement by persons duly authorized.

Google: **GOOGLE INC.**

Customer: **IAC/InterActiveCorp**

By: /s/ Omid Kordestani

By: /s/ Greg Blatt

Print Name: Omid Kordestani

Print Name: Greg Blatt

Date: November 8, 2007

Date: November 8, 2007

List of Exhibits Attached Hereto:

Exhibit A

[***]

Exhibit B

[***]

Exhibit C

[***]

Exhibit D

[***]

Exhibit E

[***]

Exhibit F

[***]

Exhibit G

[***]

Exhibit H

[***]

Exhibit I

[***]

Exhibit J

[***]

Exhibit K

[***]

Exhibit L

[***]

Exhibit M

[***]

Exhibit A

[***]

Exhibit B

[***]

Exhibit C

[***]

Exhibit D

[***]

24

Exhibit E

[***]

25

Exhibit F

[***]

26

Exhibit G

[***]

27

Exhibit H

[***]

28

Exhibit I

[***]

29

Exhibit J

[***]

30

Exhibit K

[***]

31

Exhibit L

[***]

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IAC/InterActiveCorp Subsidiaries
(as of December 31, 2008)

Entity	Jurisdiction of Formation
8831-8833 Sunset, LLC	Delaware
Aqua Acquisition Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Black Web Enterprises Inc.	Delaware
Brain Buster Enterprises, LLC	Florida
Citysearch, LLC	Delaware
CollegeHumor Press LLC	Maryland
Comedy News Ventures, Inc.	Delaware
Connect, LLC	Delaware
Connected Ventures, LLC	Delaware
CS Holdings 2, LLC	Delaware
CV Acquisition Corp.	Delaware
Dictionary.com, LLC	California
ECS Sports Fulfillment LLC	Delaware
Elicia Acquisition Corp.	Delaware
Evite LLC	Delaware
Five Star Matchmaking Information Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	People's Republic of China
GarageGames.com, Inc.	Oregon
GDC Media, Inc.	Delaware
Giftco Certificate Issuance Corp.	Idaho
GiftCo, Inc.	Delaware
HSE Media LLC	Delaware
HSN Capital LLC	Delaware
HSN Home Shopping Network GmbH	Germany
HSN UK Holdings Ltd.	United Kingdom
HSN, LLC	Delaware
HTRF Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
HTRF Ventures, LLC	Delaware
IAC 19 th St. Holdings, LLC	Delaware
IAC Search & Media (Canada) Inc.	Canada
IAC Search & Media (Hangzhou) Limited	People's Republic of China
IAC Search & Media (Jersey) Limited	Jersey - Channel Islands
IAC Search & Media Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia
IAC Search & Media B.V.	Netherlands
IAC Search & Media Deutschland GmbH	Germany
IAC Search & Media Espana S.L.	Spain
IAC Search & Media Europe Limited	Ireland
IAC Search & Media International, Inc.	Delaware
IAC Search & Media Internet Limited	United Kingdom
IAC Search & Media Italia S.r.l.	Italy
IAC Search & Media Massachusetts, Inc.	Massachusetts
IAC Search & Media Technologies Limited	Ireland
IAC Search & Media UK Partnership	United Kingdom
IAC Search & Media Washington, LLC	Washington
IAC Search & Media, Inc.	Delaware
IAC Shopping International, Inc.	Delaware
IAC UK Finance Limited	England and Wales
IBUY TV Limited	United Kingdom
ImproveNet, Inc.	Delaware
Insider Pages, Inc.	Delaware
InstantAction Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
InterCaptiveCorp, Ltd.	Bermuda

Entity	Jurisdiction of Formation
Internet Shopping Network LLC	Delaware
iWon Points LLC	New York
Kids Holdings LLC	Delaware
Kiss.com Inc.	Delaware
Koenig International SA	Luxembourg
Life123, Inc.	Delaware
Match ProfilePro LLC	Delaware
Match.com Canada Ltd.	Canada
Match.com Global Investments SARL	Luxembourg
Match.com International Holdings, Inc.	Delaware

Match.com International Ltd.	United Kingdom
Match.com Investments, Inc.	Cayman Island
Match.com Japan KK	Japan
Match.com Offshore Holdings, Ltd	Mauritius
Match.com, L.L.C.	Delaware
Million Dollar Murder Records, LLC	Delaware
Mindspark Interactive Network, Inc.	Delaware
Mojo Acquisition Corp.	Delaware
NLG Merger Corp.	Delaware
Points Investments, Inc.	Delaware
Power Ten Ventures, Inc.	Delaware
Primal Ventures, Inc.	Delaware
Pronto, Inc.	Delaware
Quiz TV Limited	United Kingdom
ReserveAmerica CA Inc.	Delaware
ReserveAmerica Holdings, Ltd.	Ontario
ReserveAmerica Inc.	Delaware
ReserveAmerica Intermediate Holdings, Inc.	Ontario
ReserveAmerica ON, Inc.	Ontario
ReserveAmerica U.S. Holdings Inc.	Delaware
RTST, Inc.	Delaware
Sendori Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Sendori Merger Sub, Inc.	Delaware
ServiceMagic Europe S.à r.l.	Luxembourg
ServiceMagic International S.à r.l.	Luxembourg
ServiceMagic IP Ireland Limited	Ireland
ServiceMagic, Inc.	Delaware
Shoebuy.com, Inc.	Delaware
SK Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Soulmates International, Inc.	Delaware
Soulmates Limited	New Zealand
Soulmates Technology Limited	United Kingdom
Soulmates Technology Pty Ltd.	New South Wales Australia
Starnet Interactive Ltd.	Israel
Starnet Interactive, Inc.	Delaware
Styleclick Chicago, Inc.	Delaware
Styleclick, Inc.	Delaware
Styleclick.com Enterprises Inc.	California
Targeted Media Solutions LLC	Delaware
The IAC Foundation, Inc.	Delaware
TM Travel, LLC	Delaware
TMC Realty, L.L.C.	Delaware
TMNV HoldCo, Inc.	Delaware
Trustic, Inc.	Delaware
TV Travel Europe Ltd.	United Kingdom
TV Travel Group Ltd.	United Kingdom
TV Travel Shop Broadcasting Ltd.	United Kingdom

Entity	Jurisdiction of Formation
TV Travel Shop Holidays Ltd.	United Kingdom
TV Travel Shop Ltd.	United Kingdom
uDate.com Ltd.	United Kingdom
uDate.com, Inc.	Delaware
Unicorn Acquisition Corp.	Delaware
USA Electronic Commerce Solutions LLC	Delaware
USA Video Distribution LLC	Delaware
USANi Capital Corp.	Delaware
USANi LLC	Delaware
USANi SpinCo., Inc.	Delaware
USANi Sub LLC	Delaware
USA-Vue Funding Corp.	Delaware
Ventana Television Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Ventana Television, Inc.	Delaware
Vimeo, LLC	Delaware
ZD Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Zero Degrees Inc.	Delaware

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following registration statements (and any amendments thereto) of IAC/InterActiveCorp of our reports dated February 25, 2009, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of IAC/InterActiveCorp, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of IAC/InterActiveCorp, included in this Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 2008.

COMMISSION FILE NO.:

Form S-8, No. 333-53909
Form S-8, No. 333-03717
Form S-8, No. 333-18763
Form S-8, No. 333-48869
Form S-8, No. 333-48863
Form S-8, No. 333-57667
Form S-8, No. 333-65335
Form S-8, No. 333-34146
Form S-8, No. 333-37286
Form S-8, No. 333-37284
Form S-8, No. 333-105095
Form S-8, No. 333-101199
Form S-8, No. 333-105014
Form S-8, No. 333-105876
Form S-8, No. 333-104973
Form S-8, No. 333-110247
Form S-8, No. 333-118724
Form S-8, No. 333-127410
Form S-8, No. 333-127411
Form S-8, No. 333-124303
Form S-8, No. 333-146940
Form S-8, No. 333-154875

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

New York, New York
February 25, 2009

QuickLinks

[Exhibit 23.1](#)

[Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
COMMISSION FILE NO.](#)

Certification

I, Barry Diller, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 of IAC;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: February 27, 2009

/s/ BARRY DILLER

Barry Diller
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

QuickLinks

[Exhibit 31.1](#)

[Certification](#)

Certification

I, Thomas J. McNerney, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 of IAC;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: February 27, 2009

/s/ THOMAS J. MCINERNEY

Thomas J. McNerney
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

QuickLinks

[Exhibit 31.2](#)

[Certification](#)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Barry Diller, certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 of IAC/InterActiveCorp (the "Report") which this statement accompanies fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of IAC/InterActiveCorp.

Dated: February 27, 2009

/s/ BARRY DILLER

Barry Diller
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

QuickLinks

[Exhibit 32.1](#)

[CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002](#)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Thomas J. McNerney, certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 of IAC/InterActiveCorp (the "Report") which this statement accompanies fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of IAC/InterActiveCorp.

Dated: February 27, 2009

/s/ THOMAS J. MCINERNEY

Thomas J. McNerney
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

QuickLinks

[Exhibit 32.2](#)

[CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002](#)